The Los Angeles Times

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MARQUIS ITO SERIOUSLY ILL.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Stricken by recurrent affection of the heart, a malady which he has long been subjected, Marquis Ito, the former Premier of Japan, is confined to his room at the Auditorium Annex, and may be forced to abandon his prospective tour of the United States. His condition is such that his attendants are much distressed concerning him.

NEW FRONTIER PROVINCE.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Dispatches to the Times from Simla say that Lord Curzon of Kedleston, the Viceroy, has fixed November 9, King Edward's birthday, as the date for the inauguration of the administration of the new northwest frontier province. A staff has been appointed with Col. Deane as chief commissioner. The services of the members of the Punjab Commission, now in the frontier districts, will be retained.

NEWS OF CAPTIVE.

Legation Expecting Same Today.

Troops Close in Around the Mountain.

Brigands Getting Supplies from Dubnicza's People.

Fears of Repetition of the Muncaster Tragedy if Force Be Used.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

LONDON, Oct. 11.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Constantinople correspondent of the Times, wiring yesterday, says: "The United States legation here confidently expects to receive news of Miss Stone today."

OUTLAWS RECEIVE AID.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 10.—The surrounding movement of Turkish and Bulgarian troops on Gultpe Mountain, on the Turko-Bulgarian frontier, near Dubnicza, has commenced. The inhabitants of Dubnicza are supplying the outlaws with food.

MUNCASTER'S EXPERIENCE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

LONDON, Oct. 10.—With reference to the announcement that the Turkish and Bulgarian troops are surrounding the abductors of Miss Stone, the Globe says that it considers that, unless the movement is suspended until she is safely out of the hands of the brigands, there will infallibly be a repetition of the tragedy in Greece, during the year 1870, when Lord Muncaster and a party were captured. Lord Muncaster was released in order to negotiate for a ransom of £25,000. Then, as now, an attempt was made to surround the brigands, with the result that four gentlemen of the party were murdered.

Lord and Lady Muncaster and a party of English travelers were seized by Greek brigands, April 11, 1870, at Oropo, near Marathon. Lord Muncaster and the ladies of the party were sent to treat for the £25,000 demanded as ransom, with a free pardon for the brigands. The latter were surrounded by troops, and, in retreating, April 21, killed Mr. Vyner, Mr. Lloyd, Mr. Herbert and Count De Boyl. The incident caused great excitement, especially as many influential persons were charged with connivance at the brigandage. Several of the brigands were killed and seven were captured, tried and condemned, May 23 of the same year. June 20, 1870, five of the brigands were executed.

ANOTHER DIRECTION GIVEN.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SOFIA (Bulgaria) Oct. 10.—According to semi-official intelligence, some shepherds informed a Bulgarian official yesterday that the brigands having Miss Stone in custody are now on the heights of Jokoruda, in Turkish territory.

WORK OF BRIGANDS.

NO GOVERNMENT SANCTION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Oscar S. Strauss, formerly Minister to Turkey, thinks that the abduction of Miss Stone should not be charged to the Sultan or his subjects. Neither is he at all sure that the Bulgarian government is in any way implicated. He prefers to think that it was the work of irresponsible Bulgarian brigands, who were moved thereto solely by a desire to extract ransom, and who had no political end of any kind to serve by their nefarious actions. Strauss thinks both the governments of Turkey and Bulgaria will do all they can to bring the rascals to judgment. No menace of war will be allowed to arise out of the incident, in Strauss' opinion.

Tomo Sargentich, an Americanized Montenegrin, who is connected with a bank, knows a great deal from personal observation about the district where Miss Stone is held captive, and about the people who inhabit it. He told a Tribune reporter yesterday that the native Bulgarians were, in his opinion, in no way implicated in the abduction of the American missionary. He believed that to be the work of the Turks; but he thought the peasantry in the country surrounding the scene of the abduction could easily be induced by the offer of cash rewards for the heads of the brigands, to undertake a war upon the rascals, which would end in their extermination. If rewards were placed upon the heads of Miss Stone's captors, he said, the heads would be forthcoming, sooner or later.

NO MORE STATEMENTS.

BRIGANDS KEEP INFORMED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—It has been decided to give out no more statements of the condition of the fund for ransoming Miss Stone.

The decision not to give out a list of the contributors each day is in line with the wish of the American board who desire to avoid publicity as much as possible. The board feels that the brigands are kept pretty well informed of affairs in America, and think that the less they find out just now the better it will be for Miss Stone.

BOGUS SCHEMES.

Wall Street Sharks Make Small Investors Their Prey—Their Tools Caught and They Get Bulk of Money.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] California and Texas oil fields and the wireless telegraph are affording opportunity for the promotion of a fresh crop of "Wall-street paper" companies. Reports are current that backers of the 520-per-cent. Franklin syndicate swindle have again become active, and that they are promoting schemes of this sort. Small out-of-town investors are their especial prey. These men are believed to have got the bulk of the money that came to the Miller Syndicate, Miller, who is now in jail, being simply a tool and getting very little of it.

The others are well known in Wall street, and it was said today by one in a position to know of their doings that the police and postoffice authorities would be doing an important public service if they would make an investigation of them in their latest field of activity.

News Under to The Times This Morning

Part I.

1. Point Gained for Schley.
   News Today from Miss Stone.
2. Triple Alliances of Big Roads.
   Gen. Botha Again Escapes Cordon.
3. Civil Procedure Code Invalid.
4. Divorce and Marriage Chief Themes
   Tommy Ryan Fouls Green.
5. Weather Report.
   Liners: Classified Advertising.
8. Editorial Page: Paragraphs.
9. Events in Society.
10. Orchard, Farm, Garden, Rancho.
11. Big Trolley Projects Under Way.
12. The City in Brief: Paragraphettes.
    Home News and Local Business.

Part II.

1. Good Racing Still Continues.
2. The Public Service: Official Doings.
3. Financial and Commercial.
4. Our Neighboring Counties.
5. Los Angeles County: Its Towns.
6. The Times' Current Topics Club.

CLASSIFIED NEWS SYNOPSIS.

THE CITY. Ballarat borrows papooses to save its schoolma'am....M. M. Potter buys interest in big stock ranch....Exciting fire eats a hole in Chinatown....Homeopaths told of anacardium as a marriage promoter. Seven heats in an Agricultural Park race....Litigious Waldron hears something drop in court....John Martin found dead among empty bottles. Fourth Ward wants a park....Two-million-dollar meeting of trolley magnates here today....Edward Arthur Meeker's original "grafting"....Chatsworth Park tunnel contractors sued for $20,000 "damages....Director of United States Geological Survey and party coming on inspection trip....Looloos meet a Waterloo....Cry for water from Sixth Ward....Councilman Todd for civil service....Oil producers discuss contracts—Westlake makes a jump. Drunken negro, Griffen, tries to shoot colored girl....Suspected anarchist convicted of vagrancy....Puente man slides away from bondsmen....Boy seriously hurt by car....Football, basket ball and bowling season open.

SPORTING RECORD. Canadian yacht may try to lift the cup....Two world's records broken....Only four women golfers left of four score entries.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA. J. W. Hugus of Pasadena dies in San Francisco....Pete Cassidy implicated in San Diego shooting....Doings of Pythian Knights at Santa Monica....Great draught of fishes at Redondo....Peach canning concluded at Pomona....Electric lights for Whittier....Chatsworth Park rancher absconds....Close of Baptist convention at Riverside....Brake-beam tourist killed at Colton....Thieving soldier disgraced at Redlands....Orange county tax list....Splendid condition of celery crop in the peatlands. Copper outcroppings found near Zaca Lake....Death of Supervisor Touchton at Santa Paula....Death of a Ventura pioneer.

COAST RECORD. Code of Civil Procedure unconstitutional....Central Pacific snowsheds burn....Convict burglar on trial for killing another....Last day of Baptist association....Dimmick testifies in his own behalf....Portland man adrift in Bering Sea....Pacific Coast Exposition incorporated in Portland....Chair of Chinese in University of Pacific.

WASHINGTON. President will recognize military merit .... Smallpox among Indians....Gen. Wood reports on Cuba.

GENERAL EASTERN. A plan adopted of Rockefeller Institute for medical research....Steel market firm at the recent advance....Stove companies combine....New York Republicans ratify....Marquis Ito of Japan in, Chicago....Suspected poisoner held, President Snow of the Mormon Church dies .... McKinley memorial trustees organize....Oakland conductor killed by trolley....Paper companies born in Wall street....Destruction of wild mustangs....Wealthy miner in Mexican prison on petty trumped-up charge....Freight trains collide near Chicago....Mexico friendly to isthmian canal.

FOREIGN, BY CABLE. New Commercial treaty and revision of tariff with China....Alarming rumors of King Edward denied by authority. German sailors have row in Port Cabbella....Macabebes defeated by Nipa insurgents....Cataianing police carried off....Gen. Botha escapes cordon.

RAILROAD RECORD. Hill denies truth of rumor that big western railway combine is forming .... Railway projected from Dawson to salt water.

THE SCHLEY INQUIRY.

SCORPION AT FAULT.

There is the Sting of the Case.

Judge-Advocate Makes Strong Admission.

Admiral not Told What Foes Lay at Cienfuegos.

Court Struggles With Testimony as to Distances and Incorrect Chart.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Capt. Lemly resumed the questioning of Lieut. Leiper today by asking him concerning the blockade of Santiago by Commodore Schley. The witness said that, when the New Orleans joined the blockade the vessels were lying in column, from six to eight miles off shore, a little to the eastward of directly south of the mouth of the harbor. At night they steamed slowly back and forth in front of the harbor, 800 yards apart. They were so far out, the witness said, that it was impossible to distinguish points on the shore, or to determine where the shore line met the water line. He could distinguish the vessel nearest to him ahead.

The first night of the blockade he had not been able to distinguish the Brooklyn and the Vixen. The Marblehead and the Vixen had occupied places between the blockade line and the shore, but he had not been able to distinguish them. Practically, the distance of the main vessels from the shore line was the same in the daytime as at night. He could not say how far east or west of the mouth of the harbor the fleet had steamed, as he could not see the harbor.

COMPARES FOLGER'S STATEMENTS.

On cross-examination, Rayner called the attention of the witness to the statement of Capt. Folger, who had been in command of the New Orleans, that the fleet was nearer to the shore at night than in the daytime, and asked whether he agreed with his commanding officer. The witness replied: "As a fleet or squadron, I do not agree that they moved closer to the shore at night. I have an indistinct recollection that the New Orleans, the first evening, was lying a little farther off shore than the Brooklyn. When the Brooklyn took up her course east, the New Orleans had to go in probably a quarter, or possibly half a mile, to get her position in rear of the Brooklyn, but it was no more than that. It was simply to stand in. It may have been that that gave the captain the impression that we were closer in at night."

Rayner called attention to the fact that the log of the New Orleans placed the distance of that vessel from the Morro at four and a half miles, and the witness said that this was true.

Lieut. Leiper said, in further reply to questions, that his estimate of the distance out was entirely due to visual observation.

Asked whether he agreed with Capt. Folger, in stating that the reconnoissance of May 31, when the Colon was bombarded, was a success in developing the strength and the number of the shore batteries, the witness replied that he thought it had been a success to that extent, but that he could not agree with Capt. Folger in all that the latter had said. He found that the fire of the batteries was slow. He also found that the greatest caliber probably was a 6-inch gun of the Zacapa battery; that there appeared to be two or three guns there, not of that caliber; that in the battery east of the Morro there appeared to have been four or five guns fired, and from the volume of smoke and the range attained, it appeared to him that they were light guns, less than 6-inch in caliber.

The Judge-Advocate asked: "What, really, as a matter of fact, was developed by the affair of May 31 as to the strength or weakness of guns?"

The witness replied: "As compared with the strength of the ships of the squadron, or as compared with the strength of the guns of any ship in the squadron—any of the battleships, the Brooklyn, New Orleans or the Marblehead—the batteries were weak."

COMMANDER SCHUETZE.

Lieutenant-Commander William H. Schuetze, who, as lieutenant, was the navigator of the battleship Iowa during the summer of 1898, and who is now superintendent of compasses in the Navy Department, was the next witness. He was a member of the Board of Navigation which prepared the official chart of the positions of the vessels engaged on both sides in the battle of July 3, and Judge-Advocate Lemly asked him concerning the report made by that board which accompanied the chart. The witness said he had not been satisfied with the report.

"I protested," he said, "against signing the report, as being inaccurate, but I was finally persuaded to do so by the senior member of the board, Commander Wainwright, who thought that was the best we could do, even if we stayed there until doomsday, and I signed it under protest. My first objection was that the chart was inaccurate; that the position of the Iowa, as plotted on his chart, gave her too much speed. In order to keep the Iowa in relative position to the other ships for certain distances, she approximately appeared to be making eighteen knots, when she was making nine to ten.

"Another objection I had was the initial position of the Brooklyn when the Spaniards first left the harbor. I contended that the Brooklyn's position was too close to the mouth of the harbor; that she was not in her regular position, she was south of it. I based that opinion upon the fact that when I first discovered the Spaniards coming out of the harbor I looked over toward the other ships on our left, and the Brooklyn was very nearly abeam of the Iowa. The Iowa was heading north, directly into the harbor."

Lieutenant-Commander Schuetze was asked in regard to his observations of the Brooklyn in the battle of July 3. He replied: "I saw the Brooklyn, at the beginning of the action, about port abeam of the Iowa. I saw her some minutes afterward, when she appeared to be headed a little to the eastward of north. It is difficult to tell, because she was very nearly broadside on. Soon afterward I saw her headed to the eastward, about due east, I should say. That is the last I saw of her."

Capt. Lemly: 'I want you to state whether you saw the Texas about this time? How was she located, relative to the Brooklyn? Did you notive anything particularly as to the speed or maneuvering of the Texas?

"When I first saw the Texas," replied the witness, "she was headed to the eastward of north. Soon afterward I noticed her again, and she was headed to the westward, and apparently lying dead in the water. I called Capt. Evans's attention to the fact that she was in our way; that she was lying dead in the water, and I cautioned the captain that we would probably run into her if we kept on the way we were heading. She was then on our port bow. We were trying to get close into the harbor, and steamed at first directly for the mouth of the harbor.

"As the Spaniards turned to the westward, we turned in the same direction, and in this maneuvering we were hindered by the Texas."

Capt. Lemly: It is in evidence here that the Brooklyn crossed the bow of the Texas. Have you any personal knowledge of that?

Witness: No, sir.

NOT AN ACCURATE CHART.

On cross-examination, Rayner questioned the witness in reference to the official chart of the position of the various ships in the battle of Santiago.

"Why did you not state: 'This chart is wrong, and I won't sign?'"

"I did."

"Then why did you sign?"

"Because I was persuaded by the other members of the board that that was the best they could do, and they wanted to come to an agreement. That was a compromise."

"Then, really, this chart was signed for the purpose of coming to an agreement, and not for the purpose of showing any accurate results, was it?"

"The board was ordered to show accurate results, but it was an absolute impossibility to make a chart of that kind showing accurate results. It was the best we could do, so long after the battle."

The court put a number of questions to the witness.

"How did you determine the distance of the Iowa from the shore, while blockading Cienfuegos?"

"We did not determine the distance at all, except simply by bearings occasionally. There was not any regular effort made to obtain particular position."

"Were the vessels nearer to or farther from shore at night at Santiago?"

"At what time of the blockade?"

Capt. Lemly replied: "Prior to the first of June."

"About the same distance, day and night, is my recollection; about eight miles."

The court then took a recess for luncheon, and afterward Lieutenant-Commander Schuetze continued his testimony. In response to a question by the court, he said that he had determined the position of the Iowa at 7:40 o'clock a.m., May 23, and that its distance out was seven miles. He also said that the bombardment of May 31 had developed that the Spanish shore batteries were extremely weak. He had seen no evidence of a disposition on the part of any of Cervera's ships to ram any of the American vessels.

By the court: Was your position during the battle of July 3 such as to enable you to observe clearly the relative position and movements of the different ships?

Witness: No, sir. I never observed the relative positions of all the ships, on account of the smoke and the attention we were paying to our own ship in that fight.

LIEUTENANT-COMMANDER GRANT

Lieutenant-Commander Schuetze was then excused, and Lieutenant-Commander Albert W. Grant was called.

Asked by Capt. Lemly concerning the blockade of Cienfuegos, Lieutenant-Commander Grant said there were no directions giving an order of battle there, but there was, upon arrival, a signal from the flagship that Cienfuegos was to be blockaded. He had, on the occasion of the maneuver off Cienfuegos, seen the Spanish earthworks there, and the masts of one vessel lying in the harbor, but nothing to his knowledge had been done to destroy those works.

Lieutenant-Commander Grant said that he remembered a signal from the Brooklyn before starting for Cienfuegos, saying the fleet was bound for Santiago and would rendezvous at Gonaives Bay. The progress on that cruise was, he said, slow, because the smaller vessels were affected by the weather. He said that, on the first night out from Cienfuegos, a suspicious vessel, which had erroneously been supposed to belong to the enemy, had been sighted. The Brooklyn, which had been steaming just in front of the Massachusetts, changed its course and turned to port. The witness said that, as soon as he observed this maneuver, he turned the Massachusetts to protect the ship following.

"Then," he said, "as I knew I was going to clear the Brooklyn, I went ahead with port engine, full speed,

(CONTINUED ON SECOND PAGE.)

ROUTING OF URIBE.

Event Takes Place at Tachira.

French Vessel Authority for the Report.

He Arrived at Maracaibo a Week Ago Thursday.

Rebels Compelled to Desist Near Colon—Shipments of "Fireworks."

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

COLON (Colombia) Oct. 10.—[Via Galveston.] An official bulletin, dated from Baranquilla, October 6, makes the following statement, but gives no details of the event referred to:

"The French steamer Fournel brings news that Gen. Uribe-Uribe was utterly routed at Tachira, and arrived at Maracaibo in the morning of October 3.

"News has been recived here from Panama that the Chilean cruiser Ministro Zeneteno, will shortly visit that port, in token of the Chilean government's high appreciation of the manifestation of respect when the remains of the late Befior Vicuna, the Chilean Minister to the United States, were crossing the isthmus."

AMERICAN INTERVENTION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

KINGSTON (Jamaica) Oct. 10.—The British steamer Barbadoan, which arrived here today, brought further refugees from Colon, Colombia. They say the situation there is still serious; that trade is entirely crippled, and that they left Colon in order to avoid compulsory military service. They add that a couple of days ago the rebels commenced to attack a town near Colon, but desisted, owing to an order from the commander of the United States gunboat Machias. Another attack on Bocas del Toro is feared.

COLOMBIA'S "FIREWORKS."

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The government of Colombia is gathering up all rapid-fire guns for sale here. A short time ago it secured a 15-pound rapid-fire Seabury-Driggs rifle, which was on exhibition at the Buffalo exposition, and since then it has secured four rifled cannon of the latest pattern. Two of these pieces were shipped within the past few days.

The insurgents are paying high prices for arms and ammunition, and speculators in the West Indies and Central and South American countries, who are smuggling stores into Colombia and Venezuela, are getting much of their material from this port. The dangerous stuff is being shipped as "fireworks."

WILL SEND CRUISER.

TO RELIEVE THE IOWA.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—It is the intention of the Navy Department to send one of its vessels down to Panama in the near future to relieve the battleship Iowa, which has been watching over American interests there during the unsettled condition of affairs on the Isthmus, and which is in need of docking and overhauling. When this is done the Iowa will proceed down to Talcahuano, Chile, to dock, and will be the first big American ship to go into dock outside the United States. It has not been decided what vessel will relieve the Iowa, but it will probably be the protected cruiser Philadelphia, which is now cruising along the coast of California, with the naval militia of that State.

WILD MUSTANG HUNT.

Seventy-five Killed and Balance Stampeded—Pursuit Still Kept Up—Those Captured of Little Value.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

KANAB (Utah.) Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Several hundred ranchmen from Nevada, Utah and Arizona gathered yesterday at Pipe Springs to round up, capture or kill a great band of wild mustangs which have roamed parts of these States for years. It is estimated that there are five or six hundred of these animals, and they are destroying the none too abundant forage of those sections. They are led by a magnificent stallion, who has often been chased, but never caught. George Milton, an expert shot, missed him yesterday.

The chase of a herd of 200 horses lasted several hours, and covered many miles. About seventy-five horses were killed during this time. The remainder were driven toward a deep cañon and over the edge. Forty were instantly killed, and twenty-eight were afterward put to death by shooting. The stallion led the remainder off into the hills at such a pace that they could not be overtaken or shot. The hunt will last several days. About twenty mustangs were brought into camp, but few, if any, will be of any value.

FREIGHT TRAINS COLLIDE.

DUBUQUE (Iowa) Oct. 10.—Two freight trains collided near Lombard, Ill., early today, resulting in the death of Engineer Charles Andrews, Firemen Houren and Mayher and Brakeman William Glenn. Three trainmen were slightly injured. All the men who were killed and injured live in Chicago. The cause of the accident is not as yet known.

RAILROAD RECORD.

COMMUNITY OF INTERESTS.

Triple Alliance of Big Railroads Reported.

New Company Organized, or is to Be.

Version of Different Interest Varies—Plan Drawn by Hill.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The Journal of Commerce tomorrow will say:

"The first definite information of the long-awaited plans to finance the Northern Pacific-Great Northern-Burlington deal—and an important indication also of 'community of interests' and finances—came to light today (Thursday) in the announcement that a corporation is, or is soon to be, organized for the sole purpose of owning a control in the two companies first named. As the companies own the Burlington, the transaction means the control by the new corporation of that road also.

"It may now be announced that all interests absolutely agree that the new corporation either has been organized or is to be immediately organized.

"The situation in this respect, in fact, may be condensed as follows:

"First—Hill interests state positively that the company has not only been organized, but deposits of Great Northern and Northern Pacific stock already have been freely made.

"Second—Harriman interests assert that the company has been formed to take over the control of Great Northern and Northern Pacific stock, but the present intention is to confine the operations to controlling the Great Northern only; and that the Northern Pacific matter will be taken up later.

"Third—Morgan interests claim that there is nothing definite in the entire report and that nothing actually has been accomplished.

"Fourth—Rockefeller interests say the plan thus far is one drawn entirely by J. J. Hill, and that it has not yet received Morgan's approval."

KLONDIKE RAILROAD.

DAWSON TO SALT WATER.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

VANCOUVER (B. C.) Oct. 10.—The statement is published here that there are now in preparation plans for a railway from Dawson to salt water on Lynn Canal. The promoters of the scheme are said to be residents of Dawson. Two routes are under consideration for the road, which is designed to compete with the White Pass and Yukon Railway. The first would be to follow the banks of the Yukon in the vicinity of White Horse and then parallel the line of the White Pass road to the mountain range, and reach salt water over the Chilkoot Pass or the White Pass, the former to Dyea and the latter to Skagway.

The alternative route would run along the Yukon to Fort Selkirk and from that point strike off along the line of the Dalton trail, and eventually pass the coast range through Chilkoot Pass and drop down into the valley of the Chilkoot, still following the general trend of the Dalton trail till salt water is reached at Pyramid Harbor.

NEW RAILROAD RUMOR.

HILL DENIES ITS TRUTH.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

ST. PAUL, Oct. 10.—When President J. J. Hill of the Great Northern Railway system, was this afternoon shown a dispatch from New York stating that a plan had been formulated and practically agreed upon for the formation of a new company, which will take over the management of the Great Northern, the Northern Pacific and the Burlington, he said briefly: "That is simply a sensational story. There is no truth in it. Not a word of truth in it."

UNDERWOOD'S ONE STEP.

WILL LEAD MUCH FARTHER.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The Evening Post says that President Underwood of the Erie Railway is to resign that office, which he has held for only a few months. His action is but one step in carrying out a very important plan for the future operation of the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Burlington roads, practically agreed to by the Morgan, Hill and Harriman interests, and which is likely to be announced shortly.

J. P. Morgan & Co. are now receiving deposits of Great Northern preferred stocks, and it is expected that the majority of that issue will be obtained shortly.

CHINESE TARIFF.

New Commercial Treaty With China to Be Arranged and Revision of the Tariff.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Thaddeus S. Sharratus, who has been empowered by the administration to aid in revising the Chinese tariff and to arrange a new commercial treaty between this government and China, will leave for San Francisco next Tuesday, whence on the 23rd instant he will sail on the American Maru line steamer for Shanghai. Before leaving he said:

"The credentials handed me by the government give me the full power to treat with China and the allied nations interested in the indemnity in the revision of the Chinese tariff.

"I have been requested to secure for the exporters of the United States all the rights and privileges that may be accorded to any other nation.

"In addition to revising the tariff and changing it from an ad valorem to a specific basis, I have been informed that I probably will be requested to serve in conjunction with Minister Conger as a commissioner to arrange a new commercial treaty with China.

"It will be necessary for me to go to Peking to present my credentials to the Chinese government. The commission, however, will meet in Shanghai."

ALARMING RUMORS DISCREDITED.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—London advices to the Tribune say the King has been forced by adverse rumors respecting his health to follow Queen Victoria's example and allow the public to know what is going on at court. The news is favorable and tends to discredit the alarming rumors current last week.

WASHINGTON.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.]

and shifted the helm and gave the whistle signal."

"Were the ships in formation of column?" Capt. Lemly asked.

The witness replied: "They were not. There was a mix-up."

Commander Grant then told about the retrograde movement of the "Flying Squadron" toward Key West, as well as the blockade of Santiago. He also described the bombardment of the Colon, May 3, and said that on that occasion he had no conversation with Admiral Schley.

"Have you stated all, or did you understand that I want all that the commodore may have said within your hearing in relation to this battle on that day?"

"I was only in Commodore Schley's presence once, and that was when he went over the side, after firing was over. I heard these words: That the reconnaissance had developed the batteries, and he was satisfied, or words to that effect."

Rayner questioned the witness concerning the signals of May 28, with the end in view of showing that the commodore's signal, at 4:30 o'clock p.m., saying that "the general meeting place will be twenty-five miles south of Santiago," was modified by the preceding signal of 11:30 a.m. saying, "In case of separation, the fleet will rendezvous at place designated by signal."

The witness declined to admit that this was true, calling attention to the fact that the 11:30 o'clock signal also specified the latitude and longitude of Cenaives Bay, showing, as he held, that that signal referred to a former signal, and that the 4:30 o'clock signal for a rendezvous twenty-five miles south of Santiago was independent, and was not modified.

Rayner questioned the witness concerning the encounter with a suspicious vessel while en route to Santiago.

"You say there was a melee, or mix-up, on the night of the 25th. That was the time you were on your way from Cienfuegos to Santiago. Is there anything in your logbook about that?"

"I don't think so, but next morning I made a written statement to Capt. Higginson. I am very sorry I have not a copy of the letter I wrote at that time."

The court asked the following questions:

"Were any efforts made by the 'Flying Squadron' to discover whether or not Cervera's squadron was in the harbor of Cienfuegos?"

"None, to my knowledge."

"Were any orders given from the flagship, by signal or otherwise, for the guidance of the ships composing the 'Flying Squadron' in the event of meeting Cervera's squadron in the passage from Cienfuegos to Santiago?"

"None, to my knowledge."

LIEUT. J. H. HOLDEN.

Lieutenant-Commander Grant was then excused, and Lieut. J. H. Holden, who was watch officer on the Scorpion, was called.

Capt. Lemly only asked Lieut. Holden concerning the Scorpion's mission as a dispatch boat from Commodore Schley to the Harvard, off Santiago, May 22. He then stated that Lieut. Holden was the writer of the log of the Scorpion in which an entry was made concerning the message conveyed to Commodore Schley, through the Eagle and the Scorpion, from Capt. McCalla when the "Flying Squadron" was en route to Cienfuegos.

CAPT LEMLY'S ADMISSION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Rayner then addressed the court, quoting the message which Lieutenant-Commander Southerland, in command of the Eagle, testified he had megaphoned to the Scorpion, May 19, in order to intercept the Eagle. This message, as the lieutenant-commander gave it, read:

"We left Cienfuegos in the night of the 18th, at which time, as we learned from an insurgent camp about thirteen miles to the westward of Cienfuegos, some of the people from which were inside the town every night, that the only vessels in that harbor were a torpedo boat and nine canoneros."

Rayner then inquired of Capt. Lemly whether Commander Marix, who commanded the Scorpion, was not now at Manila. Without immediately replying to this, Capt. Lemly said: "I believe that Lieutenant-Commander Southerland is right in his statement as to the message he communicated to the Scorpion, but it is like any other case of communicating through persons—there is a disagreement between the log of the Scorpion, which I have before me, and Mr. Southerland's statement, and we are not able to carry that message which was delivered to the Scorpion to Commodore Schley on board the Brooklyn in our evidence. Marix is at Cavite. I have every reason to believe there would be a disagreement between Marix and Southerland if Marix were summoned from this great distance, and we are prepared to admit that if he were summoned, he would not say that communication had been made to the Brooklyn as to the presence of the insurgents, with whom communication had been had near Cienfuegos."

Reading from the log, Capt. Lemly quoted the entry from 8 o'clock a.m. to meridian for May 19, showing that the Brooklyn had instructed the Scorpion to "speak the Eagle and obtain news and the names of the vessels off Cienfuegos."

The entry then proceeds to tell of the carrying out of the order, and reports the following as being the message signaled to the Brooklyn by the Scorpion as the result of the interview with the Eagle:

"Eagle sent by McCalla from Cienfuegos to report, Nashville following about twenty-five miles in rear to westward. Starboard high-pressure cylinder disabled; proceed slowly. Cincinnati and Vesuvius off Cape San Antonio, about fifteen miles to northward. 'Flying Squadron' has left Cienfuegos for Key West. No news of the Spanish."

Rayner: Are you able to state what Lieutenant-Commander Marix would testify to before the court if he were here?

Capt. Lemly: I have it in the shape of a cablegram and letter, neither of which is properly evidence before the court, because it is not sworn to.

Rayner: I will agree to accept that letter and cablegram. I do not know what is in either of them.

Capt. Lemly: I am perfectly willing the court should have them.

The cablegram and letter were then read, as was Assistant Secretary Hackett's cablegram requesting the information. The latter cablegram was as follows:

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11, 1901.—Remey, Manila: See Marix and obtain a correct statement of information communicated through Eagle, May 19. Did he communicate information Schley? Give date of. All messages to be in cipher.

[Signed] HACKETT.

The cablegram received in reply was as follows:

(Translation.)

CAVITE (P. I.) Aug. 14, 1901.—Secretary Navy, Washington: Referring telegram August 11, Marix has deposed as follows: "The message communicated to the commander of Eagle, May 19, was to Schley from McCalla, to the effect that, before leaving Cienfuegos with his ships, did not believe Spanish ships had arrived there when Marblehead left. The message was communicated to Brooklyn and Scorpion by hailing."

[Signed] REMEY.

The letter which followed, and which confirmed the cablegram, read:

Office of the Commander-in-Chief, U. S. Naval Forces on Asiatic Station, August 13, 1901.

Remey, Manila: Commander Adolph Marix, U.S.N., deposes as follows:

"The message communicated to the commanding officer of the Eagle, May 19, was from McCalla to Schley to the effect that McCalla had left Cienfuegos with his ships and did not believe that Cervera's fleet had arrived there when Marblehead left. This message was communicated to Scorpion and Brooklyn by hailing.

"I do hereby swear the foregoing to be a true statement.

[Signed] "A. MARIX, "Commander, U.S.N."

Sworn and subscribed to before me, this 13th day of August, 1901, on board the United States flagship Brooklyn.

[Signed] GEORGE C. REMEY, Commander-in-Chief U.S. naval forces, naval station.

Rayner then presented the Scorpion's log, containing the entry covering the meeting with the Eagle, and Holden said that it was correct, according to his best knowledge and belief.

Capt. Lemly then put the question: "I ask if you are quite positive nothing else was communicated to the vessel at this time which you may have omitted from this entry in the logbook?"

"I did not convey the megaphone message," said the witness.

"Did you hear it?"

"I did not hear all of it; only parts of it."

"You mean you did not hear all of it as received on board the Scorpion?"

"I did not.

"Did you hear all that was communicated to the Brooklyn?"

"I did."

"Does that entry in the log embody all that was communicated to the Brooklyn?"

"To the best of my knowledge and belief, it does."

DIFFICULTY IN RECEIVING.

"Who did receive the message?"

"The commanding officer, Lieutenant-Commander Marix."

"Was there difficulty in receiving it, so far as you know, on account of the distance?"

"There was considerable difficulty in receiving it on account of the distance between the ships and the wind, which was blowing from us toward the Eagle. The commanding officer had the megaphone, and in receiving the message held it up to his ear, and was thus able to hear more than other people from the bridge at that time."

Rayner asked: "How far was the Eagle from the Scorpion when she megaphoned?"

"The distance varied. I should say the distance ranged between one hundred and two hundred yards."

"Was the Eagle so close to the Scorpion that she had to back off for fear of a collision?"

"I do not recollect that she was so close that there was imminent danger of a collision."

"Lieutenant-Commander Southerland stated in response to the question: 'Do you recollect about how far your vessel was when you megaphoned?' 'So near I had to back off for fear of a collision, which made a little confusion for the time being.' You don't think you were so near as to be in danger of collision?"

"No, sir."

Capt. Lemly: Do you remember the vessel backing?

"I do not recollect the Scorpion's backing."

"Do you recollect whether you saw the Eagle backing?"

"I don't recollect seeing her back, but she probably backed, as we had to slow down and stop more suddenly than we ordinarily would, continuing under way."

The court then adjourned until tomorrow.

STAYTON MUST STAY OUT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—William H. Stayton, the New York attorney, who some time ago asked to be allowed to represent Rear-Admiral Sampson before the Schley court, and whose request was denied by the court, today made another plea to be allowed to appear for Admiral Sampson, but after consideration the court decided that Admiral Sampson was not a party to the proceedings, and refused the request of Stayton.

WASHINGTON.

CHIEF JUSTICE STREET LOSES HIS PRESTIGE.

JULIUS A. JAMIESON LIKELY TO BE HIS SUCCESSOR.

The President Makes Investigation of the Arizona Case—New Orleans Delegation Talks for Liberality in River and Harbor Appropriations.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The general belief here is that the President has decided not to reappoint Chief Justice Webster Street of Arizona, as has been reported. There are serious charges against him on file with the Department of Justice, and the President himself has been making personal investigation into them. Without saying whether the charges have been found true or not, the President has about concluded that the best interests of the Territory of Arizona would be served by appointing another man to this high judicial position. Even if the charges against Justice Street be entirely without foundation, he has made so many opponents in Arizona that his usefulness as a judicial official has been very greatly impaired.

The President, it is now expected, will appoint Julius A. Jamieson, formerly of Grand Rapids, Mich., to this position as soon as Justice Street's term expires. Jamieson stands well with the President, and has behind him practically all the people of Arizona. In making this appointment, if he make it, the President will be again carrying out his announced policy of appointing to office only men who are perfectly satisfactory to him, disregarding entirely, when the necessity seems to require it, recommendations by politicians.

PRAISE OF PRESIDENT.

GOOD OPINION OF MASON.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Senator Mason of Illinois was in the city today in conference with Senator Depew upon matters which will come before the next session of Congress.

"I have been in Washington a great deal of time since Mr. Roosevelt assumed the duties of President," said Senator Mason. "I think I represent the general verdict of all who have met him, and observed his attitude during that period when I say that he has shown remarkable aptitude for the place, and a desire above everything to serve the whole country, promote party harmony, and make no mistakes. Those who have feared he might prove too impulsive are greatly pleased with the conservatism he is showing. I believe his message to Congress will prove to be one of the ablest documents this country has ever read."

MAJ.-GEN. WOOD REPORTS ON CUBA.

CONDUCT OF TROOPS EXCELLENT AND COMPLAINTS RARE.

Death Rate Continues Low—Yellow Fever Almost Driven from the Island by War on Mosquitoes and Sanitary Precautions—Artillery Tests.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The War Department has made public the annual report of Maj.-Gen. Leonard Wood, commanding the Department of Cuba, for the last fiscal year. Gen. Wood says the general conduct of the American troops in Cuba continues to be excellent, and, as heretofore, complaints against them from civil authorities and individuals, are extremely rare. The total number of deaths of officers and enlisted men during the year was sixty-seven, a percentage of less than 1.35. Yellow fever has now been almost driven from the island, owing to the energetic war upon the mosquitoes, and the sanitary precautions adopted. However, during the past summer, five officers of Gen. Woods's staff were taken ill with yellow fever and three of them died. Among the headquarters employes there were forty-eight victims of yellow fever, with eleven deaths.

Gen. Woods devotes a good part of his report to a statement of the results attending the tests of the artillery in fortifications left by the Spanish, and summarizing these, he says:

"The behavior of the guns and carriages was rather better than was expected by the artillery officers."

The old canteen issue is revived in this report through a sub-report furnished by Inspector-General Burton. He says that the exchange is a great comfort to the soldier in Cuba, who is deprived of many of the comforts known to him at home. The officers generally complain that the elimination of beer from the exchange has worked a hardship on the soldier and has been detrimental to good order and military discipline.

Gen. Burton has some interesting recommendations to submit, based upon the experience of the American soldier in Cuba. For instance, he says that the cavalry pistol is too small in caliber; it has no stopping power, though it carries unnecessarily far. The general recommendation of the service is that the caliber be increased above 45, rather than decreased, and that it be given a range of 75 or 100 yards for effective work. Except for its shock action, the pistol is of little service.

The sabre should be enameled with bicycle enamel, as should all parts of the equipment to resist the rust which rapidly destroys steel and iron in Cuba. The cavalry boot is shunned by all soldiers, and it is recommended that it be abandoned. The khaki leggings are unsatisfactory; they hunch at the ankle, are not durable, and must be laced too tight. If a legging is to be worn at all, it should be an English leather legging. The campaign hat has no proper place in the army in tropical climates. At any rate, it should be made of much better material and lighter. Finally, Gen. Burton recommends a complete revision of the cavalry drill regulations, which are severely criticised.

CHAIRMANSHIP AT STAKE.

CULLOM WOULD ACCEPT IT.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The announcement by Senator Frye that he will not become chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, leaves the way open for a pretty fight between Senators Lodge and Cullom, with an opportunity for the President to become an indirect participant. The place, with Frye out, according to custom, belongs to Senator Cullom, the next ranking member of the committee. Lodge is chairman of the Committee on the Philippines, and Cullom is chairman of the Committee on Interstate Commerce, both important committees.

In point of honor and prominence, the chairman of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations takes the lead. He is consulted by the President and Secretary of State on all matters of foreign policy, and exerts great influence in shaping the course of national affairs.

It has been Senator Lodge's ambition to become the chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations. He is recognized as a close friend and adviser of the President, and there is much speculation here as to whether the President will use his influence to assist Senator Lodge in his efforts to secure the desired chairmanship.

The next question is as to whether such assistance would prove successful. Those best acquainted with the methods and procedure of the Senate think it would not. They believe the Senate would not abandon its precedents and order of conducting business, even to please the President of the United States.

Following the refusal of Frye, Senator Cullom has promptly acknowledged that he desires the place, and will be glad to accept it, if given to him. The assignment of the Senate committee places will be left, when Congress meets, to either the "steering committee," or a special committee, to be appointed at the caucus, which will rearrange the committees and report for approval.

NEW ORLEANS DELEGATION.

TALKS FOR APPROPRIATIONS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Dr. Maya of Louisiana introduced to the President today the New Orleans delegation to the river and harbor convention that has just finished its work at Baltimore, and talked to the President about the necessity for liberality in river and harbor appropriations. The President said he was friendly to legitimate assistance for the development of harbors and waterways of the country.

WILL REWARD MERIT.

MAY JUMP OVER SUPERIORS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Representative Thompson of Alabama presented to the President today Capt. John B. McDonald of the Third Cavalry, who is an applicant for a brigadier-generalship. Capt. McDonald was wounded in the Philippines last spring while assaulting a force of insurgents under Gen. Tinio, whom he captured. Representative Thompson said the President informed him he believed in rewarding officers for exceptional service, and should not hesitate, if the occasion waranted, to do so by jumping them over their superiors.

Senator Dietrich of Nebraska talked to the President about Nebraska appointments, and also briefly about the situation in the Philippines, whence he has recently returned. Senator Dietrich is of the opinion that civil government is being extended too rapidly throughout the islands. He thinks the natives who massacred the company of soldiers in Samar were refugees who had been driven out of Luzon by the military authorities.

INDIAN SMALLPOX.

EIGHTY CASES AT BAD RIVER.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The Indian Bureau officials estimate that the number of cases of smallpox on the reservations throughout the West is between one hundred and one hunderd and fifty. About ten deaths have been reported during the past week. There are eighty cases at the Bad River reservation, in Wisconsin, but no deaths have yet occurred.

Other reservations where smallpox is prevalent include Leech Lake, Mille Lac and Fond du Lac, Minn.; Devils Lake, N. D.; Yankton, S. D.; Crow Creek, S. D.; Seger Colony, Okla.; Pima, Ariz.; and Bloomfield, Neb.

PRESIDENT'S APPOINTMENTS.

MARSHAL AND LIEUTENANTS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The President today made the following appointments:

Justice—Eugene R. Hendrick, Hawaii, United States Marshal, Territory of Hawaii.

War—Second lieutenant, cavalry, Walter H. Neill, George R. Somerville.

Second lieutenants, infantry, Vernon W. Bolter, Samuel T. Mackall.

TROOPS FOR PHILIPPINES.

NEW TERMS TO BEGIN.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—It has been determined at the War Department to send troops to the Philippines to take the places of those whose term of enlistment has expired. Where the reenlistments are not large in any one regiment, their places will be filled by separate detachments of recruits. If any considerable number of enlistments expire in a single organization, it is probable that the organization, as a whole, will be returned from the Philippines and another regiment be sent to take its place.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Grain Conditions.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The average condition of corn is 51.5; oats, 23.1; barley, 24.7. Wheat will not be issued pending receipt of annual returns.

GERMAN TARS IN FIGHT AT CABBELLA.

DRUNKEN SAILORS ATTACKED BY PEOPLE AND POLICE.

Mob Attempts to Board German Steamer, Which is Defended by Marines from German Cruiser—Each Side Demands Apology.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

PORT OF SPAIN (Trinidad) Oct. 10.—[By Haytien Cable.] The British royal mail steamer Eden, arrived here today from Laguira, Venezuela, has brought the following reliable story:

Last Sunday night about fifty sailors from the German cruiser Vineta became involved in a street row at Port Cabbella with the local populace. Police in citizens' clothes interfered, siding with the inhabitants, and the fight became general, the Germans making their way toward the wharf, where they boarded the German steamer Valesia, moored at that place.

In the meantime two petty officers of the Vineta, who were entirely sober and who were waiting at the wharf to take the Vineta's boats, were attacked by the police. All the Germans ashore were unarmed. The wounded petty officers were carried on board the Valesia by members of the Valesia's crew, the populace and police still attacking them with stones and sticks. The mob then tried to board the Valeria, but were prevented from so doing by the captain and crew of that vessel.

In the meantime the Valesia had signaled to the Vineta, which was in the harbor, the perilous condition of the Germans, and the Vineta sent a boatload of thirty armed men to the Valesia, which they boarded by the side opposite the wharf, not landing on Venezuelan soil. The mob, estimated to number 1200 persons, was still acting in a threatening manner, and fired a few shots, the commander of the Vineta's boat, ordering his men to perform the motions of loading, but not to introduce cartridges into their rifles. Hearing the rattling of the breeches of the rifles the mob disappeared rapidly in all directions.

Considerable excitement prevailed at Port Cabbella when the Eden sailed.

It is said that the Venezuelan government is putting the blame for the affair upon the Germans, and has requested the German minister to apologize for the sailors' conduct.

It is believed at Caracas that the German minister intends to ask Venezuela to apologize.

JAILED ON PETTY CHARGE.

American Miner in Mexican Prison—Alleged Animus to Defraud Him of Valuable Mining Rights.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

AUSTIN (Tex.) Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A dispatch from Monterey, Mex., says the members of the American colony in that city and throughout Mexico, where the news has reached them, are thoroughly aroused over the arrest there yesterday morning of W. H. Mealey, one of the best known and most popular mining men in Mexico. Mealey is still confined in prison there, his fellow-prisoners being of the lowest and most vicious type. Telegrams giving a full account of the alleged outrage have been sent to Ambassador Clayton, and to the Secretary of State in Washington.

It is asserted by Mealey's counsel that his arrest was without warrant of law; that it is a bold method to defraud him of his extensive mining rights as the owner of the famous Norinas de Rajan mines, which are valued at more than a million dollars. In support of this, the fact is cited that the proposition was made to Mealey to give him his liberty if he would relinquish all claims to the mines. The specific charge against Mealey is contempt of court.

THE STORY of the rise of Skagway, Alaska, will be told by a competent writer in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

HAWAII.

PORT OF CALL AT HONOLULU.

North German Lloyd to Encircle the Globe.

Glaring Evidence of Need of Cable Service.

Theodore Roosevelt the President Before People Heard of the Assassination.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

HONOLULU (T. H.) Oct. 3.—[A. P. Correspondence. Wired from San Francisco, Oct. 10.] It is reported here that the North German Lloyd Steamship Company is about to extend its lines to Honolulu. The company is said to have made arrangements whereby it will extend its system to San Francisco from Hongkong, thus encircling the globe, and Honolulu is stated to be intended as a port of call. Advertisements of this extension of service are appearing in the papers at Tien-Tsin and other places. The company now runs a line from Bremen to Hongkong and Shanghai, and it is this line that will be extended.

NEED OF CABLE.

Hawaii's need of a cable was never more emphasized than by the experience of the country with the news of the death of President McKinley. The late President had died and his body had been placed in state at Washington before the people of Honolulu knew anything of the occurrence at Buffalo. Flags were half-masted and public business stopped in Honolulu five days after the body was laid away. Theodore Roosevelt was the President of the United States before the people of Hawaii had any knowledge of even the fact that there had been an attack upon President McKinley.

Capt. Sodergren, formerly of the bark Hesper, who went to San Francisco to appeal to the Circuit Court of Appeals against his conviction here for cruelty on the high seas, has returned to Honolulu to serve out the sentence of six months given by Judge Estee. He will go to jail and serve six months at hard labor, as soon as official notice is received here of the withdrawal of the appeal in San Francisco.

JOKE ON BEVERIDGE.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

HONOLULU, Oct. 3.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Rev. W. M. Massie of Kauai, who has just returned from Manila, tells of an amusing incident at the expense of Senator Beveridge. The Senator was addressing 700 schoolteachers who had just reached Manila on the transport Thomas. His theme was the duty of teachers to inculcate neatness among the people, and suitable dress. He dwelt on the importance of the men shaving every day and of women doing up their hair, and of the neatness of apparel. The Senator himself looked very naty in a white duck suit of military cut, buttoned up to the chin. But as he indulged in vigorous gestures, a button of his coat flew off and a cuff fell among the audience, revealing that he wore no shirt except a thin undershirt, and had no collar at all.

SOUTH AFRICA.

GEN. BOTHA LIKELY TO ESCAPE THE CORDON.

BRITISH GENERAL LACKS TROOPS TO INTERCEPT RETREAT.

British Officials in America to Purchase Horses for South African Cavalry—Severe Criticism Continues in England on War Situation.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—According to cabled dispatches to the Times regarding the operations on the border of Natal, it seems as though Commandant Gen. Botha is likely to escape the inner cordon of British troops, put in the field to intercept his retreat, but he will be obliged to leave part of his force behind. With the troops at his disposal it was impossible for Gen. Lyttleton to blockade the whole distance from the Natal border across to Vryheid.

WILL LOSE TRANSPORTS.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

PRETORIA, Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] After fighting a rear-guard action against Gen. Walter Kitchener on Sunday, Gen. Botha withdrew his principal forces toward Piet Retief. It was impossible to heliograph, owing to dull weather, and it was extremely difficult to correctly time the movements of columns forming a cordon about Gen. Botha.

The Boer commander, according to the British, is still in a precarious position. It is said if he manages to withdraw his force it will be in a greatly depleted condition, and that he will lore all transports that he collected for his Natal expedition.

BOERLAND ENVOYS.

MUST HAVE REMOUNTS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The Earl of Fingal and Capt. Cooper of the East Lancashire Regiment, who arrived on the Oceanic yesterday, have come to this country, the Herald says, for the purpose of buying remounts for the British cavalry in South Africa. Sir Frederick Young, K.C.M.G., was also a passenger on the Oceanic. He is on his way to Canada to attend the laying of a corner-stone for an extension to the Kingston University at Kingston, Ont., on October 15, and to be present at the reception to the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

GEN. BULLER COMPLAINS.

DISLIKES PRESS CRITICISM.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

LONDON, Oct. 10.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The wholly unsatisfactory situation in South Africa continues to call out the most severe criticism. Lord Kitchener today wires that Gen. Botha has crossed the Pivan River [illegible] miles north of Vryheid, and that he has again escaped the cordon.

Gen. Buller, in a speech [illegible] noon, complained of the [illegible] icism, especially in the newspapers, himself. He admitted he had [illegible] Gen. Sir George White that [illegible] possibly be necessary to [illegible] Ladysmith, but bearing in [illegible] the circumstances of the case [illegible] quite prepared to let the [illegible] of the justifiability of the [illegible] attacks.

THIRTEEN SCOUTS CAP[illegible]

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED P[illegible]

HEILBRON (Orange River [illegible] Oct. 7.—Thirteen of Kitchener's [illegible] have been captured in a Boer [illegible]

BRODERICK'S DEFENSE.

VINCENT'S OFFER DECL[illegible]

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED P[illegible]

LONDON, Oct. 11.—[By A[illegible] ble.] Secretary of War [illegible] plying to Sir Charles Howard's offer to raise fresh troops or [illegible] thing else to assist the [illegible] declines the proposal, and in [illegible] lengthily reviews the British [illegible] in South Africa, obviously [illegible] to the persistent and sear[illegible] claims of the ministerial [illegible] members of Parliament, that [illegible] ernment is languidly conten[illegible] war drag on.

Broderick says, to begin [illegible] nothing Lord Kitchener has [illegible] for has not been promptly [illegible] adds:

"We have roughly 200,000 [illegible] 450 guns in South Africa, [illegible] one hundred thousand more [illegible] training at home. We have [illegible] culty, therefore, in keeping [illegible] firmly up to its requisite [illegible] drafts, and if a further call [illegible] we are in a position to meet [illegible] the utmost promptitude. Notwithstanding this, there seems a [illegible] impression abroad that the [illegible] the war is retarded by a [illegible] troops, or the want of mobile [illegible] columns."

This impression Broderick [illegible] by reciting what the War Office [illegible] doing, providing supplies for [illegible] persons directly or indirectly [illegible] nected with the war, feeding [illegible] horses and mules, and [illegible] four months' reserves of food [illegible] and animals. Sixty-nine [illegible] umns perfectly equipped are [illegible] the field, and 10,000 remounts [illegible] landed monthly besides those [illegible] tured.

Broderick says the government [illegible] never interfered with Lord [illegible] in whose victorious progress [illegible] the war they have entire confidence. He points out again the value [illegible] of the country.

Alluding to Lord Kitchener's [illegible] back poorly-trained yeomanry, Broderick replies that they were [illegible] been trained earlier, but for the [illegible] ion of military advisers to [illegible] Africa and at home, up to [illegible] 1900, that no fresh troops were [illegible]

"When Lord Kitchener [illegible] 90,000 more," says the War [illegible] "the government sent out to [illegible] 000 fresh troops during the [illegible] months of 1901, besides arms [illegible] local levies."

UNDESIRABLE IMMIGR[illegible]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—[illegible] against the reckless admittance [illegible] desirable immigrants to the [illegible] States were adopted yesterday [illegible] largely-attended meeting of [illegible] chants' and Manufacturers' [illegible] Trade of New York. It was [illegible] that no immigrants should be [illegible] to land in this country without [illegible] duction of a proper certificate [illegible] United States Consul giving [illegible] information to enable the Immigration [illegible] officials to pass intelligently [illegible] expediency of granting the [illegible] of residence in the United [illegible]

Dr. F. C. Winslow.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Dr. F. [illegible] slow, prominent as an expert [illegible] ity, died suddenly here today. [illegible] superintendent of the Home [illegible] curable Insane at Peoria, Ill., [illegible] formerly in charge of the Cook [illegible] nois Hospital for the Insane [illegible] sonville, Ill.

"San Gabriel Canyon [illegible]

Now open; excellent trout fishing; camp grounds; magnificent stage [illegible] beautiful mountain scenery. Stages depot each morning on arrival of [illegible] trains at 9:30 a.m.; return 4:30 p.m. [illegible] ers rates $1.25 per day, stage fare [illegible] R. M. FOLLOWS, Azusa. Tel. Main [illegible]

SONOMA COUNTY, [illegible]

Beautiful Climate; Full Crops; [illegible] For full particulars, address— SONOMA COUNTY BOARD OF [illegible] Santa Rosa, California.

Lake View Hotel Co. and [illegible]

Westlake Park, Los Angeles, a new and elegant family hotel, strictly first-class; being entirely new and up-to-date; has hot and cold water, electric lights in every room; the location overlooking the lake is unsurpassed; rates reasonable. ROBBINS, Prop. Tel. Main 1321.

Bellevue Terrace H[illegible]

Cor. Sixth and Figueroa [illegible]

Best appointed family and tourist hotel; delicious grounds and verandas.

C. A. TARBLE & CO., Prop[illegible]

HOTEL WATAUGA

123 North Broadway.

Rooms only; location central; quiet; [illegible] Times Bldg.) Quiet, modern, elegant; [illegible] sunny rooms, single or suites; [illegible] Best references. MRS. ALEX DANIEL[illegible]

THE WESTLAKE HOT[illegible]

J. H. DUKE, Prop.

720 Westlake Avenue.

A select family hotel, delightful [illegible] tion, one block from Westlake Park; [illegible] furnished. Telephone M 346. Motor [illegible] special rates to families by the month.

Hotel Rossiyn Main Street, [illegible] every modern [illegible] American or European plan; rates [illegible] rooms selected; electric cars to [illegible] and all places of interest. E. G. WA[illegible]

COAST RECORD.

LEGISLATIVE PATCHWORK.

Supreme Court Spoils Another Sample.

Civil Procedure Code Unconstitutional.

Portland Man's Experience in Bering Sea—Trial of a Burglar—Dimmick.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Because Gov. Gage's code commissioners labored with that haste which causes a diminution of speed, the new codes of California are knocked out and the State has paid many thousands of dollars for useless work. By a practically unanimous vote, the Supreme Court decided today in the mandamus case from Superior Judge Dunne's court, brought Charlotte A. Lewis, an administratrix, that the Act of March 5, 1901, embodying the revised Code of Civil Procedure, is unconstitutional, and can in no way affect the law of the State as it stood immediately before the approval of that act.

The petitioner contended that the act was void, because it violated Sec. 8, Art. 4, of the State Constitution, which says: "Every act shall embrace but one subject, which shall be expressed in its title. . . . No law shall be revised or amended by reference to its title; but in such case, the act revised or section amended shall be reenacted and published at length, as revised or amended."

This was the rock that shattered Gov. Gage's hopes, for in the act in question, the title merely read: "An act to revise the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California by amending certain sections, repealing others, and adding certain new sections."

As the Code of Civil Procedure was not "reenacted and published at length, as revised," Justice McFarland, who wrote the decision of the Supreme Court, found that the act was void.

The decision refers only to the Code of Civil Procedure, but the revised Penal Code and revised Civil Code were adopted under acts bearing titles that are defective in the same particulars, and for that reason the two other codes fall with the one that was decided unconstitutional today. The attorneys who lost no time in getting the new codes will now have to go back to the old weather-beaten codes that have been in use for many years.

POINTS OF THE DECISION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—In its opinion the court says in reference to the constitutional provision, that it is claimed that the language of the title of the act in question in and of itself contains no subject whatever. No one could tell from the title alone what subject of legislation was dealt with by the body of the act; such subject, as far as the title of the act informs, might have been entirely different from anything to be found in the act itself.

It is contended, on the part of the respondents, that, although the title does not, as an independent instrument, express any subject, yet it does so by "reference." The court concedes that where the title still expresses a definite subject, then the title of an amendatory act may be helped by reference to the title of the original act, which does express a subject being incorporated into the title of the amendatory act.

The case at bar, however, refers merely to the Code of Civil Procedure. The court holds that the name "Civil Procedure" covers the great body of the State's laws, and is not confined to any particular line of subjects, but includes substantive law, criminal law and "legislation that might be classed under any category whatever."

The law recognizes four codes—the Civil Procedure, the Political Code, the Penal Code and the Code of Civil Procedure. Justice McFarland in his decision states that legislation under any code is inseparably interwoven with legislation under the others. He says further:

"How, then, can it be rightly said that a mere reference to the title of an act expresses any subject? If so, what subject? It does not even refer to a single section which is to be amended or appealed, and as to the 'new' section, it does not give the slightest intimation as to what they are to contain."

The various respondents maintain that the title in question is a device for inserting a subject "broad" enough to cover everything. Considering the matter in this light, Justice McFarland says: "Under that view, the people might have framed and adopted the Constitution, and would be convicted of folly in elaborately construing a grave constitutional limitation of legislative power upon a most important subject when the Legislature could at once circumvent it by a mere verbal trick."

The court admits that the intent of the commission was praiseworthy, but apparently not productive of desired results. It is said by the Justices that the decision is to be deplored, but Justice McFarland and his associates are, of course, firm in the opinion that the law must be followed, even though the results seem to be disastrous. On this point the court says, in closing:

"Complaint is made that the rule, as we have stated, would put the Legislature to great inconvenience when it desired to make a great many amendments, or indulge in a great deal of legislation at one session or at one time. That consideration could not, under any circumstances, destroy a constitutional provision. But, without discussing the wisdom of any provision of the act before us, it is quite apparent that the very purpose of the constitutional provision is to prevent the evils which might come from hasty, inconsiderate or wholesale legislation. The statutes which cannot be enacted in the manner prescribed by the Constitution should not be attempted. The scarcity of statutory laws and want of facility for passing them are not among the evils of the times.

"Our conclusion is, that, for the reasons stated, the said act is unconstitutional and void for all purposes, and is inoperative to change or in any way affect the law of the State as it stood immediately before the approval of said act."

THE OTHER JUSTICES.

Justices Henshaw, Van Dyke, Temple, Harrison and Garoutte concur directly in the opinion written by Justice McFarland. Chief Justice Beatty concurs on the point that the law is unconstitutional from the fact of its having been enacted in fragmentary form, but dissents from the view that the subject is inadequate. He contends that the Code of Civil Procedure is clearly defined.

In an interview the Chief Justice stated: "While the Code of Civil Procedure is the only code directly involved in the decision of the court, the Penal Code, the Civil Code and the County Government Act would all seem to be affected by the same line of argument, as all were enacted in the same manner. The other cases have not as yet come before the court, and there may be a difference in them which will affect the decision of the court."

The question as to the validity of the code was brought up before the Supreme Court August 5, in five different proceedings in mandamus. The cases were instituted to make certain judges perform duties from which they were freed under the new codes. The decision will probably engender considerable litigation. Scores of cases, it is stated, which have been decided by the courts of the State under the provisions of the new code will have to be retried. While the Code of Civil Procedure is the only one involved in the decision, a half-dozen cases in which the other codes are involved are before the Supreme Court, and must apparently be annulled for the same reason.

STORY OF HARDSHIP.

ADRIFT AT SEA.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Charles Seymour of Portland, Or., has just reached here from Unalaska, after two and one-half months spent last year in drifting about Bering Sea. On November 20 he was carried to sea alone from Unga on his little schooner. He could not make a landing for weeks, and finally his schooner's rudder head was carried away. Then he drifted helplessly with the currents. Finally he made a little port near Atka on the Siberian coast, but wrecked his vessel trying to get in close.

All his provisions were washed overboard in landing. For over two months, while waiting to be picked up by some vessel, he remained in that vicinity, subsisting on fish and an occasional bird he was lucky enough to trap. There were Indians a few miles away, and he went with a party overland to Atka, where he found the schooner Challenge. He sailed in her to Unalaska.

SNOW SHEDS BURN.

RAIL TRAFFIC PARALYZED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SACRAMENTO, Oct. 10.—A great fire took place yesterday afternoon on the Central Pacific Railroad at Emigrant Gap, when 2500 feet of snow sheds were burned down.

The fire started at 3:19 o'clock, and is supposed to have been caused by some careless person throwing a burning cigar or cigarette against the dry timbers of the sheds. The flames traveled through the sheds with great rapidity.

The railroad station, including the freight shed, the telegraph station and the section house, were burned to the ground. There was a loud explosion during the fire, and it is supposed to have been caused by dynamite stored in the building.

The fire paralyzed traffic on the Central Pacific. All freight trains, east bound and west-bound, were stopped. The flyer and the overland train which left this city about noon yesterday were held up at Blue Cañon, and the overland train which left Sacramento last night was also held up at that place.

The work of rebuilding the sheds will be started at once, so that they can be completed before the heavy snowfall season starts in.

Later information received by the Bee concerning the fire, says that the loss to the railroad company will reach $40,000. In addition to the burning of the shed and buildings, one carload of powder, one carload of hay, one carload of lumber and two flat cars were burned. Fire trains were dispatched to the fire from Blue Cañon and Cisco, but when they arrived the damage had been done.

Martin Arens, the agent at Emigrant Gap, succeeded in getting out the office records and the signal instruments, but his telegraph instruments were destroyed. The telegraph wires were burned down, but within ten minutes after he had deserted the burning office, Arens had made connection with the outside world over a telephone line.

A great force of laborers was put to work immediately laying ties and putting in new rails, where needed, over the burned district, and trains were moving again by 7 o'clock this morning.

BAPTISTS' LAST DAY.

ADDRESSES AND REPORTS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

STOCKTON, Oct. 10.—This is the last day of the twenty-first annual session of the Central Baptist Association of California.

A prayer and praise service, led by Rev. W. A. Chapman, opened the day's proceedings, after which Rev. E. R. Bennett delivered an address on "Our Convention Work." He was followed by Rev. James Damant, on "Publication and Bible School Work," after which Rev. M. Slaughter spoke upon the subject of "Baptist Progress and Literature." The work of the morning session closed with an address by Rev. D. P. Ward, his theme being "The New Preacher."

At noon a recess was taken to 2 o'clock. The programme for the afternoon session, included a prayer and praise service, reports of committees, an address on "Associational B.Y.P.U.," by President E. C. Lyon, and an address by Rev. H. J. Vosburgh, who also delivered the closing sermon this evening.

RAISIN EXCHANGE.

ARMENIANS ON BOARD.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

FRESNO, Oct. 10.—The outside or anti-Kearney packers and some outside growers have completed arrangements for the formation of the California Raisin Exchange. Prominent in the movement are Capt. W. A. Nevills and G. H. Walker. The packers will turn into the exchange all raisins that they have bought. The Armenians will go in if they are given a representative on the board of directors. The concession has been promised them.

The packers will receive $12 a ton for packing the raisins, but of this they will remit $1.50 a ton to pay the running expenses of the exchange. The purpose of the exchange is to prevent cutting of prices.

COAST EXPOSITION.

BIG SCHEME HATCHING.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PORTLAND (Or.) Oct. 10.—Articles of incorporation of the Lewis and Clark Centennial and American Pacific Exposition and Oriental Fair were filed with the County Clerk this afternoon. The main business of the corporation, the articles state, shall be to hold an American Pacific Exposition and Oriental Fair and an exhibition of the industries, arts, manufactures and products of the soil, mine and the sea in the city of Portland, Or., during the year 1905, to be State, inter-State, national, American and Oriental in its character. The capital stock is $300,000, divided into 30,000 shares of $10 each. The incorporators are sixty-seven of the best-known business and professional men of Oregon.

CONVICT ON TRIAL.

KILLED ANOTHER BURGLAR.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SACRAMENTO, Oct. 10.—The trial of L. G. Klein, a convict at Folsom prison, charged with the murder of Henry Miller, another convict, on May 17 last, was begun this morning before Judge Hart in the Superior Court.

Miller was hit over the head by Klein with a piece of iron pipe used as a handle.

Both men were in for burglary in the second degree. Klein was sent up from Riverside, and his term would have expired September 26 of the present year.

IN HIS OWN BEHALF.

DIMMICK'S TESTIMONY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—Walter N. Dimmick, the former chief clerk of the mint, took the stand in his own behalf when the case was called in the United States District Court today.

He told at some length the story of the transactions which figure in the cases, after denying that he had put money to his own use, and contradicted a number of statements made by Cashier William K. Cole regarding conversations, dates and amounts.

FOUND NOT GUILTY.

INSANITY THE GROUND.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

OAKLAND, Oct. 10.—Rev. Charles G. Adams, the unfrocked minister who was found not guilty yesterday for killing Dr. J. G. Jessup at Berkeley because of insanity, is still in jail. He was arraigned in court today, and his case set for jury trial on October 17, when it will be determined whether he is at present insane.

DEATH FROM FALL.

KNOCKED DOWN BY TROLLEY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

OAKLAND, Oct. 10.—Edward Thrashing fell from the top of a trolley car to the ground this forenoon and received injuries from which he died. He was a conductor in the employ of the Oakland Transit Company. The trolley pole swung around and hit him on the head, knocking him from the car.

BRIEF COAST DISPATCHES.

Death of Fresno Teacher.

OAKLAND, Oct. 10.—Miss Eda L. Miner, a teacher in the public schools at Fresno, died at a sanitarium in Oakland this afternoon.

Held Up and Robbed.

SACRAMENTO, Oct. 10.—After midnight tonight a musician named E. G. Marvin, who was on his way home, was stood up by two footpads at Thirteenth and I streets and robbed of a small sum of money and a gold watch.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRES.

Chancellor Magie, at Trenton, N. J., awarded Mrs Ella McPherson Muir, daughter of the late United States Senator John R. McPherson of New Jersey, an annuity of $20,000 from her mother's estate.

Parker's nitro-glycerine factory, at Ridge Farm, Pa., was blown up yesterday. The cause of the explosion will never be known, as the only persons about the place at the time were instantly killed.

The Chicago Park Commissioners have passed a resolution changing the name of Brighton Park to McKinley Park. It was also practically decided to change the name of Thirty-second street to McKinley Boulevard.

The Bartow guards are on duty around the Cartersville (Ga.) Courthouse, where Bill Johnson, a negro, is being tried on the charge of assault. Sheriff Johnson was compelled to take his prisoner away to avoid a lynching.

The Rhode Island Jockey Club is making arrangements to build a five-eighths-mile track at Newport. It is intended to have a three days' race meeting for flat races and steeplechases during the week after the horse show.

Glavianovitch, the anarchist arrested in Rome, after having been heard to threaten the lives of the Pope and of Cardinal Rampolla, has been sentenced to a fortnight's imprisonment for carrying deadly weapons and then to be deported to his home in Dalmatia.

Prof. George Edgar Vincent of the University of Chicago is mentioned most prominently in New York for president of Columbia University to succeed Seth Low. Prof. Vincent was one of four leading educators considered for the presidency of Yale when Dr. A. Hadley was selected.

A London cablegram says there is no foundation for the report published in the United States that Mr. Choate, the United States Ambassador, who proposes to sail for the United States with his family Saturday on board the American line steamer Philadelphia, in order to take a holiday, will not return to London.

The annual banquet of the Republican Club of Massachusetts will be abandoned this fall out of respect to the memory of President McKinley. Five days before the fatal trip to Buffalo, President McKinley made arrangements at Canton, O., with the president of the club to open the Congressional campaign of 1902 at Boston in September with an address to be delivered at the club's dinner.

Walter Priest, a member of the Kansas State Normal team, who was seriously injured in a game of football between the State Normal and State University teams at Lawrence last Saturday, and who was brought home unconscious, is in a precarious condition. It is feared that a clot of blood has formed on the brain, as the result of kicks received in a scrimmage for the ball.

STONE COMPANIES COMBINE.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Crushed-stone companies of the Middle West have decided to combine. The new corporation will be known as the Western Consolidated Stone Company, and will control the granite trade west of the Alleghenies and north of the Gulf States. It is capitalized at $6,000,000 and will include these companies: Illinois and Wiscon Stone Company, Chicago; Quarry at Berlin, Wis.; Green Granite Company, Green Lake, Wis.; Berlin Granite Company, Berlin, Wis.; Waupaca Granite Company, Waupaca, Wis.; Beiderman Granite Company quarries in Wisconsin.

MARQUIS ITO IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Marquis Ito of Japan arrived here today from St. Paul. In company with local Japanese Consul Toshiro Fugita, he was driven in an open carriage to the Auditorium Annex, where he held a brief reception for Japanese residents of Chicago, who had gathered to welcome the "grand old man of Japan." The Marquis will remain in Chicago three days.

ARRIVAL IN TORONTO.

TORONTO, Oct. 10.—The Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York arrived in Toronto today, and their entry to the city was marked by a great popular demonstration of welcome

THE PHILIPPINES.

MACABEBES WORSTED BY NIPA INSURGENTS.

WELL ARMED WITH PLENTY OF AMMUNITION.

Teacher of Mauban Captured—Police of Catianing Carried off by Insurgents, Though Well Armed, While Natives Had Only Bolos.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

MANILA, Oct. 10.—[By Manila Cable.] A detachment of the Twenty-first Company of Macabebes today encountered a large force of insurgents near Nipa, Province of Batangas. Lieut. Beau of the Macabebes was killed and one of the force was wounded. The enemy was strongly intrenched. After two hours fighting the Americans retreated to await reinforcements. The insurgents, numbering over 200, were armed with Remington and Mauser rifles and apparently had plenty of ammunition.

Martin, a teacher at Mauban, was captured by insurgents while visiting a neighboring town under an escort of native police. The next day his captors, relenting, tied him in a hammock and carried him to a point within a mile of the town and released him, saying he was a non-combatant.

The entire police force of Catianing, province of Tayabas, numbering eleven, have been carried off by insurgents, armed only with bolos. Presumably the police made no resistance, though they were well armed with carbines and revolvers.

DEATH OF SNOW.

President of Mormon Church Expires in Salt Lake—Succeeded Woodruff Four Years Ago.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SALT LAKE (Utah) Oct. 10.—Lorenzo Snow, fifth president of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, better known as the Mormon Church, died rather unexpectedly at his private residence, the historic Bee Hive House, at 3:35 o'clock this afternoon, after an illness that had been alarmingly serious only since yesterday. The immediate cause of his death was hypostatic congestion, superinduced by aggravated bronchitis. Several weeks ago President Snow contracted a cold. He was at his desk, however, attending to business as late as Tuesday. Yesterday morning he was suddenly seized with a fit of vomiting, which continued at intervals throughout the day. Last night his physicians were called and remained in constant attendance until death came.

President Snow's death dissolves the first presidency, of which he was head, his two coucillors being Joseph F. Smith and Rudger Clawson. Until his successor is chosen, which may not be until the annual conference next April, the leadership of the church will devolve upon the Council of Twelve Apostles, of which body Smith is the recognized head. Unless death should come to him in the mean time, Smith will be the next president of the church.

President Snow leaves a large family, the members being scattered throughout the world. All have been notified of his demise.

Lorenzo Snow was born in Mantua, Portage county, O., April 3, 1814, receiving a classical education at Oberlin College. He became a convert to Mormonism in 1836, and immediately began proselyting. Since then he has been one of the most active and prominent members of the church organization. He has been on numerous foreign missions, the most important being that to Great Britain in 1840, where he became president of the London conference.

In 1886, during the agitation against the practice of polygamy, he was convicted of unlawful cohabitation and sentenced to three terms of six months each, but later was released on a writ of habeas corpus. September 13, 1898, he was chosen president of the church in succession to Wilford Woodruff.

TRUSTEES ORGANIZE.

National McKinley Monument Association Elects Officers—Marble Memorial in Canton Proposed.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

CLEVELAND, Oct. 10.—The trustees recently appointed by the President for the National McKinley Monument Association met here today and organized by electing these officers: President, William R. Day, Canton, O.; vice-president, M. A. Hanna, Cleveland; treasurer, Myron T. Herrick, Cleveland; secretary, Ryerson Ritchie, Cleveland.

The headquarters of the association will be located at Canton.

It is proposed to raise about $1,500,000 by popular subscription to build a marble memorial at Canton in honor of the late President.

KOCH'S TUBERCULIN THEORY.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Interesting experiments of much importance to the public health are being made at the bacteriological laboratory of the Board of Health. They are being held to test Prof. Koch's theory that human tubercle bacilli will not readily infest cows or calves. So far the experiments have shown the theory to be correct, it is said. All the calves reacted, however, to a tuberculin test, but this reaction was very slight, and may have been due, it is said, to inflammation or other causes considered by the investigators at the laboratory to be of minor importance.

CALEB POWERS TRIAL.

GEORGETOWN (Ky.) Oct. 10.—At the opening of court today attorneys for Caleb Powers said they were unable to complete the affidavit on the motion for continuance because the jailer refused permission to see their client after 6 o'clock last night. They asked further time and the court granted them until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

KANSAS CYCLONE.

CLIFTON (Kan.) Oct. 10.—At 6:20 o'clock tonight, a cyclone passed two miles south of this city, doing considerable damage to buildings. The path of the storm was about eighty rods wide, and everything was swept before it. Vague reports of casualties are coming in tonight, but owing to the intense darkness very little investigation can be made.

A DOUBLE SHOOTING.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Mrs. Lucy H. Carroll, who lived with her father at No. 76 South Elliott Place, Brooklyn, was shot and seriously wounded at her home early today by a man known as Capt. John B. Neilson. Neilson then shot himself in the right temple and died instantly. Cause was jealousy.

RICE DUTY REMOVED.

MANAGUA (Nicaragua) Oct. 10.—[Wired from Galveston.] President Zelaya has issued a decree providing for the entry of rice, duty free, into Nicaragua until next May. This step is taken on account of a large demand for rice, its scarcity, and the high price of the commodity in this country.

A Strange Habit Explained.

The usual idea that a drowning man is stretching out his hands for aid or "catching at straws," is not altogether satisfactory. A possible explanation has lately been suggested, and this supposes that the drowning man, losing all his acquired habits and even some of those inherited from more recent parents, in his terror goes back to the instinctive movements of his arboreal ancestors, and the movements of the drowning man are those of a frightened ape, seeking safety by clinging to the nearest tree.

The movement is certainly instinctive, for it can only be eliminated by considerable training and voluntary efforts, and yet it is fatal to the individual, for the specific gravity of the human body is so nearly that of water that removal of the arms from the supporting fluid at once sinks the face beneath the surface. In cases of so-called "cramps" the victim, often a highly-trained swimmer, generally throws up his hands, but these cases are probably due to heart failure, and a similar movement takes place on land when the subject receives a fatal heart wound, and it is even a common expression of shock and astonishment. The ordinary movements of walking or running would keep a man's face above water, but these curious climbing movements of hands and feet make floating impossible and are responsible for many deaths by drowning.—[Cincinnati Enquirer.

Jersey's Lone Indian.

In a little one-room house without windows, situated in a lonely spot along the Maurice River, a short distance from Norma, N. J., lives the sole survivor of the South Jersey Indians, Dan Halstead. For more than half a century this old man, shunning the ways of civilization as much as possible, has clung to the habits of his forefathers. Halstead, though not a full-blooded Indian, is said to be a grandson of old Shamung, a great chief whose tribe had its hunting grounds along the banks of the Maurice River. The grandson of the old chief is a quiet, peaceful sort of a fellow, without kith or kin, and the only living friend he has in the world is his dog Prince, a mongrel. This dog is his sole companion. Dan Halstead lives with only one ray of hope to brighten his existence—that the red man will return some day to reclaim his hunting grounds and that he will then become a true Indian again and adopt the costume and manners of his race.—[Newark News.

For a Nerve Tonic
Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.
Dr. H. M. Harlow, Augusta, Me., says: "One of the best remedies in all cases in which the system requires an acid and a nerve tonic."

BIG SPECIAL
PIANO
SALE NOW ON.
THE BARTLETT MUSIC CO.
235 S. Broadway. Opp. City Hall.

MONDAY AND THURSDAY
THE CALIFORNIA LIMITED ON SANTA FE.
This Great Train runs but twice per week during the summer.
Leaving at 6 p.m. it arrives in Chicago at 2:15 p.m. on Thursdays and Sundays.
Its high standard of service is fully maintained.

Fall Newness in Men's Ready-tailored Clothes

It would be almost impossible for any man of refined taste and judgment not to be suited in a fall suit or overcoat or any other feature of dress that now finds representation in our great store. The possibilities of style perfection are well brought out in the splendid collection we now show. Reasonableness of price, too, gives an added charm.

Swell Fall Suits, Newest Fall Overcoats } $10.00 and up

Perfect Fitting Trousers $3.00 and up.

Mullen & Bluett CLOTHING CO. Cor. First & Spring THE ONE-PRICE HOUSE 3rd

Dr. Hutchason's Perfect Suction Plate.

"After trying to wear three or four plates without success, I am now wearing one of Dr. Hutchason's Patent Suction Plates with the greatest comfort and success, and I recommend them highly."
A. H. MOORE, Soldiers' Home.

Full Set of Teeth.....$5.00
Gold Crowns, best.....$5.00
Gold Filling.....$1.00 up
Silver Filling.....75c
Vitalized Air Given.
Teeth Extracted Without Pain.
LADY ATTENDANT.

DR. W. E. HUTCHASON, Prop. Spinks Dental Parlors,
Spinks Block, Cor Fifth and Hill Sts. Tel. Red 3261.

ONLY SEVEN DAYS

For you to consider the advantages we offer you in the way of

Piano Bargains.

Of course the Birkel idea of selling pianos is well known—

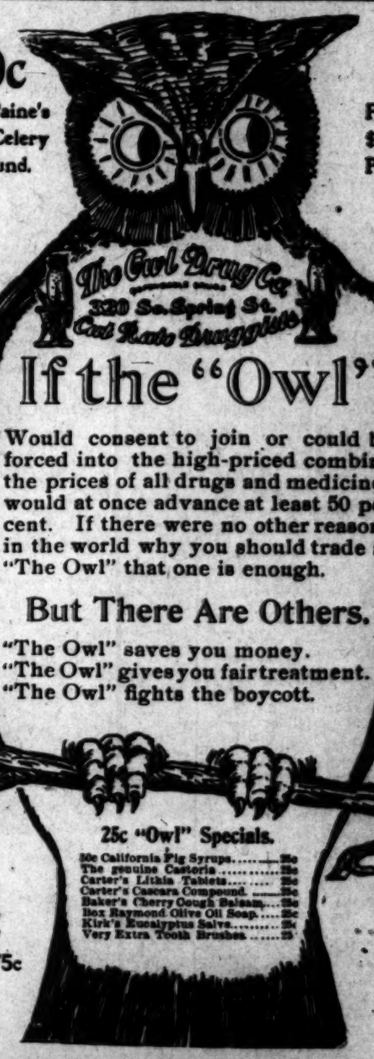
"Always the Lowest"

But previous to removal to our new music building, these low prices are still lowered, and no one contemplating the purchase of an instrument can afford to put it off beyond these seven days. Railroad fare refunded to all out-of-town buyers.

GEO. J. BIRKEL CO. Steinway Representatives.
Corner Second and Broadway.

50c For Paine's $1.00 Celery Compound.

50c For Pierce's $1 Favorite Prescription.



If the "Owl"

Would consent to join or could be forced into the high-priced combine the prices of all drugs and medicines would at once advance at least 50 per cent. If there were no other reasons in the world why you should trade at "The Owl" that one is enough.

But There Are Others.

"The Owl" saves you money.
"The Owl" gives you fair treatment.
"The Owl" fights the boycott.

25c "Owl" Specials.

50c California Fig Syrups	25c
The genuine Castoria	25c
Carter's Liliata Tablets	25c
Carter's Cascara Compound	25c
Baker's Cherry Cough Balsam	25c
Rex Raymond Olive Oil Soap	25c
Kirk's Eucalyptus Salve	25c
Very Extra Tooth Brushes	25

50c For the 75c size Sozodont.

50c For Pierce's $1 Golden Medical Discovery.

DIVORCE THE CHIEF THEME.

Modified Forms Still Urged.

Missions in China and Japan Discussed.

Discussion of Labor Question. St. Andrew Brotherhood. Woman's Auxiliary.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P. M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—The triennial convention of the Episcopal Church of America accomplished considerable routine work today, but made little progress toward disposing of the canon on marriage and divorce, which came up in committee of the whole in the House of Deputies.

The popular interest in the subject was evinced by the crowded galleries, a large majority of the spectators being women, nearly all of whom remained until the hour of adjournment. The discussion, however, was of a purely technical character, Quibbles over words and the punctuation of sections, to which there was little opposition, occupied most of the time. There seemed to be a determination to secure technical correctness in the text. It was also noticeable that many lawyers in the lay delegation were taking a keen interest in the subject.

The fourth and most important section of the canon, which, as adopted by the bishops, practically forbids the remarriage of divorced persons, was not reached. The first two sections, and all but the last paragraph of section three were adopted with but one slight change, the conjunction "nor" being stricken out, thus dividing the paragraph into two complete sentences. An attempt was made to have the matter discussed behind closed doors, but the proposition was voted down.

That the spirit of the Huntington amendment to the constitution permitting modified forms of worship still lives, despite defeat, was shown by the presentation in the House of Deputies this morning of a constitutional amendment couched in almost its exact language. The principal change is the addition of the proviso that no form of worship allowed should be in conflict with the canons of the church. It was referred to a committee.

Rev. E. Winchester Donald of Massachusetts, who presented the proposed amendment, created quite a sensation by declaring, in the course of his remarks, that he did not consider ordination necessary for a celebrant of holy communion.

The House of Bishops devoted most of the day to consideration of the qualifications of various persons who are desirous of filling the vacant missionary bishoprics of the Philippines, Porto Rico, and Vieques, Hankow, North Dakota and Olympia. No names were given out, and the only action taken was a decision to vote for the candidates tomorrow morning.

There was a missionary conference tonight at Trinity Church, the session being devoted especially to the work in China and Japan. Addresses were delivered by the bishops of Shanghai, Kioto and Tokio, and the Rev. D. Turnbull Huntington of aHnkow.

The church association for the advancement of the interests of labor held a largely-attended meeting tonight at the Alhambra Theater. The principal speaker was Bishop Potter of New York, who spoke eloquently on the relations of capital and labor, and of the citizen to the State.

The woman's auxiliary to the board of missions listened to addresses today from Bishops Horner of Asheville, Hare of South Dakota and General Secretary Lloyd of the missionary board.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew of the Pacific Coast met in convention tonight at the cathedral chapel of the Good Samaritan. Bishop Nichols of California officiating at the opening services. During the evening brief addresses on the welfare of the order, the object of which is to interest men in church going, were made by Fred Powell of Seattle, Judge J. A. Stiness of Providence, R. I., Rev. D. M. Weeden of San Francisco and John W. Wood of New York.

HOUSE OF DEPUTIES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A. M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct 10.—After the House of Deputies had been called to order this morning, the report of the Committee on Expenses was adopted. It covers the salaries of the secretaries of the two houses and various other expenditures.

Gen. Priddy of Connecticut was unanimously elected treasurer of the convention.

Rev. Dr. Huntington, for the Committee on Constitution, reported in favor of giving to the delegates from missionary districts the right to vote at all times, when a vote by orders is not demanded, and against a reduction in the number of deputies to be elected by the dioceses to the general convention.

The Committee on New Dioceses made two reports, the majority being in favor of setting apart the western portion of the diocese of Kansas as a missionary district. The minority was unable to reach the same conclusion, for various reasons, which were given by the Rev. Treat Payne of Massachusetts. Both reports went on the calendar.

Rev. Dr. Nevil, rector of St. Paul's Church in the city of Rome, Italy, presented two memorials from the churches of the American Episcopal churches in Europe, one asking that some representation should be given to these churches in the House of Deputies of the general convention. The second memorial stated that there are now nine organized parishes of the American church in Europe, with six consecrated church buildings, and asks that this convention consider seriously whether some better provision than at present cannot be made for Episcopal oversight of the parishes of the American church in Europe. The memorials were referred to a committee.

A motion to provide that in voting by orders and dioceses divided votes shall be counted as a half-vote in the affirmative and a half-vote in the negative was referred to the Committee on Amendments to the Constitution.

Dr. Donald of Boston offered an amendment to the constitution covering, in another form and according to his ideas, what the defeated Huntington amendment was intended to provide, the most significant feature being the omission of the requirement that the ministers of the congregations to be received under it should have had Episcopal ordination, of which omission Dr. Donald especially declared himself in favor.

Rev. Dr. Mackim of Washington offered as an amendment on the subject a proposition identical with that for which the lately-defeated amendment was substituted near the close of the last general convention. Both propositions were referred to the Committee on the Constitution.

Article eleven of the constitution was adopted. It provides for the manner of amending the constitution.

The House of Bishops asked for a committee of conference on the matter of marginal readings, having named on its part the bishops of Tennessee, Vermont and Washington. The deputies agreed and the following conferees were appointed:

Rev. Dr. Cameron Mann, Rev. Dr. Grammman, Rev. Dr. Waterman, Edward D. Bassett of Rhode Island and Henry L. Morris of New York.

The consideration of the report on marriage and divorce being in order, Rev. Isaac M. Pittinger of North Carolina proposed to amend the first section.

Dr. Pittinger said that the dissolution of marriage constituted the violation of a solemn vow, not the mere withdrawal of consent to an agreement.

The house then voted that the further consideration of the subject should be in the committee of the whole.

A motion that the committee of the whole should sit with closed doors was defeated by a large majority.

President Lindsay appointed Judge Joseph Packard of Maryland chairman of the committee of the whole.

Recess was then taken until 3 o'clock.

HOUSE OF BISHOPS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A. M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—In the House of Bishops this morning the committee appointed three years ago to consider the reconciliation of affiliated bodies reported progress and asked to be continued, which request was granted.

The proposed division of the District of Kansas was considered, but no conclusion was reached.

The bishops of Tennessee, Vermont and West Virginia were appointed conferees on the marginal readings report.

The fact that the deputies had agreed to the division of the missionary district of China was reported, and it was voted to elect a bishop for the new district of Hankow.

The election will probably occur tomorrow, when bishops for North Dakota and Olympia will also be chosen.

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

[The Times freely publishes the views of correspondents, without holding itself responsible for writers' opinions. Be brief; write plainly; state clearly. The space of 300 words, on the average, is sufficient for the expression of an idea.]

See the Mayor.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 8.—[To the Editor of The Times:] We have a beautiful city, a charming climate, handsome churches, excellent schools, lovely parks, progressive citizens, prosperous business in every line, a very desirable place to live in, with only one fault—one complaint, made by every visitor, and that blemish can be easily removed. I refer to the horrible dust that fills the atmosphere almost constantly on our three business streets, Main, Spring and Broadway.

We are spending money and energy freely through our well-managed Chamber of Commerce and personal efforts to invite or induce eastern emigration to our city. The stranger arrives, takes a walk or drive down Broadway, up Spring street and out on Main street, and returns to his hotel covered with dust, his nostrils, eyes and ears filled with dust, and he remarks:

"This appears to be a lively city, but I couldn't live in this dusty atmosphere." He is probably told he will get used to it, and after a while won't notice it; that is what I was told three years ago, and I find I am forced to put up with a nuisance that can be easily abated.

Our three business streets should be kept constantly sprinkled. It will cost but a trifle compared to the great losses to our merchants, who cannot display their goods without damage, and to our ladies, who have their fine hats and clothing ruined on their shopping excursions along our business streets. A ride on our street cars is made disagreeable by the horrid dust swept up and covering its passengers. Will you kindly inform your readers whose duty it is to have our business streets properly sprinkled? This should be attended to before our tourists arrive.

ABNER L. ROSS.

For "Anti-Emigration."

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 4, 1901.—[To the Editor of The Times:] Admirable is your article in this day's Times, wherein you quote the noble language of Bishop McCabe. True is your statement that "it is time to stop promulgating the doctrines of hate." You are true to American doctrines when you say: "Freedom of speech and of the press must be preserved at any cost," but we must find some new definition of treason, say you.

Every true American and thinking patriot would denounce any attempt to belittle the Constitution of these glorious United States, and any attempt to lower our standard of personal freedom, but might I suggest that communities and States as well as the central Federal government can and should take care of the turbulent element that is already within our boundaries; should we not concentrate our efforts to prevent the further coming to our shores of the necessitous of foreign countries? We have enough people here now. America should be for Americans; our political creed, "anti-emigration," and this dispite the antagonism of the industrial barons, who care naught for the grandeur of the United States as long as they can get cheap labor. Norway, Sweden, Denmark, France, all tax foreigners for the right of domicile, and in each of these countries the foreigner who contravenes their laws is at once expelled from the country.

We can tax each and every new arrival and hold him under police supervision as long as he remains alien. We can make anarchy and all doctrines against law and order and against our public schools criminal, and as such suppress crime and the criminal.

We have lost Lincoln, Garfield and now William McKinley, and great as is our loss it is not as great as that loss to the whole civilized world. Shall we lose still another noble American before we take up, in earnest, the cry of "anti-emigration?"

Yours faithfully.

F. SEYMOUR.

[A policy of strict "anti-emigration" would be too sweeping and would be impracticable, unnecessary and undesirable; but a policy of intelligent selection, discrimination and restriction is the need of the country, the hour and the century.—Ed. Times.]

Anarchism, Our Legacy of Pain.

SCHENECTADY (N. Y.) Oct. 4, 1901.—[To the Editor of The Times:] The Russian Council of the Empire closes its report on prison reform in Russia with the folowing pregnant words:

"The Middle Ages left torture, the knout, deportation, as legacies to Russia. The eighteenth century abolished torture, the nineteenth saw the disappearance of the knout, and the first day of the twentieth was the last day of a penal system based on deportation."

In like manner, we of the United States might truly say that the nineteenth century has left anarchism as a legacy of pain. And why have we inherited this cursed legacy? Why are we called to mourn with crushed hearts the loss of the bravest and best, through our inheritance of this legacy of pain? Why do we fear, today, the safety of his talented successor, one who is brave even to rashness? Because, in our anxiety to afford a home to the drown-trodden and oppressed of other nations we have not guarded our gates against the entrance of men, women, and even children, who have lived, and been reared, amid an atmosphere of revolt against everything that is; who have imbibed with their mothers' milk that spirit of communism which has several times drenched France, even in her days of republicanism, with blood; who possess that fanaticism which blindly strikes, even though in so doing it kills its savior and destroys itself; that ignorant, passionate revolt which is unable to distinguish good from bad rulers, beneficent from despotic governments, men of kindly heart and pure, unselfish purpose from men of heartless, despotic will and selfish purpose. These people of alien race, speech and blood have been welcomed to our peaceful shores, have dwelt in our midst, have established themselves like upas trees and poured forth their destroying and corrupting influence on everything within their compass; have brought forth children who are anarchists from their birth, like the Judas Iscariot of the tragedy of Buffalo. But, thank God, the power in this country which makes laws can repeal or amend them, and that power must and will act vigorously in so amending, or even annulling, our immigration laws as to compel a discrimination against the landing of people of known anarchistic or even European Socialistic antecedents or proclivities; that power, the will of the people, made known by its ballots, and aided by a righteous, outspoken, unsensational press, will bring about such stringent Federal and State legislation as shall stop the mouthings of public agitators of disturbance, call themselves by any name they may; as shall provide special punishment for crimes against those who by our own free will and votes we place in positions of necessary authority over ourselves, and whose lives and persons we have no right to expose to the assassin's bullet, while serving their country; all this and much more we demand and will have, ere we are again called to mourn the tragic death of another national martyr. Very truly yours,

WALTER J. BALLARD.

President Roosevelt.

POMONA (Cal.) Oct. 8.—[To the Editor of The Times:] In an issue of your estimable paper of last week you gave answer to a question as to the proper pronunciation of the President's name, Roosevelt, saying the first syllable should be pronounced like "loose." According to his own answer over a year ago to Dr. Buckley of the New York Advocate, he gave the pronunciation as Rose—Roosevelt. I am a constant reader of the Advocate and The Times. I bank on what they say—except in this case, I give preference to the President's answer. Yours truly,

C. P. WILSON.

[The correspondent is inaccurate in quoting the President, who, as we are advised since our former reply was published, says that the proper pronunciation of his name is as though it were spelled Rosy-velt.—Ed.]

WHAT SHALL WE EAT

To Keep Healthy and Strong?

A healthy appetite and common sense are excellent guides to follow in matters of diet, and a mixed diet of grains, fruits and meats

is undoubtedly the best, in spite of the claim made by vegetarians and food cranks generally.

As compared with grains and vegetables, meat furnishes the most nutriment in a highly concentrated form, and is digested and assimilated more quickly than vegetables or grains.

Dr. Julius Remusson on this subject says: "Nervous persons, people run down in health, and of low vitality, should eat plenty of meat. If the digestion is too feeble at first it may be easily strengthened by the regular use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal. Two of these excellent tablets taken after dinner will digest several thousand grains of meat, eggs or other animal food in three or four hours, while the malt diastase also contained in Stuart's Tablets cause the perfect digestion of starchy foods, like potatoes, bread, etc., and no matter how weak the stomach may be, no trouble will be experienced if a regular practice is made of using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets because they supply the pepsin and diastase so necessary to perfect digestion, and any form of indigestion and stomach trouble except cancer of the stomach will be overcome by their daily use.

"That large class of people who come under the head of nervous dyspeptics should eat plenty of meat and insure its complete digestion by the systematic use of a safe, harmless digestive medicine like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, composed of the natural digestive principles, pepsinoes and diastase, which actually perform the work of digestion and give the abused stomach a chance to rest and to furnish the body and brain with the necessary nutriment. Cheap catharitic medicines masquerading under the name of dyspepsia cures are useless for relief or cure of indigestion, because they have absolutely no effect upon the actual digestion of food.

Dyspepsia in all its forms is simply a failure of the stomach to digest food and the steadily way to solve the riddle and cure the indigestion is to make daily use at meal time of a safe preparation which is indorsed by the medical profession and known to contain active digestive principles, and all this can truly be said of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

All druggists throughout the United States, Canada and Great Britain sell them at the uniform price of 50 cents for full treatment.

Brooches

NEW DESIGNS
NOVEL SHAPES
EXQUISITE WORKMANSHIP

WE HAVE the new French Gray and Rose Gold finish. A most carefully selected assortment and all exclusive designs. Step in and see them and get an idea of what the new jewelry is like.

50c TO $1.50

J. ABRAMSON,
Jeweler and Silversmith,
113 South Spring Street.

IF YOU HAVE ... OUR SILVERWARE ... An artistic taste you will appreciate
109 South Spring. S. NORDLINGER.

Ladies' Handk'ch'fs. Ladies' new fancy colored border, or imported Swiss handkerchiefs, Friday and Saturday 05c

Jacoby Bros.
331-333-335 South Broadway.

Ladies' Neckwear. Samples of fall neckwear ... from 25c to $1.75. Friday and Saturday

Thirty Tailor-Made Dresses.

A Handsome Sample Line at a Great Sacrifice.

Beautiful suits, they just came yesterday—thirty exquisite styles—no two alike. We're continually planning and contriving to outdo, if possible, the attractiveness of past offerings; to give you better and greater values than may be had elsewhere. We have the co-operation of the best sources of supply in this country—thus, frequently, the season's best goods and choicest styles are available at considerably less than their actual value. Friday and Saturday we are pleased to be able to offer you this line of handsome sample suits made up to sell at $30 and $35, for

$20.00

They are in fine cheviots, serges, basket cloth, venetian and broadcloth in black, blue, castor, brown and tan, some of the jackets made with handsome embroidered vests of velvet and fancy silk; jackets are all silk lined, skirts are cut in the new flares and lined with near silk. We say for Friday and Saturday, and so it will be if the suits last, but such values as these will go quick, so come today if you want a choice.

THE OCTOBER SHOE SALE

Is On In Full Blast.

20,000 pairs of shoes that will save half for twenty thousand pairs of feet; not a pair but what is up-to-date and guaranteed. If you're not satisfied we'll buy them back again and consider we have a bargain.

Men's $3.25 satin calf shoes for $1.88.
Men's $4.00 hand sewed, double sole shoes, $2.36.
Men's $6.00 Hanan & Sons' high grade shoes $3.50.
Boys' $1.75 broken lines, all style shoes 75c.
Boys' $2.00 calf, hook lace shoes for $1.18.
Women's $1.50 hand turned Oxfords 77c.
Women's $3.50 patent leather Oxfords $1.98.
Women's $1.75 dongola shoes $1.18.
Women's $2.50 dongola or kid shoes $1.48.
Women's $5.00 hand turned vici kid shoes $2.98.

For Friday And Saturday Only.

Men's fall weight narrow ribbed underwear, blue, pink and ecru, regular 75c values, as a special for two days only,

50c

Men's fancy stiff bosom shirts, "Star," Congress, Monarch or Princely makes, separate cuffs, $1 and $1.50 values, Friday and Saturday,

50c

Men's natural gray wool half hose, nice soft finish, regular 20c values, Friday and Saturday,

12c

Men's fancy half hose, new fall styles, regular 25c values,

13c

The Last Chance.

The Men's Suit Sale

Will last but two days more. Quantities being limited and the immense selling of the past two weeks forces us to discontinue this sale. So if you want a choice of these $18, $17.50 and $20 suits left over from last winter for

$9.85

Come today or tomorrow. Although there are not quite so many styles as we had at the opening of the sale, there are still all sizes and some very handsome patterns.

Men's New Fall Suits or Overcoats from $10 to $25.
Men's Fall Style Pants $1.45 to $9

The Boys' Suit Sale

Has been strengthened by the arrival of some more new suits bought at 60c on the dollar.

$1.88

For Boys' double breasted ... suits in new fall styles and ... regular $3.00.

Boys' fine all wool double ... or vestee suits, regular $3.50 values, go in this sale at $2.4

Boys' 50c knee pants for.....
Boys' 25c waists or blouses.....
Boys' 35c merino underwear.....
Boys' 60c wool underwear.....
Boys' 75c sweaters.....
Boys' 10c school hose.....
Boys' 20c school hose.....
Boys' bib overalls.....

...PORTRAITS...
OF PRESIDENT
ROOSEVELT
WITH THE TIMES
Sunday, Oct. 13
Suitable Frames 35c and 40c
... Mailing or Expressing Extra ...
SUPPLIED BY
THE LOS ANGELES TIMES

Cook & Ralphs 601 S. SPRING. TEL. M
"Best Goods—Low Prices"

11 Bars Rex Soap or Dandy Soap..... 25c
10 Bars Leader Soap..... 25c
15 Bars German Family or Water Queen..... 50c
13 Bars Clairette or Mermaid Queen..... 50c
11 Bars Elko or Ox Gall Soap.....
4 Bars Castile Soap.....
American Family, per bar.....
Pels Napths, per bar.....

Wall Paper 5c per roll, Ingra...
You can not afford to miss this sale. C. A. Thie...

COTTON-PICKING TIME.

During Cotton Harvest Other Labor is Abandoned and the Mistress Finds Herself Minus Servants.

[Marlin (Tex.) Correspondence Kansas City Star:] Nature is calling to her children. The sunshine, the warm winds, the waving cotton fields call aloud to the black man and all those who are next of kin to Mother Nature. Cotton picking time is here. Even the lasy, "shif'less, no 'count town nigger" shakes off his worthless existence for the time being and becomes a man and a brother in the things that are nature's.

Cotton picking time is a romp with nature; a playtime with the sunshine and the warm winds; a holiday of song and laughter and all forms of merriment. It is the time when the negro returns to his own.

To the dweller in town cotton-picking time is a period of uncertainly and unaccustomed labor. It is the one time in all the year when the proud white lady bares her dimpled arms and fries the pork and makes the corn bread herself. White folks must live even in the time of picking cotton. Cooks, chambermaids, laundresses and other domestic help think nothing of leaving the breakfast dishes unwashed and the beds unmade and going off in a wagon to the cotton fields, to be gone weeks. A big wagon filled with men, women and children of all ages and complexions will halt in front of a white man's house and the cook back in the kitchen will hear something like this: "You, Susan, ain't yer a-gwine to the cotton pickin'?" Susan throws back her woolly head and listens. Then again they call: "Here we is a-waitin' fer yer. Come a-runnin', Susan. We's all right ere." The mistress of the house, returning from a neighbor's finishes the dishes herself and puts on the pork and the corn bread for the day's dinner. During the day the laundress will send back the unwashed clothes with the message that she did not have time to do the family wash before leaving for the cotton fields.

Speak to the table hop about something to be done two days later and he will say: "I do hit if I'se here, boss." Then in reply to a question he will say: "Yassir; I thinkin' 'bout goin' ter pick cotton." There will be a note of yearning in his voice and perhaps a far-away look in his black eyes. He has heard the call, a little faint and far off, perhaps, but when it comes to him: "You, Sam, de wagon am a-waitin'," the guest may serve the food himself and clean his own boots, for all that Sam cares. The boarding-house-keeper says: "Yes, sir, I have vacant rooms, and I should like to take you, but, you see, I have neither cook nor chambermaid today. Both left for the cotton fields within a moment's warning."

Usually the planter sends a big wagon to town to gather up the cotton pickers. As many men, women and children as can be crowded into the double wagon box are piled in and then the wagon heads for the plantation. Few of the negroes have any idea where they are going. A woman will say to a passing acquaintance: "I dunno where. Some'ers out hyer 'bout fo'teen mile, I reckon." That is enough. Only captious "white trash" would ask where they were going. It is enough that they are going to the cotton picking, and that all in good season they will return, rich in money and surfeited with merry-making.

The big wagons have been leaving Marlin for a fortnight or more. Now and then a negro will take his entire family in his own wagon, if he is so fortunate as to have one. A venerable old freedman, with a coast line of white wool around his wrinkled face, drove through Live Oak street this afternoon with his whole family in a rickety wagon, bound for the fields. The wagon was drawn by a mule so forlorn and bony that it attracted a small crowd of men as it stood waiting for a chance to cross the railroad track.

"Good points about the mule, uncle," said one of the men.

"Yassir," replied the old darky, his face lighting up with this unlooked-for appreciation of his mule. "Yassir; why, sir, dat ar' mule——"

"Some of them you could hang your hat on."

Then the train pulled out and the old man drove on toward the cotton fields, not knowing exactly what the crowd laughed at. At the corner of the next street a man hailed him:

"Say, old man," he asked, "are you going to have a new mule?"

"New mule, sah; I reckon I do' know wha' you mean by dat, sah."

"Why, I thought you were going to have a new mule. I see you have the frame up."

"You, Julius Caesar," called out the old man, "rise an' fly. Dere is shore some cur'us white ge'men in this yere town."

There is one plausible excuse for this exodus to the cotton fields each year. In the case of a white man the excuse might hold good, but with the negro it is merely an excuse. The excuse is that the negro can make more money in the cototh fields than he can possibly make at anything else. This is undoubtedly true, but the negro does not place the same value on money that the white man places upon it. It is the holiday, the merry-making in the fields, the music and dancing at night that appeal to the negro. To laugh and sing and pick cotton out under the blue sky all day, and to play the guitar and banjo and sing and dance half the night—that is a condition that appeals more strongly to the negro than the mere prospect of gain.

It is true, however, that more money is to be made picking cotton than in any other way. Even a shif'less, triflin' town nigger may earn $2 a day. A first-class cotton picker may make as much as $5 a day. For a Texas negro to make an enormous income. Cotton pickers are paid by the hundred pounds. The average rate of pay is $1 a hundred pounds. In the language of a Texan who picks his own cotton: "Some shore do take a heap of cotton to make a hundred pounds."

Remnant Bulletin

$1.00 Colored Velvets
50c Colored Satins
98c Brocaded Silks
25c China Silks
50c Velveteen
75c Corduroys
98c Black Brocade
48c China Silk
$1.00 Panne Velvet
$1.50 Mirror Velvet

Lengths from ¼ to 1½ yds. Each **12½c**

9c Lining Cambric, yard 2c
20c Brocaded Spun Glass, yard 5c
15c Double Faced Silesia, yard 5c
25c Mercerized Satine, yard 14c
10c Percaline, all colors, yard 5c
8 1-3c Crinoline, yard 4c
10c Silesia, yard 5c

Drapery Remnants

Short lengths of Cretonne, Silkoline, Art Denims, Tapestry and Curtain Swiss in good wantable lengths on sale Bargain Friday at **Half Price.**

The Broadway Department Store

DON'T WORRY

Another Bargain Friday

Every Friday finds our store packed with bargain seekers and bargain finders. The same scene will be repeated today to a greater degree than ever. We have brought all our commercial strength to bear to offer you bigger and stronger bargains than ever. Every Department Manager has come to the front with rich bargain plums. Each shelf, counter and fixture has been emptied of the short lengths, short lines and broken assortments. This immense mass of merchandise has been piled upon Friday's bargain altar. An offering to the frugal, thrifty buyers of all classes. Come to this big, busy store today with your hopes high—even though your purse be light we can satisfy your wants. Little purses will buy big bundles on Bargain Friday. Read every item, then come expecting all these and hundreds more.

$1.75 Kid Gloves, 75c.

Women's gloves, odd lines of every color and size; some of our finest French kid gloves with fancy embroidered back; others of fine lambskin; some mocha and some suede in the lot. A good range of sizes; street and evening colors. Values up to $1.75. Come early if you want them. Special Bargain Friday, pr 75c.

Women's 15c Handkerchiefs 8½c.

Made of fine lawn; new designs; lace-trimmed and fancy embroidered corners, valued up to 15c. Special Bargain Friday, each, 8 1-3c.

New Fancy Hose 11c.

Women's hose in black, blue or red with white stripes and dots, very pretty combination, a well made stocking with spliced heel and toe; guaranteed fast color; you won't find a better stocking at 20c. Special Bargain Friday, per pair, 11c.

25c Corset Covers 15c.

Corset covers of good grade muslin, French style, full front-trimmed with embroidery or lace, well finished, as good a garment as you ever bought at 25c. Special Bargain Friday, each 15c.

Cloak and Suit Section.

Friday Specials.

15 dozen percale wrappers, dark colors, stripes and figures, sizes from 34 to 42, bust measure; well made, neat appearing garments that would sell in the regular way up to $1.00. We have sold them for 75c; will close out this entire lot Bargain Friday at, each **59c**

Eiderdown Dressing Sacks.

Excellent quality, good range of colors, well made, some have been slightly soiled in handling; only a limited quantity so come early if you want them. Values up to $1.49; special Bargain Friday, each **98c**

Flannel Waists.

Made of good wool flannel, odd lines, good colors, sizes up to 40; would be cheap at $1.00. Special Bargain Friday, each **69c**

Figured brilliantine skirt, plain black; lined throughout; neat appearing; well finished; good value at $2. Special Bargain Friday **$1.39**

Dress skirts, black or blue; made from all wool sacking; well lined; trimmed with stitched bands of satin. Well worth $3.50. Limited quantity only. Special Bargain Friday only, each **$2.48**

Men's 69c Underwear 48c

Fleece lined, light blue color; will not shrink or irritate the skin; shirts and drawers to match; all sizes; worth 69c. Bargain Friday, per garment, 48c.

Unlaundered Shirts 23c

Men's white shirts, long or short bosoms; good grade muslin; linen fronts and wrist bands; felled seams; all sizes; worth 45c. Bargain Friday, each, 23c.

Police Suspenders 25c

Police and firemen's suspenders; made of wide, strong web; heavy leather ends; durable buckles; worth 50c. Friday, per pair, 25c.

Bed Comforts 45c.

Good grade bed comforts, made for single and three-quarter beds. Size 72x42. Well worth 60c. Bargain Friday, each, 45c.

Good Gray Blankets 65c.

Good quality gray cotton blankets. Soft and fleecy, 10 quarter size. Worth 85c. Special Bargain Friday, each, 65c.

Battenburg Lace Squares 20c.

Printed Battenburg lace squares, guaranteed fast colors, size 36x36. Cheap at 30c. Special Bargain Friday, each, 20c.

35c Head Rests 22c.

Made from fine grade silk, filled with silk floss; just the thing to make a chair cosy and comfortable. Worth 35c. Special Bargain Friday, each 22c.

Friday Bargains House Furnishings

Half gallon glass water pitchers. The sort that sells regularly at 20c. Special Bargain Friday, each **10c**

Thin blown glass table tumblers, set of six, sell in most places at 40c. Special Bargain Friday, per set **24c**

Glass syrup pitchers, the sort for which you generally pay 25c. Special Bargain Friday, each **10c**

Semi-porcelain cups and saucers; white fancy shapes; set of six. Worth 75c. Bargain Friday, per set **49c**

Decorated china plates, gold edge, assorted floral decorations. Splendid value at 25c. Bargain Friday, each **10c**

Galvanized iron water buckets; large ones. Cheap at 25c. Special Bargain Friday, each **19c**

Boys' $1.25 Shoes 79c.

Good quality satin calf, extension soles, strongly sewn, all sizes. Worth $1.25. Special Bargain Friday, per pair, 79c.

Men's $1.50 Shoes 89c.

Lace or congress, good satin calf, coin toes with tip, extension sole, all sizes; $1.50 values. Bargain Friday, per pair, 89c.

Misses' $1.50 Shoes 89c.

Button or lace, vici kid or box calf, single or double soles; just the thing for school wear; values up to $1.50. Special Bargain Friday, per pair, 89c.

Rem't Slippers and Oxfords 39c.

Broken lines, odds and ends of woman's slippers and oxfords. Large variety of styles; sizes up to 4, no larger; good values up to $1.50; quantity limited. Come early if you want them. Special Bargain Friday, per pair, 39c.

More Friday Specials.

Grenadines and etamines. Black grounds with colored figures and stripes; values up to $1.50. Special Bargain Friday, per yard **59c**

Skirt lengths, black mohair cheviot; splendid quality; 4½ yards to the length. Special Bargain Friday, each **$1.89**

Black all wool henrietta; 40 inches wide; blue black or jet black. Worth 75c. Special Bargain Friday, per yard **49c**

French flannels; Persian figures and fancy stripes; regular 75c grade. Special Bargain Friday, per yard **39c**

All wool cheviot suiting; mixtures of gray, green and oxford. Worth 50c. Bargain Friday, per yard **29c**

Black taffeta silk; full yard wide; very lustrous; worth $1.50. Special Bargain Friday, per yard **99c**

Notable Notions.

Women's leather belts, black and colors, large variety of styles, good buckles. Values up to 15c. While they last, each **1c**

25c Chatelain Bags 10c.

Grain leather, black and colors, well made. Regular 25c ones. Bargain Friday, each, 10c.

2½c Hooks and Eyes 1c.

Hump or swanbill, all sizes, 2 dozen on card. Regular price 2½c. Bargain Friday, each 1c.

5c Crochet Cotton 2½c.

Coats' silk-finished crochet cotton, solid or variegated colors. Slightly soiled. Regular price 5c. Bargain Friday, 2½c.

8c Corset Steels 4c.

5c Linen Thread 2c

3c Box Pins 1½c

Notice These Specials

Box writing paper, white or cream, satin or antique finish, 24 sheets with envelopes to match to the box, regular price 15c; special Bargain Friday, per box **10c**

Dressing combs, hard rubber, unbreakable, polished teeth, special Bargain Friday, each **23c**

Egyptian mist, a splendid preparation for beautifying the complexion and removing pimples, regular price 35c; special, Bargain Friday **19c**

Turquoise sash pins, mounted in good settings, very desirable, special Bargain Friday, each **15c**

Turquoise hat pins, very popular, well made, sold regularly at 25c, special, Bargain Friday, each **10c**

Mantel clocks, solid oak or walnut case, 8-day movement, strikes half hour, would be cheap at $4.00; special, Bargain Friday, each **$3.25**

More Remnants

10c Bleached Muslin, yard 5c
17c Pillow Tubing, yard 10c
15c Percales, yard 7 1-2
10c Black Satine, yard 5c
10c Canton Flannel, yard 5c
8 1-3c Flannelettes, yard 5c
8 1-3 Crash Toweling, yard 5c
48c Table Damask, yard 31c
35c Turkey Red Damask, yard 22c
10c White Dress Goods, yard 5c
6 1-4c Checked Ginghams, yard 3c
6 1-4c Colored Prints, yard 3c
8 1-3c Unbleached Muslin, yard 5c
6 1-4c Cream Domet Flannel, yard 3 1-2c

Elastic and Bindings

Remnants of elastic, black or white, all widths, values up to 10 cents a yard; also remnants of skirt binding, velveteen, corduroy, brush edge and waterproof, values up to 10c. Per Yard **1c**

10c yard Wide Cambric, yard 5c
$1.00 Embroidered Flannel, yard 67c
25c Embroidered Skirt Length, yard 16c
12 1-2c Dress Ginghams, yard 8 1-2c
12 1-2 Durban Cloth, yard 7 1-2c
4c Colored Cheese Cloth, yard 2c

Clothing Section.

Friday Specials.

Men's suits, broken lines in wool cheviots, kerseys, tweeds and worsteds. Nicely tailored. Not all sizes in all patterns but all sizes in the lot. Values up to $8.50. Special Bargain Friday, per suit **$5.00**

Men's pants, odds and ends fancy cassimeres, cheviots, worsteds, etc. Nearly all sizes. Values up to $2.50. Special Bargain Friday, per pair **$1.00**

Boys' suits of mixed wool cheviots and tweeds, medium colors, ages 7 to 14 years. Two piece double breasted sack suits that sell regularly at $1.48. Special Bargain Friday, per suit **90c**

Boys' Corduroy pants, an odd line, colored corduroy, patent waistbands, nearly all sizes. Good 75c value. Special Bargain Friday, per pair **29c**

Boys' waists of fancy striped flannelette, medium and dark colors, ages 4 to 18 years. Regular 25c ones. Special Bargain Friday, each **10c**

Boys' Caps, good all wool cloth, large variety of patterns, good range of sizes. The sort for which you always pay 25c. Special Bargain Friday, each **12½c**

Men's fur felt hats, golf, fedora and alpine shapes. In black, brown, steel and electric gray, good shapes, all sizes. Worth $1.50. Special Bargain Friday, each **98c**

Wire Goods for Friday

5c Tea or Coffee Strainer 2½c
5c Wire Broilers 2½c
5c Coat Hangers 2½c
5c Egg Beaters 2½c
5c Wire Soap Racks 2½c

SPORTING RECORD.

TOMMY RYAN FOULS GREEN.

Referee Stops Contest in Sixth Round.

San Franciscan on His Knees When Hit.

Endurance by Right Sold—The Transylvania Stakes. Women's Golf.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

KANSAS CITY (Mo.) Oct. 10.—Joe Green of San Francisco got the decision over Tommy Ryan in the sixth round of a bout at a local club tonight. Ryan was the aggressor, and had slightly the better of the fight, which was hotly contested until the sixth round, when the referee gave the decision to Green, disqualifying Ryan for striking Green when on his knees.

Ryan had been on his knees to the count of nine seconds just a moment before, and it was evident that he was in some distress. Neither seemed disposed to break away from clinches, though Ryan used more frequently in this way. Ryan put up a fast fight from the start, and in the first round many hard blows were exchanged. Vicious work was intended for knockouts were delivered throughout the fight. Much fine fighting was in Green's corner, although he countered hard and often, Ryan's persistent onslaughts seemed to gradually wear him down. The fight was scheduled for ten rounds.

TRANSYLVANIA STAKES.

ONWARD SILVER'S VICTORY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

LEXINGTON (Ky.) Oct. 10.—Futurity for two-year-old pacers, value $5,000: Improbable won second and third heats, Ciara D. won the first heat; best time 2:19¾. Brother Cooper won three others also started.

The 2:20-class trot, $1000: Col. Cochran won second, third and fourth heats; Addy E. won first heat; best time 2:14¾. Allie Wood and five others started.

The Pennsylvania, 2:12-class trotting: Onward Silver won fourth, fifth and seventh heats; best time 2:10¾. Rosie J. won third and sixth heats; best time, 2:10¾. Chain Shot won first and second heats; best time 2:11¼. Dollie Bidwell, Neva Simpson, Billy Dillon, Chestnut King, Ali Baba and J. T. also started.

The 2:25-class, pacing, $1000, unfinished: Prodigal Wilkes won third and fourth heats, Dan Riley won second and fifth heats, Louise G. won first heat; best time, 2:10¾. Fred M., Home Circle and five others also started.

TWO RECORDS BROKEN.

DISCUS AND WEIGHT THROW.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 10.—The preliminaries of the athletic meet in connection with the St. Louis Fair resulted in two world's records being broken. The new records established were in the discus and weight throwing. John Flannagan, the Irish champion athlete, broke his previous world's record, established here several weeks ago, making 124 feet with the discus. In the fifty-six-pound-weight event Flannagan threw 36 feet 8 inches. This smashed the record of 35 feet 10 inches, which has long been held by J. T. Mitchell, by nearly a foot.

TOO HEFTY FOR PA.

CANADIAN YACHT MAY TRY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The impression deepens that Canada may make the next try for the America's cup. A special to the Tribune quotes the Ottawa Citizen, summarizing the whole story as regards Canadians trying for the cup, in these words:

"Canada's manifest destiny is to send over a yacht to lift the America's cup which proved too hefty for pa. Canadian yachtsmen can beat Americans on the rivers and great lakes, why should they not beat them on the ocean? It is worth trying for, and we believe the money could easily be raised to put a Canadian yacht in the race for America's cup."

ONLY FOUR LEFT.

EIGHTY WOMEN GOLFERS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Only four players now remain of the four score of women golfers who entered for this year's national golf championship, on the links of the Baltusrol Golf Club, near Short Hills, N. J. The players who have survived the medal play in qualifying rounds and two rounds of eighteen-hole match play are Miss Margaret Curtis of the Oakley Country Club, Massachusetts; Miss Lucy Herron, Cincinnati; Mrs. E. A. Manice, Lennox, Mass., and Miss Genevieve Hecker of the Essex Country Club, New Jersey.

The feature of today's playing was the defeat of Miss Bessie Anthony of Chicago by Miss Margaret Curtis.

ENDURANCE BY RIGHT SOLD.

W. C. WHITNEY THE OWNER.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—William C. Whitney is now the owner of the great filly Endurance, by Right. Today the horse was sold by John W. Schorr to John E. Madden, and Madden at once sold her to Whitney. No terms were given out, but the prevailing opinion is that the price paid by Whitney was $20,000.

Worth Summaries.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Seven furlongs: Oliver Mc. won, Frank Ireland second, Boomerack third; time 1:29 3-5.

Mile and a quarter: Kentucky Babe won, Sarilla second, Fox Bard third; time 2:09.

Five furlongs: Jack Rattlin won, Gallantry second, Lucien Appleby third; time 1:01 1-5.

Mile. Worth handicap: The Lady won, W. J. Deboe second, Argregor third; time 1:40 3-5.

Six furlongs: Lyror Belle won, Evelyn Byrd second, Andes third; time 1:14 1-5.

Five and a half furlongs: Step Onward won, St. Hera second, Lingo third, time 1:08 2-5.

Track Record Broken.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—At Morris Park today Chuctanunda broke the track record for seven furlongs, running the distance in 1:26. The best previous mark was 1:26½, made by Modrine last year.

Musette won the Bronx high-weight handicap at six furlongs in 1:13, supplanting Waring's track record of 1:13¼. Results:

Six furlongs: Stuart won, Roxane second, St. Finnan third; time 1:10¾.

Five furlongs: Leonara Loring won, Neither One second, Ice Water third; time 0:59¼.

The Belle Meade stakes, seven furlongs: Chuctanunda won, Paul Clifford second, Princess Pepper third; time 1:26.

The Bronx high-weight handicap, six furlongs: Musette won, Cameron second, Smart Set third; time 1:13.

Mile; Peninsula won, Tom Kenny second, Lady Radnor third; time 1:41¼.

Mile and one-sixteenth, selling: The Amazon won, Prince Richard second, Hammock third; time 1:46¾.

St. Louis Winners.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 10.—Five furlongs, selling: Sting won, Fugurtha second, Sir Lewis third; time 1:03.

Seven furlongs, selling: Ben O'Fallon won, Debiaze second, J. V. Hayes third; time 1:03.

Five and a half furlongs, selling: The Elba won, Little Chico second, W. J. Baker third; time 1:10¼.

The St. Louis Fair stakes, selling, $1000 added, mile and seventy yards: Lady Strathmore won, Peaceful second, Lunar third; time 1:45¾.

Mile and one-sixteenth, selling: Uterp won, Nannie Nolan second, Loone third; time 1:49¾.

Seven furlongs, selling: Lady Curson won, Elba second, Samival third; time 1:29¾.

RICH WEDDING GIFTS.

Senator Aldrich's Gift to Daughter One-tenth His Fortune—Belated Gifts Guarded by Detectives.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

PROVIDENCE (R. I.) Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Today Senator and Mrs. Nelson W. Aldrich sent out 2500 cards announcing the wedding of their daughter.

It is stated that the Senator's gift to his daughter was a check for just one-tenth of his fortune, which is estimated to be fully $5,000,000.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr., gave each of his ushers a block of Standard Oil stock as a souvenir of the occasion.

Presents worth about $750,000, with the belated gifts received today, are guarded by six detectives, whose orders are to remain on duty until further notice.

ASTOR BUYING A TITLE.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It is said that William Waldorf Astor's gift of $50,000 to the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children will be followed by like contributions to nine other charitable institutions in London, and that the $500,000 thus dispensed will win him a title at the time of the coronation.

ARTISTIC after theater at Del Monte Restaurant

CASSIDY IMPLICATED IN SHOOTING.

INQUEST OVER REAMINS OF POSEY AT SAN DIEGO.

Coroner's Jury Returns an Open Verdict — Litigation Over Mesa Grande Tourmaline Mine—New Steamer for Pacific Coast Trade—Brevities.

SAN DIEGO, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The evidence given at the inquest this afternoon over the remains of James Posey, one of the two saloon-keepers killed Tuesday night, implicates Pete Cassidy, a saloonist and prominent "stingaree" character. According to the statement of Ezra Fulkerson, who was in the saloon just previous to the shooting, Andy Quinlan came in with the evident intention of raising a row and assailed him and his brother. After a scrimmage, they got outside, where they found Cassidy and Ed Quinlan, the deceased's brother. Cassidy pushed open the door and apparently took aim. At this instant two shots were heard in succession. "Rosy," a woman from a neighboring saloon, corroborates this story. The jury rendered a non-committal verdict. Cassidy has not been placed under arrest. The inquest in the case of Quinlan will be held tomorrow.

LITIGATION OVER A MINE.

A suit, in which is involved property that ultimately may be worth millions of dollars, was filed this morning in the County Clerk's office by Attorney H. S. Utley. It is entitled D. L. Hoover, C. E. McGary, F. F. Wright, F. N. Wright, plaintiffs, vs. A. E. Heighway, Lippman Tannenbaum, Benedict L. Lederer, J. Goodman Braye, Jr., and Felix Loher, defendants.

It appears from the records that about eight years ago Olive Orcutt of this city filed a notice of location on the claims in question, which are situated near Mesa Grande, but failed to comply with the requirements of the law as to assessment work within the year. It was considered that all claims to the title of the land had been forfeited, and D. L. Hoover proceeded to locate on the same property. He began assessment work, but Urcutt still retained adverse possession. After a year or more Dr. A. E. Heighway of New York located on the claim, disregarding both Orcutt and Hoover. The latter was absent at the time, but Orcutt was driven away from the property by the help of a gun. He later assigned whatever interest he had in the mine to Dr. Polhemus of this city, who brought suit to eject Heighway. This suit was never successfully determined.

According to the complaint filed this morning, the plaintiffs filed on this same property August 27, 1900, and at the same time took possession, and commenced the requisite assessment work. The complaint alleges that the notice of location was properly recorded, and all legal technicalities properly attended to. They continued in possession until September 28 of the same year, when a written agreement was entered into with A. E. Heighway, whereby he was granted the right to remove and ship any and all minerals which he might extract from the claims which are known as the Sancho Pancho mines.

In return for this privilege, it is alleged, Dr. Heighway agreed to deed to the plaintiff a one-tenth royalty on the proceeds of the mine after deducting transportation charges, lapidary fees and commission. This consideration was to be paid the grantors as soon as sales were made of any mineral mined or extracted and returns received therefor. In this contract, it is also alleged, Dr. Heighway bound himself to begin work within ninety days from the date of the contract, and to expend at least $100 in work on the property, and it was a part of the agreement that the lease with the royalty, as mentioned, should continue in force for a period of twelve months, and that, in the event Dr. Heighway or his assigns desired to purchase the property, upon the payment to the grantors of $1000, one-half to be cash and the balance to be paid in six months, there would be executed to the grantees a quit-claim deed to the property. This agreement was also duly filed with the County Recorder.

Under the terms of this contract it appears that the defendants in the action commenced this morning, entered into the occupation of the property, and for ten months past have continued active operations thereon, and that they are now working and operating the same and have taken out of the mine many thousands of dollars' worth of valuable mineral, but that no part of the purchase price has been paid to the plaintiffs; that the thousand dollars agreed upon has never been paid, and that the latter have not received one cent of the one-tenth royalty provided for in the contract. In fact, that nothing whatever has been paid to either of the plaintiffs by any of the defendants or by any one in their behalf. According to the terms of the lease, it has now expired, and the purpose of the present suit is to compel the defendant to surrender the possession and occupancy of the property.

It appears also from the allegations in the complaint that on September 29 of this year the plaintiffs were ousted and ejected from the property by the defendants, and on this particular account damages are asked for in the sum of $300, which constitutes the estimated value of the rents and profits of said mining claim from that date.

Dr. Heighway is now in New York, and those who profess to know the history of the negotiations with regard to this property, say that he has disposed of his interest for the sum of $2000. Mr. Tannenbaum of L. Tannenbaum & Co. New York, is presumably the principal owner, and it has always been the impression that Dr. Heighway acquired the property as his agent. The mines have proved to be very valuable under this company's operations. They have taken out thousands of dollars' worth of tourmaline. Single crystals have been found valued at $100. The litigation commenced this morning is but the beginning of other actions which look to the restoration of the property to the plaintiffs.

A NEW STEAMER.

President J. D. Farrow of the Pacific Coast Steamship Company is here on his regular tour of inspection. He expresses himself as well satisfied with the business being done by this end of the line, saying that it is better this year than ever before, and is gradually growing. He said that the State of California will be put back on the line next week. The Spokane, now being built by the Union Iron Works at San Francisco, will take the State's place as soon as completed, which will be about the first of the year. She will be the finest and most elegantly fitted steamer on the Coast. She will be a little smaller than the Santa Rosa; will be able to accommodate 200 first-class passengers and fifty second-class passengers, and will have 800 tons cargo capacity. She will be lighted with electricity throughout and will have broad, roomy decks. A new feature will be an observation parlor on the upper deck aft, enclosed in glass, with all the incidental features which will add to the comfort and enjoyment of the passengers. Mr. Farrow also said that the company will in a few weeks open an uptown office here, which has never been maintained before.

LOYAL AMERICANS.

San Diego Council, No. 1, Order of Loyal Americans, met last night and adopted a constitution and bylaws. The constitution states the purpose of the organization as to generally retrieve and restore healthy patriotism throughout the land. The headquarters shall be at San Diego, and San Diego Council shall issue charters until such time as grand legislation is possible, which will be after ten councils have been formed. All councils now formed must report monthly to San Diego Council. The flag of America is the emblem of the order, and must be saluted on entering and leaving the council room. The order must be non-sectarian and non-political.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

The ship Riversdale, Capt. Porter, arrived off the heads yesterday afternoon from London, and was towed into mid-stream this morning. She is out 146 days, which is considered an average trip. She has 20,000 barrels of cement for Spreckels, and will dock ready for discharge tomorrow afternoon after the Milton sails.

The thirty-second annual session of the Los Angeles conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, opened this morning at Keener Chapel. Bishop W. W. Duncan of Spartanburg, S. C., presided. The committees were announced and the work formally begun.

The training ship Alert returned from her week's cruise and target practice among the Santa Barbara Islands this morning. She will remain in port a week and will then leave again for another ocean cruise. These will be alternated regularly during her stay at this port.

The steamer Santa Cruz of the Pacific Coast Steamship line will arrive here tomorrow from Santa Barbara with some freight which the Santa Rosa did not have time to handle. The cargo will include 6000 sacks of barley for I. I. Irwin.

The Southern California Congregational Association closed its sessions last evening at the Congregational Church.

The steamer Sesostris of the Kosmos line is expected to arrive within a day or two.

The Azalea sailed today for the north.

MEXICO FAVORS CANAL.

Government Gratified at Abrogation of Clayton-Bulwer Treaty—Plans Western Coast Development.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

DENVER, Oct. 10.—A special to the News from Phoenix, Ariz., says:

"Joaquin Dias Prieto, who is closely in touch with the affairs of the government of Mexico, and recently appointed Consul at this point, commenting today upon the new phases of the isthmian canal question, said that the commercial interests of Mexico are particularly anxious for the construction of the canal, and the government is gratified over the probable abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. Mexico would be pleased to see a neutral commercial canal constructed by this country alone. That republic is planning the rapid development of its western coast by opening seaports and rich mining, agricultural and coffee lands. The completion of the isthmian canal would be of tremendous commercial importance.

SOMETHING EXTRAORDINARY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

BERLIN, Oct. 10.—The National Zeitung, discussing the Washington dispatches that purport to summarize the contents of the projected treaty between the United States and Great Britain and regarding the isthmian canal, says: "Not only for Great Britain, but for all commercial nations, it is a matter of extraordinary significance that one of the most important routes of navigation of the future will be exclusively in the hands of the Americans."

THOMPSON MEETS A DEPUTY.

DENVER, Oct. 10.—News was received in Denver today that Ernest Seton Thompson, the noted writer on wild animals, and John Goff, Colorado's famous guide, who accompanied President Roosevelt on his Mountain-lion hunt, have been arrested in Rio Blanco county for violation of the game laws of Colorado. The arrest was made by Deputy Game Warden Bush. The specific charges against the men were baiting a bear trap with venison and running dogs after a deer. Both gentlemen deny the charges made against them.

AUTOMOBILE WORLD'S RECORD.

DETROIT (Mich.) Oct. 10.—At the Grosse Pointe track this afternoon, Alex Winter of Cleveland drove his heavy racing automobile a mile in 1:12 2-5, lowering the world's track record for an automobile for the distance 1 1-5 seconds.

Catarrh of the Kidneys

Causes a dull pain in the back, loin or groin; causes you to puff up under the eyes; causes frequent desire to urinate, scanty supply, scalding, irritation, dark colored, scanty, turbid urine. Leads to Bright's disease. Should you need evidence that you have catarrh of the kidneys, fill a clean glass bottle with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours. If there is sediment or settling it is evidence that you have catarrh of the kidneys or bladder, and should not delay taking S. B. Catarrh Cure, the effect of which is soon realized. After taking S. B. Catarrh Cure for one week according to directions, fill a bottle with urine, let stand twenty-four hours and you will be surprised at the change, all due to the effect of S. B. Catarrh Cure. For sale by all druggists. Book on Catarrh free. Address Smith Bros., Fresno, Cal.

THE WEATHER.

COMPARATIVE TEMPERATURES.

	Max.	Min.	Mean.		Max.	Min.	Mean.
Boston	72	56	64	New York	72	60	72
Buffalo	72	52	62	Portland	72	52	62
Pittsburgh	72	52	62	Cincinnati	66	54	60
Chicago	66	54	60	St. Paul	52	46	49
St. Louis	76	58	67	Kansas City	76	56	67
Los Angeles	78	58	68	Jacksonville	78	68	73

*The maximum is for October 9; the minimum for October 10. The mean is the average temperature for the two days.

Yesterday's Report and Forecast.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Oct. 10.—(Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.) At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 29.92; at 5 p.m., 29.85. The thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 74 deg. and 68 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 39 per cent.; 5 p.m., 14 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., south; velocity 3 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 6 miles. Maximum temperature, 78 deg.; minimum, 58 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

Weather Conditions.—An area of low pressure overlies the interior of Southern Arizona and the Colorado Valley, but as yet no marked change in the weather conditions has resulted, except cloudiness, with fog on the coast. Fair weather prevails in the interior valleys and north. The weather continues cool in the Pacific slope districts, and light frost occurred this morning at Postalito. The temperature has risen on the North Pacific Coast and fallen a few degrees on the southern.

Forecasts.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Cloudy tonight, with fog; partly cloudy Friday.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—Weather conditions and general forecast. San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 64 deg.; minimum, 52 deg.; mean, 71 deg.

The pressure has risen slowly over the northwest half of the Pacific Slope. A moderate depression overlies the extreme southwest, and conditions are such that a disturbance may appear without much warning on the southern coast. The temperature has risen along the coast between Point Concepcion and Point Reyes. Warm weather prevails in the great valleys, with northerly winds in the Sacramento Valley and southerly winds in the San Joaquin Valley. Forecast:

For Northern California: Cloudy Friday; continued warm in the interior; fresh northeast winds.

Southern California: Cloudy Friday; light northerly winds.

San Francisco and vicinity: Cloudy Friday; fresh north wind.

Sacramento and vicinity: Cloudy Friday, with northerly winds; continued warm.

RECORD OF OBSERVATIONS, 5 P.M.

Station—	Max. Temp.	State of weather.
Alberta	66	Cloudy
Baker City	62	Cloudy
Chena City	62	Cloudy
Eureka	66	Clear
Fresno	86	Part cloudy
Flagstaff	72	Part cloudy
Independence	86	Clear
Los Angeles	78	Part cloudy
Phoenix	92	Clear
Portland	72	Clear
Red Bluff	86	Cloudy
Roseburg	72	Part cloudy
Sacramento	86	Part cloudy
Salt Lake City	66	Clear
San Francisco	64	Clear
San Luis Obispo	74	Clear
San Diego	72	Clear
Seattle	62	Cloudy
Spokane	62	Cloudy
Walla Walla	64	Part cloudy
Yuma	98	Clear

TEMPERATURES AT 5 A.M. YESTERDAY.

New York	60	Chicago	56
Boston	60	Cincinnati	56
Philadelphia	60	Minneapolis	46
Washington	52	St. Louis	66

The Times' Weather Record.—Observations made at 1 p.m. and midnight, daily:

	1 p.m.	Midnight.
Barometer	29.86	29.92
Thermometer	72	59
Humidity	27	76
Weather	Clear	Clear
Maximum temperature, past 24 hours	78	
Minimum temperature, past 24 hours	58	
Rainfall		

Liners.

PARTICULAR NOTICE—

THE TIMES WILL NOT PUBLISH questionable massage, clairvoyant or other objectionable medical and personal advertisements at any price. Frauds and fakes must go elsewhere for publicity.

SPECIAL NOTICES—

L. A. VAN, TRUCK AND STORAGE CO. Household goods shipped to and from the East and North at cut rates; separate rooms and new fire-proof warehouse for storing; experienced packers and shippers; lady attendant. 530 S. Broadway. Tel. M. 672. Residence, Tel. 10. Jos. R. H. DUNSTON, Prop.

THE DETECTIVE AGENCY—Will undertake all classes of legitimate detective work; offices in all the principal cities; corporations, banks, mercantile houses, estates or private individuals. Offices, 215-217 BRYSON BLOCK.

EDDIE, HAVE A BEAUTIFUL BUST. Cream of Roses flesh food strengthens and develops any part of the body; enlarges the bust 6 to 10 inches in one month; $1 per jar. MRS. MARIAN, over Owl Drug Store, 315 S. Broadway.

SCIENCE RECOGNIZES THE TRUTHS OF Christianity. Mrs. Cass is scientific in readings and instructions. Suite 317, HELLMAN BLOCK, Second and Broadway. Instructions at classes or private.

DRINK FRED HEIM'S STEAM BEER; best on bottles and kegs for family trade. Send orders to F. A. HEIM BOTTLING WORKS, 401-403 Stanford st. Tel. Main 36.

L. A. STEAM CARPET CLEANING CO. WILL clean it by aspirator, by genuine use our work; reliving specialty. 325 E. 1st st. Tel. main 76. R. F. BENNETT, Prop.

WANTED — TEACHERS FOR THE STANDard Dress-cutting System; call for business; free lessons; parties. Call 26 SOUTH SPRING st. Mrs. JULIA E. SPAULDING, Mgr.

FRAMING PICTURES TO ORDER A SPECIALty; pictures enlarged; prices reasonable. MAILANDER'S, 442 S. Broadway, between Sixth and Seventh sts.

STANDARD DRESS-CUTTING ACADEMY will open a branch office Nov. 1, at 127 Ocean Park ave., Long Beach. MISS J. A. HAMPTON, Mgr.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED, REPAIRED, BY the Peerless Umbrella and Glove Co. Best work, lowest prices. 113 W. 4TH ST., bet. Main and Spring.

PIONEER STEAM CARPET CLEANING WORKS, 667 S. Broadway. Tel. Main 317. Carpets taken up, cleaned and laid; new rugs.

E. F. TARBELL & CO., 324 W. SIXTH ST. Reliable painting, tinting, decorating, paperhanging, wall papers, etc. TEL. JOSEPH 898.

WINDOW AND VACANT HOUSE CLEANING. 546 S. BROADWAY. Tel. Main 1174.

LACE CURTAINS LAUNDERED BY HAND, the pride, MRS. GRACE HEATH, 213 S. Broadway. Tel. James 3261. Goods called for.

HARRIS'S PURE RICE COMPLEXION POWder; Harris Imperial Rouge. It gives you a beautiful complexion. 216 S. BROADWAY. 19

TEL. MAIN 625— DIAMOND WINDOW CLEANING CO., 438 S. Broadway.

SEWING MACHINES BOUGHT, SOLD, EXchanged and repaired; rent $1.50 per month. ACKLEY, 307 S. Spring. Tel. Exc. 127.

INSURE FOR ACCIDENT — FIDELITY MUtual Aid Association, ERNEST W. SCHMIDT, general agent, 113 Maple ave., city.

CALIFORNIA BURIAL ASSOCIATION; BENnett Building, 140 Nevada block, 204 N. Spring st.; Los Angeles.

REMEMBER, THE FINEST FLOOR POLISHing is done by experts. See C. A. MASTEN, 656 S. Broadway. 17

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS AT HOTEL MINERVA, 426 W. Main st., by day or month. Respectable house.

USE HARRIS'S BLEACH CREAM AND Lotus rouge. It stands the test. 216 S. BROADWAY. 19

BEST PAINT, $1.65 GAL.; U. S. LEAD, to 5 square shades, 35c. WALTER, 427 Spring.

CARE WALL PAPER STORE, 630 S. SPRING. Paper-hanging, painting, tinting. Brown 1052.

SMITH & LEWIS, STOVE REPAIR CO., 317 S. BROADWAY. PHS., PETER 7243.

REPAIRS MADE FOR ANY STOVE OR range. 129 N. MAIN. Tel. James 3621.

WANTED—CHIMNEY BUILDERS. PLEASE call at No. 328 S. OLIVE ST. 11

SUIT CLEANING BY THE MONTH. TEL. green 2621. 648 S. SPRING.

WANTED— Help, Male.

MUMMEL BROS. & CO., EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

A Strictly First-class, Reliable Agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.

230-232 W. Second st., basement California Bank Building. Telephone 1070.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Harness cleaner, $20 etc.; ad. solicitor, 20 per cent.; 3 men, Southwick press, 12½c etc.; milk-wagon driver, $20 etc.; married man, orange orchard, $40 and furnished house; hostler, $1.75 etc.; married man, $35, house, etc.; cook and dishleman, $25 etc. coachman and gardener, $30 etc.; woodchoppers, $1.50 and 40 cord; 3 laborers, city, $2; orchard man, $35 etc.; furniture man, hotel, $25 etc.; upholsterer, $15 week; truck gardener, $30 etc.; brickyard laborer, $2; scraper teamsters, $1.50 and $2; chore boy, $15 etc.; orchard hand, $1.75; boys, 15 to 16 years, 3 ranch hands, $20 etc.; carpet layer, Arizona, $30 week; hotel house man, $25 etc.; 6-horse teamster, $1.25 etc.; swamper, $1 etc.; scraper teamsters, $1.75; man and wife, ranch, $40 etc.; 2 American milkers, $30 etc.; pick and shovel men, $1.75 etc.; boy, store, Arizona, $15; carpenters, $3 city and country; man, skimming station, $25 etc.; gasoline engineer, $40 etc.; blacksmith, $3; teamsters, laborers, railroad, Southern Nevada and Arizona, $2 and $1.75; ship tonight. HOTEL AND RESTAURANT DEPT.

Shop baker, $20 week; restaurant cook, $15 etc.; another, country, $12 etc.; furniture man, $25 etc.; washer and engineer, Arizona, $15 etc.; hotel waiter, $5 etc., and $25 etc., Arizona; ranch cook, $35 etc.; camp cook, $30 etc.; 2 waiters, Yuma, $20 etc., employer here; spring cook, $40 etc.; second baker, $8 etc.; waiter, city, $20 etc.; vegetable man, $7 etc. (Phil Sheridan please call); dishwasher, $7 etc.

WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Housegirls, $20 and $25; family cook, $25 to $30; girls to assist, $15; camp cook, $35.

WOMEN'S HOTEL DEPT.

Chambermaids, Santa Barbara, $20; chambermaids, Arizona, wait table, $25; waitress, country, $25; cook, Redlands, $30; restaurant cook, $30 week; waitresses, Arizona, $25, employer here; waitresses, Tucson, Arizona, $5 fare.

11 HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

E. W. REID & CO., EMPLOYMENT AGENTS—now at 129 W. FIRST ST., TEL. MAIN 1094. Twenty years in the business.

Wanted—Man and wife for ranch, $45; milker, $30; 2 teams and wife, fruit ranch, furnished house, $40; carpenters, $2.25 and $3 per day; 3 lemon packers, good pay; carpenter's helper, $1.25 and board; 4 woodchoppers, $1 cord; yard man, $20 and board; 3 ranch hand, light place, $20; man to cook for 4 men, $5 week; night lunch cook for Mojave, $25; crockery salesman, city; stableman, country, $20; ranch hand and milk 4 cows, $25; boy for store, $4; teamsters, country, $2 month and board; window cleaning, steady job, $1.50 day.

FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

Cooks, country, $25; waitress, $20; restaurant, $5 week; dishwashers, housegirls, nursegirls and second girls; lunch girls, 50c. 11 REID'S AGENCY.

WANTED—AT $30 A DAY, STEADY EMployment, MACHINE BLACKSMITHS, BENCH HANDS, MACHINE HANDS, PATTERN MAKERS, ALL KINDS OF IRON WORKERS FROM SAN FRANCISCO; MEN CAPABLE OF HANDLING WORK WITH STEAM HAMMER; SAFE FOUNDERS AND GOOD FIRST MOLDERS FOR SATISFACTORY SERVICE APPLY AT OFFICE, BEALE AND HOWARD STS.

WANTED—A RELIABLE MAN WITH ORDInary business ability to take charge of our agency in one of the best towns in Southern California; a good-paying position to right man; must have $100 for security or investment; only those wanting a permanent position need reply; state age and business experience. Address M., box 28, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—BY W. L. HUMPHREYS & CO. We are not the oldest, but we are modern and up to date employment people of Southern California. If you want good help, we give you the best. Those looking for work, call and see our list. 111½ E. SECOND ST. 11

U. S. HANSEN & CO.— EMPLOYMENT AGENTS— 121½-123½ W. SECOND ST., L. A. Phone main 1077.

Free Register. Correspondence Solicited. P. O. office, 124 Geary st. Established 1875.

WANTED — A YOUNG MAN TO WORK ON outside work and hardwood floors; one who has a knowledge of varnishing; must have first-class qualifications and wages wanted by letter. Address JNO. A. SMITH, 456 S. Broadway. 11

WANTED—MEN, OUR FREE ILLUSTRATED catalogue explains how we teach the barber trade in 6 weeks; positions guaranteed; tools given away; write today. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, 647 Clay st., San Francisco. 11

WANTED — DELIVERY, STORE MAN, attendant, draughtsman, grocer, gents' furnishing salesman, dry goods, framer, correspondent, bookkeeper, general help. EDWARD NITTINGER, 224 S. Spring.

WANTED — BEER SALESMEN; MUST BE experienced, of good address, and have good references. Apply by letter or in person to BEER, SAN DIEGO BREWING CO., San Diego, Cal. 14

WANTED—A CARPENTER FOR A MANUfacturing plant to act as a general handy man; permanent employment; $60 per month; Sunday, day. Address L, box 14, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS BUSHELMAN AND greaser, $2 day; steady work to responsible party. BAKERSFIELD CLEANING AND DYEING WORKS, 409-411 L st., Bakersfield, Cal.

WANTED—BARBERS WITH LIMITED EXperience; State certificate not necessary. Call at once. MERCHANTS' BARBER SHOP, First and Spring sts. 12

WANTED—MAN TO TRAVEL IN SOUTHern California; light work; no peddling; small investment; good pay. Address M, box 8, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—STRONG, WILLING BOY. FURnace helper; no cigarettes; no "softdrinks." If you mean business, call Friday or Saturday, 318 S. SPRING. 11

WANTED—6 MEN, PICK AND SHOVEL, $1.50; 2 lemon pickers, $1.50. Apply HOLLYWOOD EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, Hollywood, Cal.

WANTED — A GOOD DRY-GOODS SALESman and window trimmer; good position for the right man. Address H. SLATER, Redlands, Cal.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SALESMEN FOR Hosiery, Notions and Draperies. We give an advance fee for our service. 328 S. BYRNE BLOCK. 11

WANTED—FOUR FIRST-CLASS PAINTERS; must be thoroughly mechanics and used to it. DRAWBAUGH, 6 N. Fair Oaks, Pasadena. 11

WANTED—CARPENTER (NON-UNION), TO build fence. Apply morning, MILLER'S, 4 blocks north of end of Temple-st. car line. 11

WANTED—JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT Agency; $100 all kinds; also labor furnished day, hour, 942 S. SPRING. Tel. brown 1622.

WANTED — CLERK FOR CLOTHING AND shoes, country store; salary $60; experience necessary. 315 COPP BLDG. 11

WANTED — GROCERY CLERK; EXPERIenced; $40 to $50 month; steady, good position. 315 COPP BLDG. 11

WANTED — TODAY, 3 WOODCHOPPERS. RELIABLE "HELP" BUREAU, 427 Byrne Bldg. Phone black 728. 11

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN FOR WINDOW cleaning and janitor work. Apply 225 S. HILL, at 4 p.m.

WANTED—MAN FOR CIGAR STAND; $200 will cover stock and fixtures; bargain. 315 COPP BLDG. 11

WANTED — DRY-GOODS CLERK FOR ARIzona store; must be first-class; salary $100. 315 COPP BLDG. 11

WANTED—SHOE CUTTERS BY BUCKINGHAM & HECHT, 26th and Valencia sts., San Francisco, Cal. 12

WANTED—BARBERS; 5 NON-UNION MEN with licenses; guarantee $15 a week. 537 S. SPRING ST. 11

WANTED—BOY, 15 TO 18 YEARS OLD, TO work in store. Address M, box 84, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—JOB PRESS FEEDER. COMMERcial Printing House, 328-330 S. Los Angeles st.

WANTED — A BOY TO LEARN THE OPTIcian trade. FRED DETMERS, 304 S. Broadway. 11

WANTED—SEVERAL FIRST-CLASS LABORing men at once. Apply 111 N. SPRING ST.

WANTED—SIX CARPENTERS FOR INSIDE finishing. W. ADAMS, east Normandie st. 11

WANTED—EXPERIENCED SHIRT STARCHer. CLEAVER'S LAUNDRY, 814 S. Main. 12

WANTED—TAILOR TO DO PRESSING AND basting. 1067 W. THIRD ST., room 3. 11

WANTED—A STRONG BOY. L. A. LITHOGRAPHIC CO., 723 E. First. 19

WANTED—STRONG BOY TO HELP PLUMber. Apply 201 N. BROADWAY. 11

WANTED—MEN'S SOLES, 35c; LADIES', 30c. BUSY BEE, 217 W. Fourth st.

WANTED—A HARNESS MAKER. ADDRESS O. PAPINEAU, Riverside. 11

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN BUTCHER. 1819 S. MAIN.

WANTED—GOOD CARPENTERS AT 719 E. 25TH ST. 11

WANTED— To Rent.

WANTED—TO RENT; GENTLEMAN WITH small family wishes 4 or 5-room unfurnished flat or cottage for permanent occupancy. Call or address WHANN, 106 N. Los Angeles st. 13

WANTED— Help, Female.

WANTED—OFFICE, STORE, HOTEL, FACtory help, trimmer, notions, saleladies, inexperienced, also housekeeper, seamstress, housework. EDWARD NITTINGER, 224 S. Spring. 11

WANTED — A HOUSEKEEPER AND COMpanion for elderly lady with one son; must speak English and German; good home to right party. Address M, box 6, TIMES OFFICE. 13

WANTED — EXPERIENCED SALESLADIES for laces, hosiery and all departments dry goods and notions; registration free. 525 BYRNE BLOCK. 11

WANTED—GIRL, GENERAL HOUSEWORK; must be good cook; wages $35; no washing; 3 in family. 2627 ORCHARD AVE., near Adams. 12

WANTED—A RELIABLE GIRL ABOUT 15, can have a pleasant home and good wages assisting general housework at 146 S. FLOWER ST. 11

WANTED—3 IRONER FOR FINE CLOTHES immediately at LA FRENCH LAUNDRY, Redlands, Cal. $3 per week and board. 17

WANTED — EXPERIENCED ALTERATION women in cloak and suit department. Apply at once. N. B. BLACKSTONE. 12

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply at BEKINK'S, 304 South Broadway. Tel. main 19.

WANTED—HOUSE HELP; GOOD PLACES; good wages. RELIABLE "HELP" BUREAU, 427 Byrne Bldg. 11

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS WOMAN COOK, country; wages $25. Apply early. Room 1-5, 128 W. FIRST ST. 11

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO COOKING AND downstairs work in small family. 933 S. BURLINGTON AVE. 11

WANTED — YOUNG GIRL WASH DISHES, etc., for good home. Address M, box 14, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED — CRESCENT EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 341½ S. Spring. Do you need help? Call up red 2281. 11

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS LADY VOCALIST accustomed to stage work. Apply at UNIQUE THEATER. 11

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS WAIST, SKIRT hands and apprentice. C. STEVENSON, 643 S. Hill st.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork in small family. 1632 BUSH. 11

WANTED — A GOOD, COMPETENT COOK. Apply 10 CHESTER PLACE. 11

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 561 GLADYS AVE. 11

WANTED—GIRLS AT BISHOP & CO.'S FACTORY, Seventh and Alameda. 13

WANTED— Situations, Male.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, POSITION IN retail grocery; 12 years' experience as solicitor and clerk; A1 reference; city, country or Arizona. Address M, box 46, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—BY NEAT AND TRUSTWORTHY colored man, experienced in coaching and work about house; good references and habits. F. DOUGLAS, 312 Revere st. 11

WANTED—POSITION BY A NEAT YOUNG Japanese boy to do general housework or kitchen help in city or country. Address M, box 57, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED — BY A CARPENTER, STEADY work at bench or inside finish; office fixtures or cabinet work. Address FORTY-SIX, 1239½ S. Spring. 11

WANTED—BY A JAPANESE YOUNG MAN position as porter or milking, etc., around this city. 216 WILMINGTON ST., Los Angeles. 12

WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED JAPANESE cook, situation in wealthy family, city or country. Address J. box 91, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT Agency. Help all kinds; also labor furnished day, hour, 942 S. SPRING. Tel. brown 1622.

WANTED—SITUATION BY FULLY EXPErienced man; place as coachman; good reference. Address M. box 60, TIMES OFFICE. 13

WANTED—BY JAPANESE, NICE BOY, A position as housework boy; understands everything. FURUTA, 713 Broadway. 12

WANTED — BY A JAPANESE, WORK AS cook and housework, city or Pasadena. Address A. M., 230 WINSTON ST.

WANTED—BY FAITHFUL JAPANESE, POSITION as housework or jr. boy or hotel or saloon. OKAKAR, 1006 W. Sixth st. 11

WANTED — SITUATION DRIVING DELIVery wagon, or clerk in grocery store. Address M, box 51, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED — WE HAVE CAPABLE, RELIable men on our list. RELIABLE "HELP" BUREAU, 427 Byrne Bldg. 11

WANTED — DISHWASHING OR WORK AS kitchen helper, city or country. Address M, box 48, TIMES OFFICE. 12

WANTED—BY TRUTHFUL JAPANESE, SITuation as housework boy in nice family. ASAYI NAKA, 727 W. Sixth st. 11

WANTED—A SITUATION BY JAPANESE; good cook and washing. 642 S. SPRING. Tel. brown 1622. 11

WANTED — POSITION BY JAPANESE AS school boy in family. 642 S. SPRING. Tel. brown 1622. 11

WANTED — BY YOUNG JAPANESE BOY, situation as school boy. B. B., 2223 S. MAIN ST. 11

WANTED— Situations, Female.

WANTED — A SITUATION TO DO LIGHT housework by a woman with child 2 years old. Call at 421 WALL ST. No children; no washing; for room and board.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG LADY, POSITION as companion in exchange for good home; will assist in housework. Address M, box 4, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED — SITUATION BY COMPETENT German girl for second work; Pasadena preferred. Call or write, Room 5, 450 N. HILL ST. 11

WANTED—SITUATION AS NURSE; YOUNG Christian girl; Pasadena preferred; good reference. Address M, box 25, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—PLACE FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; no washing; wages $25 a month. Call or address 782 W. SEVENTH ST. 11

WANTED—POSITION FOR LADY COLLECtor, cashier, hotel housekeeper. RELIABLE "HELP" BUREAU, 427 Byrne Bldg. 11

WANTED — EMPLOYMENT BY A GOOD, practical nurse for infants and grown people. 652 W. 3RD ST. Tel. blue 638. 11

WANTED — RELIABLE, SETTLED WOMAN would like position as chambermaid. Address M, box 33, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN, situation to do cooking. $25. 629 S. BROADWAY. 'Phone John 3681. 623 S. BROADWAY. 11

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY, WASHING or house-cleaning. 'Phone John 3681. 623 S. BROADWAY. 11

WANTED — SEWING BY THE DAY; SHOP preferred. 629 S. BROADWAY. 'Phone John 3681. 11

WANTED— To Purchase.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE— NORTH & GRASETT.

Wanted—We have buyers for houses and lots south and southwest.

Wanted—We have purchaser for income business property.

NORTH & GRASETT.

12 242 Wilcox Block.

WANTED—TO BUY AN ELEVATOR, NEW or second-hand, such as is used in basements under sidewalks; elevation about 9 feet; to be operated by hand; if second-hand, must be as practically as good as new; state price and where it can be seen. Address L, box 54, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE HOUSE, 5 TO 8 rooms, good or bad condition; west or southwest; prefer Westlake direction, but not over 15-minute car ride from First and Spring; no agents need answer; cash ready. Address M, box 49, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—FOR CUSTOMER, GOOD 5-ROOM cottage in City Center or Williamson tract, or that vicinity; must be a bargain, and we can make quick sale. DYAS-GERMAN R. E. CO., 117-118 Henne Block, 122 W. Third st. 12

WANTED — WE HAVE CASH CUSTOMER for a close-in business income property; quote us right price for quick sale. DYAS-GERMAN R. E. CO., 117-118 Henne Block, 122 W. Third st. 12

WANTED—LIST YOUR PROPERTY WITH me that you wish to sell. C. W. CONWAY, 311 Bradbury Bldg.

WANTED — TO BUY FURNITURE AND household goods. If you are going to sell, we will pay one-third more than others. 'Phone us, red 2111. COLTZAR'S, 322 S. Main st.

WANTED—TO BUY COTTAGE ON INSTALLments, southwest, reasonable distance; will pay $125 down; price not to exceed $1800. Address M, box 64, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—TO BUY HOUSE OF FROM 4 TO 7 rooms; shady lot, good location; terms $10 down, $10 every 3 months. Address M, box 39, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED — TO PURCHASE 5 OR 6-ROOM cottage; $100 cash, $25 per month; customer waiting. C. H. HOGE & CO., 302 S. Broadway. 11

WANTED — TO PURCHASE SECOND-HAND roll-top desk; time payments preferred. Address K, box 60, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—HOUSEHOLD, OFFICE FURNIture. COLGAN, 316-318 S. Main. Tel. red 3121.

WANTED — STORE FIXTURES, showcases, etc. TEL. JAMES 4121. 216 E. Fourth.

WANTED— Help, Male and Female.

WANTED — KITCHEN HELP ON RANGE; restaurant. 125 N. BROADWAY. 11

WANTED— Work by the Day.

WANTED—DAY'S WORK IN FIRST-CLASS families; understand doing fine laundry work, also curtains and laces. Address M, box 33, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED — JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT Agency. All kinds of laborers are promptly furnished. 502 W. SIXTH ST. 'Phone Joseph 1441. 21

WANTED — JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT Agency. Housework done by day or month. Tel. green 601. 626 W. SIXTH. 12

WANTED—JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT Agency; work by day. 642 Spring. T. Bro. 1622.

WANTED— Agents and Solicitors.

WANTED—M'KINLEY'S LIFE, BY MURAT Halsted; best author; best book; best terms; retails $1.50; will duplicate any offer or inferior books; credit given, freight paid; outfit free. J. S. ZEIGLER & CO., Chicago, Ill. 11

WANTED—TWO NEWSPAPER SOLICITORS; salary $12 and commissions. Room 205, HELLMAN BLDG. 11

WANTED— Partners.

WANTED—PARTNER WITH $800 CASH TO take interest in established real estate business. If you want a good opportunity, investigate. BROWN & HIGGINS, 110 S. Broadway. 11

WANTED— Rooms with Board.

WANTED—HAVE YOU ROOMS WITH OR without board for rent to desirable tenants. Avoid publicity and trouble by obtaining them through this office. Private families a specialty. MERCANTILE INVESTMENT CO., 227 Byrne Bldg.

WANTED— Houses.

WANTED — OWNERS OF RENTAL PROPERTY, LIST YOUR HOUSES AND FLATS WITH US. WE HAVE CONSTANT DEMAND FOR BOTH FURNISHED AND UNFURNISHED HOUSES. DREW & LAPWORTH, 423-424-425 DOUGLAS BLDG.

WANTED— Rooms.

WANTED—2 FURNISHED OR PARTIALLY furnished housekeeping rooms, close in; state price; permanent; no children. Address L, box 46, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED— Miscellaneous.

WANTED—TO REMOVE ABOUT 2000 CUBIC yards of soil, corner of First and Flower sts.; will give soil free to party who will remove it according to specifications. WRIGHT & CALLENDER, 222 S. HILL ST. 222

WANTED — THE ADDRESS OF GEO. W. Miles. Address JOHN MILES, U. S. Hotel, room 81.

WANTED—10,000 TREES TO SPRAY; SATISfaction guaranteed. C. N. BAKER, 1307 W. 25th. 13

WANTED—BRICK WORK AND PLASTERing done on short notice. Ring up ALTA 87. 11

FOR SALE— City Lots and Lands.

FOR SALE—

A GRAND RESIDENCE SITE,

BETWEEN OCEAN VIEW AND MARYLAND, HAS A WESTERN EXPOSURE AND COMMANDS A VIEW OF BOTH OCEAN AND MOUNTAIN. SURROUNDED BY FINE HOMES. A BARGAIN AT $2500.

FIELDING J. STILSON, 11 229 DOUGLAS BLDG.

FOR SALE — 2 GOOD BUYS ON BONNIE Brae just north of Sixth; one for $3000 and one for $4000; they won't last long. Lot on Bonnington, near corner of Eighth, $1000. Lot on W. Ninth between Grand View and Carondolet, $950. Two lots on Carondolet south of Ninth, for $750 each. Several good buys on Grand View and Fremont places, Third and Sixth. Nice lot on W. 12th near Georgia, for only $1150. All of these are bargains. LEE A. M'CONNELL & CO., 143 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—$875; FINE LOT ON W. 16TH; lease 11 years; 5-blocks from Figueroa. $350—Lot close to corner of 30th and Figueroa. $750—50x150, Grand View near 19th. $350—Lot 24th, ½ block San Pedro. F. G. CALKINS & CO., 11 Tel. main 852. 304 Laughlin Bldg.

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP; 24 ACRES IN the city, southwest, one block from University line and 2½ blocks from Traction cars; this property fronts one of the avenues and is perfectly level. Is ripe for subdivision or would make large avenue grounds for a fine large home. A good pick-up for speculation. M'GARVIN & BRON SON CO., 229½ S. Spring st.

FOR SALE—$21,000; 71 ACRES, FINE FOR subdivision; don't miss it. CHAS. W. ALLEN & CO., 12 Tel. green 1016. 142 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAINS; LOT 52 x135 on south side of Second st., west of Pickering. $600. Also 60x180 on alley, on North side of Michigan ave., next to the corner of Mathews st. $300. F. A. HUTCHINSON, 119 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—4 BARGAINS IN CITY LOTS. 1 lot, each 50x150, on W. Eighth st., $2500 each. Lot 50x150 on W. Ninth st., $900. GEORGE E. HUNTSBERGER, 417 Douglas Bldg. 11

FOR SALE—VERY CHEAP LOTS, 60x150 TO 50-ft. alley; Flower st. between Third and Fourth; fine for flats or rooming-house. WIESENDANGER, 226-229 Laughlin Block. 11

FOR SALE—3 LARGE LOTS, 30TH NEAR Vermont; one north, 2 front, $600; 2 front, $650 each; terms $100 cash, balance easy. Also 50x150, $1800; large lot on Arnold close in, $950. All are cheap. E. G. ROBINSON, 221 Byrne Block. 12

FOR SALE—WE HAVE A FINE LOT ON beautiful Ingraham, for a few days only, at $1000; can put it within your reach. JOHN WESLEY DAY, 138 S. Broadway. 11

FOR SALE—SPECIAL BARGAIN; 100x180 ON Hope st. north of 12th st., $2400. $2400 will buy one new 7-room house on Hope st. F. A. HUTCHINSON, 119 S. Broadway. 12

FOR SALE—$175; $5 MONTHLY; 40-FOOT lot, cement walk, $50 st., one block west of Central ave. WIESENDANGER, 226 Laughlin Block. 11

FOR SALE — NORTH & GRASETT. WE have some bargains in lots in the best part of the city. NORTH & GRASETT, 102 Wilcox Blk. 12

FOR SALE—3 BARGAINS; 3 ACRES THIS city, well improved, $1500; 1 acre, Hollywood, $1000. R. D. LIST, 221 Wilcox Bldg.

FOR SALE—TWO BARGAINS; LARGE LOT near 18th and Central, $250; lot on Jefferson st., $350. R. D. LIST, 221 Wilcox Bldg.

FOR SALE—3 LARGE LOTS, CLOSE TO car line, for only $850. E. A. MILLER, 237 W. First.

FOR SALE — BARGAINS IN CITY AND country property. H. L. KNIGHT, 136 S. Broadway. 12

FOR SALE— Country Property.

FOR SALE—SALT LAKE ROAD WILL SOON be running. For State lands in Vegas Valley with plenty of water, at $1.25 per acre, 20c down, see J. F. M'PHERSON, 403 Stimson Block, cor. Third and Spring. A commissioner for Nevada in California.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE; ALFALFA ranch at Compton, 84 acres, plenty water; good buildings; live stock, farming tools; a bargain. Call for particulars. DYAS-GERMAN REAL ESTATE CO., 117-118 Henne Block, 122 W. Third.

FOR SALE—3 ACRES AT TOLUCA, 17 acres bearing grapes, balance apricots; new house, barn, windmill, tank. Apply to owner, C. O. VAN WYK, Toluca, Cal.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL 5-ACRE ORANGE grove in Alhambra, where you have all city advantages; this is a great bargain. E. A. MILLER, 237 W. First. 12

FOR SALE—FOREST RESERVE (SCRIP) with which you can secure patent for government land without living thereon. E. A. MILLER, 237 W. First. 11

FOR SALE—2½ ACRES OF FINE FRUIT land for only $400; $25 cash, balance easy payments. E. A. MILLER, 237 W. First. 12

FOR SALE—SEND FOR OUR CATALOGUE of Santa Clara Valley land bargains. WOOSTER & WHITTON, San Jose, Cal.

FOR SALE—MOUNTAIN VILLA; MODERN improvements. Write MOUNTAIN, 54 Times.

FOR SALE— Houses.

FOR SALE—EASY TERMS— BEN WHITE & LAWLOR. Exclusive Agents. TIMES OFFICE. 11

$100 cash and $10 monthly, 4 rooms Gates st.; price $725.

$200 cash, balance $12 monthly, 4 rooms, furniture included, $900; E. 29th st.

$200 cash, balance to suit; lot 42x150; W. Pico, $1000.

$150 cash and $15 monthly, 5 rooms; Hemlock, $1250.

$300 cash and $15 monthly, 1 acre with buildings and trees; fine for chicken ranch; E. Los Angeles, $1250.

$1500 will buy 1 acre at Pasadena, nicely improved; a positive bargain.

$2000—Good 5-room house, W. 24th st.

$1450—5 rooms, Denver ave.

$2100—7 rooms, lot 87½x200, Central, near Fifth st.; a good bargain.

$2500—6 rooms, 27th near Maple.

$200 cash; balance like rent; 5 rooms; Austin st., $1200; some magnificent homes S.W., prices range from $1500 to $15,000. A beauty on Bonnie Brae for $7000; to buy, sell or exchange go to BEN WHITE & LAWLOR, 230 W. Second st. 12

FOR SALE—HOUSES— NORTH & GRASETT.

For sale—A new 6-room cottage, modern, all conveniences, on Traction line; large lot; price $2200.

For sale—A fine residence on Burlington ave., 11 rooms, furnace, etc., beautifully furnished, large barn; lot 75x150; this is very cheap at $12,000.

For sale—On Flower st., house of 10 rooms, lot 50x330; a good buy at $7000.

Houses at all prices; some very much under cost.

NORTH & GRASETT, 11 102 Wilcox Block.

FOR SALE—$3250; A NEW, MODERN, 5-room house toward Westlake Park; $500 cash, balance on long time.

$3500—A large, modern house, artistically finished and dec

Liners.

TO LET—
Rooms.

TO LET—THE SUNNYSIDE, 329 N. BROADWAY; nice clean rooms from $4 per month up; an elegant front suite just vacated, with air-tight heater and privilege of light housekeeping; fine location, only 4 minutes' walk from City Hall. Parlor, piano, bath. 11

TO LET — FURNISHED ROOMS, GENTLEMEN wanted to occupy furnished rooms in private house; close to business center; electric light; instantaneous heater, etc. 1027 S. HILL. 11

TO LET — ½ OF NEW HOUSE, NEWLY furnished, southwest; south front; quiet neighborhood; ¼ block from Traction car; water, bath, telephone. $15. 1251 W. 23D PLACE. 11

TO LET—FURNISHED, A LARGE, SUNNY suite; also single room; housekeeping privileges; excellent location; private family. 1019 PARK GROVE AVE. Take Washington-st. car. 12

TO LET—NICE FURNISHED ROOMS FOR 2 ladies; $1.50 per week up; also pretty suites, connecting, for parlor and piano. HOTEL MACKENZIE, 453½ S. Spring. 11

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, BEST RESidence portion, southwest, but one block from Traction line. Inquire K, box 68, TIMES OFFICE. 13

TO LET—2 SUNNY FRONT ROOMS, GENtleman only; apply 824 CORYDON DRIVE, between Figueroa and Moore, Eighth and Ninth.

TO LET — NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board; quiet street; bath, gas, stationary washbowls; rates reasonable. 235 WINSTON.

TO LET—DREXEL, 326½ W. THIRD ST., newly-furnished rooms, centrally located, reasonable rates; new management.

TO LET — 2 FURNISHED ROOMS FOR housekeeping; good house; well kept; cheap rent. TEMPLETON, 426½ Temple. 12

TO LET — NICELY FURNISHED FRONT rooms for one or two gentlemen. 'Phone Jefferson 1291. 321 W. NINTH. 12

TO LET—TWO VERY DESIRABLE SUNNY rooms, newly and well furnished; no housekeeping. 1233 S. OLIVE ST. 13

TO LET — FURNISHED, SUNNY ROOMS; bath, electricity, telephone; convenient for meals; cars. 1256 S. HOPE. 12

TO LET—LIGHT, SUNNY FURNISHED room for gentleman in private family. Board convenient. 1321 S. HILL. 12

TO LET—TWO LARGE OUTSIDE ROOMS, suitable for offices, millinery or hairdressing; $15. 304 W. FOURTH. 11

TO LET — SUNNY BEDROOM, PARLOR, use of dining-room; kitchen. 1 925 FIRST, Boyle Heights. 12

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS FOR MARried couple; no children. Apply 329 EAST 8TH ST.

TO LET—ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS, with or without board. 647 S. GRAND. Tel. black 1296. 11

TO LET — FURNISHED, UNFURNISHED rooms, by week; 215 WASHINGTON.

TO LET—HOUSEKEEPING SUITES AND single, furnished. ROCHESTER, 1042 Temple.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOM FOR HOUSEkeeping. 626 WALL ST. No children. 11

TO LET—LARGE FRONT ROOM, SUITABLE FOR OFFICE. 338 S. SPRING. 12

TO LET—4 ROOMS, $9; NO CHILDREN; no dogs. 731 MAPLE AVE. 11

TO LET—
Furnished Houses.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE; A FINELY-furnished 2-story house, 7 rooms, 1 block from Grand ave.; finest neighborhood; street cars on 2 sides; porcelain bath; front and rear yards. Address MRS. W. H. BONBALL, 1215 Grand ave.

TO LET—WE HAVE ADDED A RENTAL department, and have a number of attractive furnished houses on our list. THE INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENTS CO., Bimini Building, Jackson 1903.

TO LET — NICELY FURNISHED 5-ROOM flat; close in, very desirable; gas, electric light, hot and cold water; grate, everything complete; no children; nominal rent. 634 N. HILL, CHIMES OFFICE.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE OF NINE rooms for 6 months or one year; east front, piano, furnace, porcelain bath, instantaneous heater, and free barn; references required. 322 S. GRAND.

TO LET—COMFORTABLY AND COMPLETELY furnished, artistic, newly finished house, with all modern conveniences; beautiful location; fashionable location. W. 23D W. 11

TO LET — 8-ROOM HOUSE, COMPLETELY furnished, including gas stove, electric lights, bath, etc. Inquire at 1203 WEST 23D ST. 11

TO LET — ELEGANT FURNISHED AND UNfurnished houses from $25 to $150; southside, at 1314½ W. Fourth. WILDE & STANLEY. 12

TO LET—OR SALE; ELEGANTLY FURnished; newly modern, 7-room colonial cottage; porcelain bath; adults. 1240 W. 3RD.

TO LET — 8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS; MODERN; 11-ROOM house, furnished; adults only. 1 block from Broadway. 1116 S. BROADWAY, city.

TO LET — COMPLETELY FURNISHED home of 7 rooms on S. Hope st. PIRTLE & PIRTLE, 322 W. Second st. 12

TO LET — NICELY FURNISHED FLAT, 4 rooms and bath; piano. 1228 GEORGIA. 11

TO LET—
Rooms with Board.

TO LET—ROOM AND BOARD IN ONE OF the best family hotels in city; nice large rooms; steam heated; strictly first-class cooking; rates very reasonable. Call and investigate before locating. FIGUEROA HOUSE, 838 S. Figueroa st.

TO LET—AT ROSE LAWN VILLA, 715 S. Hope; large, sunny suites; also single rooms; beautiful grounds; pleasant porches; excellent table; close to business center; reasonable. 16

TO LET — NICELY FURNISHED, SUNNY rooms for those wishing a quiet, refined home, with hygienic table. 225 OTTAWA ST., near Figueroa and 11th. 12

TO LET—ROOM AND BOARD FOR TWO IN private family; new house; all modern conveniences. 1056 WESTLAKE AVE.

TO LET — BEAUTIFUL, SUNNY ROOMS, with first-class board; modern conveniences; cars pass door. 1011 S. HILL ST. 14

TO LET—PARLOR ROOM; ALSO LARGE single room; first-class home cooking; reasonable rates. 326 S. HILL. 11

TO LET—SUNNY ROOMS WITH BOARD; private grounds and verandas. 331 S. FIGUEROA.

TO LET—
Flats.

TO LET—A MODERN 5-ROOM FLAT; SOUTH exposure, lawn and flowers; first-class neighborhood; rent reasonable. 1246 S. Hope. 12

TO LET — SUNNY FURNISHED LOWER flat, 5 rooms, bath, gas, lawns. 2003 FIRST. 11

TO LET — 2 S. HOPE, MODERN, CLEAN, sunny; conveniently furnished 4-room flat; very desirable.

TO LET—PARTY BUYING FURNITURE OF parlor may rent 5-room flat. 727 S. FIGUEROA.

TO LET — NICELY FURNISHED ROOM, use of bath, close in. 322 S. OLIVE. 12

TO LET—
Miscellaneous.

TO LET—LUMBER YARD WITH SWITCH track. McGARRY & INNIS, 104 Broadway. 12

TO LET—FREE TO THE RIGHT PARTIES, 600 yard at 116 W. SEVENTH ST. 11

PHYSICIANS—

DR. MINNIE WELLS, BLOCK 127 S. THIRD st., can be found now at residence, 1034 S. Hope. Washington or University car to 10th; 11 minutes; 15 years' successful experience; consultation, office in brooklet; send 2c for return letter for "Lady's Relief," and remedies in irregularities.

DR. KATE TREATS ALL FEMALE DISeases and irregularities; nervous and chronic "troubles" in every form permanently cured with a new vegetable remedy. Call or write. No pay till cured. 421½ S. SPRING ST., room 10.

DR. SIMMONS TREATS SUCCESSFULLY ALL female diseases and irregularities; all nervous and chronic diseases of either sex; 25 years' experience. Tel. John 2091. 253-254 CALLENDER BLDG., 257 W. Third st.

DR. REBECCA LEE DORSEY, ROOMS 324 and 325 Stimson Block. Attention given to all diseases of women and children. Office hours 1 to 4 p.m. Tel. M. 1227.

COMPETENT LADIES' SPECIALIST, 1 treatment brings on period and cure; cases guaranteed; $5. 1 to 6. Address L, box 68, TIMES OFFICE.

DR. C. CESAR SMITH—FEMALE, RECTAL and chronic diseases. 405 S. BROADWAY.

DR. THOMAS TREATS CANCER AND DISeases of women and children without knife. 106½ S. BROADWAY.

DR. MARY J. WOOD, 328 S. SPRING, CANCER AND MALIGNANT tumors.

DR. ELECTRICIAN, 139½ S. Spring.

MONEY TO LOAN—

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, JEWelry, pianos, carriages, bicycles, all kinds of collateral security. We loan you more money, less interest, hold your goods longer, than any one; no commission, appraisers, middlemen, fees of sale; tickets issued; storage free in our warehouse. LEE BROS., 401 S. Spring.

$750,000 TO LOAN—
LOWEST RATES—
R. G. Lunt, agent the German Savings and Loan Society, San Francisco.
140 S. BROADWAY, Heilman Block.

MONEY TO LOAN FOR BUILDING OR ON improved city property, or in good outside towns, AT LOWEST RATES, on a "NEW PLAN." Interest decreases as you pay. STATE MUTUAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASS'N, 141 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.

MONEY CONFIDENTIALLY LOANED AT the lowest rates on diamonds, jewelry, furniture and chattels; private room for ladies; open evenings, 7 to 9 p.m. CITY LOAN CO., 254 S. Broadway, rooms 9 and 10. 'Phone James 401.

A THOROUGHLY RELIABLE PLACE TO obtain a loan on diamonds, jewelry or furniture is at the SYNDICATE LOAN CO.'S, 129½ S. Spring. Geo. L. Mills, Mgr. Tel. James 211.

LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE HOLDING permanent positions, without security; easy payments; no publicity. TRADERS' EXCHANGE, room 33, Bryson Blk. Tel. red 1861.

CASH CONFIDENTIALLY LOANED SALaried people without security or indorser; low rates; easy payments; evenings, 7 to 8. COMMERCIAL LOAN CO., 304 Frost Block.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS—Jewelry, pianos, furniture, etc.; private office for ladies. SAFETY LOAN CO., 254 S. Broadway, rooms 1 and 2. 'Phone John 2021.

TO LOAN — ON CHATTELS AND FURNIture; low rates of interest; prompt attention to all business intrusted to our care. WILDE & LADEVEZE, 124½ W. Fourth.

TO LOAN—MONEY IN AMOUNTS TO SUIT on real estate security at the very lowest rates. A. C. GOLBY, 101 N. Broadway, Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

MONEY AT 6% TO 8 PER CENT. NET, according to size and character of the loan. EDWARD D. SILENT & CO., 324 W. Second st.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE ON their notes without indorser; 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; evenings, 7 to 8. TOURTELLOT, 324 WINK CHAN.

MERCANTILE LOAN CO. CASH ADVANCED salaried people. Room 312, HELLMAN BLK., 220 W. Second, 9 a.m., 5 p.m. 'Phone main 1227.

MONEY TO LOAN IN SMALL OR LARGE amounts on real estate, chattels, furniture, etc. HOYT & MARTIN, 104 S. Broadway.

$300,000 TO LOAN AT 5 TO 7 PER CENT. net on choice city residence or business property. F. G. STORY, 306 Byrne Bldg.

R. W. POINDEXTER, 330 WILCOX BLOCK, loans money on mortgages, stocks, bonds and warrants. Installments accepted.

MONEY AT 4½ TO 7 PER CENT. NET, according to amount and security. S. K. LINDLEY, 117 S. Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY AND COUNTRY real estate at lowest rates. ROBERT MARSH & CO., 336 Douglas Bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOW RATE OF INterest, city or country. EDWARD KENDALL, 337 Douglas Block.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY OR COUNTRY real estate. THOMAS S. WADSWORTH, 319 and 320 Douglas Bldg.

$500 TO $50,000—REASONABLE RATES; NO commission charged. ALLISON BARLOW & CO., 132 S. Broadway.

$30000 TO LOAN IN SUMS TO SUIT, 6 PER cent. net; city property. W. N. HOLWAY, 429 Laughlin Bldg.

$500 TO $10,000, PRIVATE MONEY, 6 PER cent. LOCKHART & SON, 117 S. Broadway.

TO LOAN — 6 TO 7 PER CENT. MONEY. BRADSHAW BROS., 202 Bradbury Block.

LOANS WITHOUT EXPENSE. EXCESS OF ABstract. P. FERGUSON, 321 Douglas Bldg.

TO LOAN—MONEY AT LOW INTEREST. R. D. LIST, 321 Wilcox Bldg.

STOCKS AND BONDS—

FOR SALE—

As dealers exclusively in high-grade first-mortgage securities, we offer city, county, school, corporation and government bonds at lowest prices.

ADAMS-PHILLIPS COMPANY,
313 S. BROADWAY.
Telephone main 927.

INVESTORS—IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR A safe investment, it will pay you to investigate our 5 per cent., 20-year gold bonds. They are guaranteed by the strongest financial institution in the world. You can buy them on twenty annual installments. Don't hesitate; the bonds at any time during the payment period; 5 per cent. compound interest on your installments. Write or call. A. M. JONES, 414 Wilcox Block.

R. W. POINDEXTER, 330 WILCOX BLOCK, deals in local stocks and bonds; can offer safe investments, 6 and 7 per cent., in amounts from $100 up; correspondence invited.

FOR SALE—$500; AMERICAN LAUNDRY stock; an excellent investment and getting better. R. D. LIST, 321 Wilcox Bldg.

WALLACE BROS., 5 AND 6 PER CENT. loans. Tel. James 2282. 234 S. BROADWAY. 16 S. RAYMOND, Pasadena. Cal.

PERSONAL—
Business.

PERSONAL — JAVA, MOCHA COFFEE, 35c; cereal, 5c; mixed tea, 35c; 5 glasses jelly, 25c; can syrup, 25c; 3 lbs. rice, 25c; 3 lbs. tapioca, 25c; 7 lbs. prunes, 25c; 5 cans apples, 25c; 10 lbs. beans, 25c; 10 lbs. lard, 85c; hams, 12½c; pork, 12c; cheese, 12½c; 30 lbs. salt, 25c; salt mackerel, 5c; salt salmon, 25c; creamery butter, 25c. ECONOMIC, 307 S. Los Angeles st.

PERSONAL—DIANA DEE, WORLD RENowned astrologist, has arrived; Mme. Dee is the daughter of the celebrated astrologer, Dr. Henry Dee; positively no money accepted unless perfect satisfaction is given. Full life reading, $5c, $1; horoscope of whole life, $2. Suite 4, 332 S. SPRING. 15

PERSONAL — VITALITY LOW, DEBILItated or exhausted; cured by Dr. Kline's invigorating Tonic; fee $1 trial bottle, containing 2 weeks' treatment. DR. KLINE'S INSTITUTE, 931 Arch st., Philadelphia. Founded 1871.

PERSONAL—MRS. PARKER, PALMIST. Life reading, business, lawsuits, removals, travels, mineral locations described, property, speculations, love, health and all affairs in life. 416½ S. SPRING ST., room 2. 25c and $1.

PERSONAL—MASSAGE AND ELECTRIC treatment by lady; expert operator; ladies' busts developed without mechanical appliances. Rooms 3 and 4, 322 S. SPRING, over Owl Drug Store.

PERSONAL—HAVE YOU BEEN TO SEE that wonderful fortune teller at 719 S. GRAND AVE.? East side of avenue, five doors north of Seventh st. Hours 10 to 5; open evenings; closed Sundays.

PERSONAL—DON'T MISS THIS TIME. MRS. Bell, the gifted card reader and adviser; 50c; private consultations. 319 S. SPRING. Your love or business advice.

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And Found.

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LOST—IN THE VICINITY OF 31ST AND 39TH sts. on McClintock or Jefferson st., lady's hunting-case gold watch and fob chain, set with pearls; "Birdie" engraved on case. Return to 534 S. FIGUEROA, and receive reward. 12

LOST—ON OR FROM WASHINGTON GARden car, a black pasme velvet hat with two gray black feathers and bird in front. Please return. 204 BYRNE BLDG. 11

LOST — LADY'S GOLD WATCH; LOST ON Spring st., between Fourth and Main. Finder please leave at BENNETT TOILET PARLORS and receive reward. 11

FOUND — VICTOR WHEEL. OWNER CAN have same by proving property and paying for this ad. Address L, box 66, TIMES OFFICE. 19

LOST—A FOX TERRIER DOG; FACE AND ears marked brown; 1 black patch on body; bob-tail. 121 W. RAILROAD ST. Liberal reward. 11

LOST — OCT. 5, A BULLDOG PUP; EARS clipped recently; brindle and white head; one small tooth gone. Return to 326 STAUNTON AVE. and get reward. 11

FOUND—LADY'S WATCH; OWNER PROVE property and pay for advertising. 1297 W. JEFFERSON. 11

FOUND—A BAY HORSE ON ALISO ST. CAR yards. Owner call and describe at 317 ALISO ST. 12

FOUND—SAM, THE HORSE CLIPPER, 120 N. BROADWAY. 12

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GAVE THEM THE SLIP.

How Edward Arthur Meeker Bunco'ed an Audience at Salinas Out of an Expected Treat.

Chief of Police Hodgkins of Oakland arrived here yesterday to take back Edward Arthur Meeker, the alleged religious fraud, who is wanted in Oakland on charges of embezzlement. Meeker was arrested here several days ago. He is said to have been posing as a preacher and religious worker generally, and he played that game to the financial loss of those with whom he became associated. Chief Hodgkins tells a story on Meeker which shows that he is at least original in his manner of "grafting."

After he left Oakland and while the police there were looking for him, Meeker started for the South. He stopped at Salinas, and there one afternoon preached in one of the leading churches. Then he advertised a lecture on "Tramping Through California." He posed as a reformed tramp, and promised to appear during the lecture in tramp garb.

The Salinas people took the bait, and bought tickets quite liberally. The church in which the lecture was to be delivered was filled to the doors. Before the hour set for the affair Meeker called at the box office and secured the receipts. Then he left, saying he was going to put on his tramp clothes. He did put them on, but instead of returning to deliver the lecture, he "hit the road," and was seen no more in Salinas.

FIRE AND PIGTAILS AND A HOT TIME.

Estimated Loss of Six Thousand Dollars by Blaze in Chinatown Last Night—Picturesque Scene.

NEARLY all the buildings in the block bounded by Apablasa street, Chinee Alley, Cayuno street and the Kerckhoff-Cusner Company's lumber yards, in the heart of Chinatown, were damaged by fire last night, and some were totally destroyed.

The blaze originated in the fish market of Chin Wing, No. 319 Apablasa street. Wong Lok was preparing his supper and had almost completed cooking a fish on a gasoline stove when the grease boiled over and ignited. Lok became frightened and instead of extinguishing the flames he ran out of the place and across the street, where he told other Chinamen about it. The fire gained such a start that when the alarm was sounded the frame shack was a mass of flames.

"SOMETHING DOING."

Chinatown was all quiet under the bob of the lanterns, the dignified doctors were taking their airing in the cool of the evening, the merchants were counting up in the shoppy smells, and the loafers were pattering about deep in the gossip of "Little China," when there came the howl and chatter from the smoking alley, and women came pouring out into the street from the house of the little scarlet curtain.

They are all members of what Mr. Kipling calls "the oldest profession on earth," and they wore gorgeous robes and were slicked down with bear fat and hair ointment. With them were several Chinamen and they were all jabbering to the utmost.

Then Chinatown knew there was something doing.

When a Chinaman gets excited, he is as crazy as a bedbug. When two Chinamen get excited together they become a pair of howling maniacs; when several hundred of them get excited all at once, there is nothing to describe it. The little dirty alleys were simply aswash with iced Chinks racing wildly and senselessly about first one way, then another, like little chickens in an incubator pen.

HEATHEN TEAR LOOSE.

There followed the maddest scene that could be conjured up. Chinamen would go plunging wildly down the alleys in herds and into some little doorway, all trying to get through at once, and howling at the top of their lungs.

In a minute they would go stampeding out of there and into somewhere else. The fires was at its height when the gang turned down Little Chinee Alley, one side of which was trimmed with gay streamers of flame on the edge of the house tops.

Some of them dove into one door and some tried to go in another, but it was locked. They stood and beat it in a crazy, childish frenzy, for a while, and then dashed away into the deeper shadows of the hovels. They were afraid to go home, but they were mad to get there.

Swarms of Chinamen went hurrying by to the back yards with arms full of rescued furniture; there were kitchen, clocks, and little Chinese counting machines, and bedding and chairs and greasy tables, all piled in a heap on Apablasa street, out of the fire zone, and more back in the lumber yard at the end of Chinee alley.

The lumber piles were black with tier upon tier of people, who stood all silent, as though it were some vast conflagration.

"BILLY" AND HIS HOSE.

Back against the fence, fussing pathetically over his bedding and his one treasured meat saw, was old "Billy," a Chinaman who has been hanging around one of the Chinese brothel houses, doing odd jobs, and sleeping in a little shack on Apablasa street.

While he was brooding over his rescued possessions, poor old Billy came upon a piece of small garden hose. He grabbed it frantically, and wrapped his faded, thin old cue around his neck, and was making a sprint for the fire, which roared like a hell fifty feet away.

Bill didn't have a faucet to attach the hose to, and a half-inch hose would not have made a great impression on a fire like that, but Bill's bewildered intellect only told him that hose are good for fires, and he would probably have dashed up with a syringe had he found one.

"Come back here, Bill," shouted a white man, and Bill stopped helplessly.

"That's no good," said the white man.

"No good," repeated Bill, in a tone of disappointment, looking doubtfully at his hose.

"Nope," said the white man.

"Aw right," said Bill, obediently, and with dejection, he wound up the hose and put it carefully on the top of his bedclothes.

He had to be watched every minute, or he would have run back into the fire like a crazed horse.

IN A BURNING COAT.

Bill came perilously near burning to death when the fire first broke out. He would surely have perished had it not been for a young man named Jack Platt, who was in Chinatown when the alarm sounded.

He had been standing on a corner talking to Bill a few minutes before the fire broke out, and something prompted him to go into the Chinaman's room when he ran back into the alley and saw the building blazing.

He found Bill lying on the bed, dazed and faint, and only half conscious, not able to move.

When he saw his room in flames Bill ran in and tried to get out all his furniture at once. One of the walls was already afire, and Bill's finest jacket had caught. The poor, rattled old heathen didn't know what to do, and put the thing on, all blazing. He then tried to pull the clothes off his bed, but fell, and lay there when Platt entered.

He managed to get Bill out into the yard, half dragging and half carrying him, although the Chinaman weighs more than Platt. There he dropped him, and Bill, so confused that he did not know anything, rolled over on his side and said he would go to sleep. The fire had been put out on his jacket, and he suffered only slight burns.

POOR PUSSY.

One of the attaches of the house which employed Bill was a cat. She was a respectable cat and was raising a family of kittens.

When the fire broke out she was not at home. The house was all ablaze when the frantic pussy came dashing through the back yards and over the fences to get to her brood.

A big fireman saw a dripping cat sneaking into the burning house and threw her back with a shove of his foot.

The poor, forlorn, old thing hovered miserably around for a minute and then made another timid attempt to get into the fire. She had almost crawled in one of the doors which framed a nest of licking flames when some one in the crowd saw her and grabbed her just in time. She scratched and wriggled out of his arms and made

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ARIZONA AND MINING NUMBER.

On October the 15th The Times will issue a special number, devoted to the mining industry of the United States in general, and particularly to mining in the Southwest, with special reference to the Territory of Arizona. For several months writers well qualified for the work have been preparing matter for this number, which will be the most complete and exhaustive publication devoted to the subject that has ever been issued in the Southwest. In addition to a number of reliable and complete descriptions of various mining districts and prominent mines, there will be a number of special articles on various phases of the mining industry in general, which cannot fail to be of great interest to all who are in any way connected with the business of extracting the precious metals from the earth. Besides these features, this number of The Times will contain a thorough and carefully-prepared description of the manifold resources of Arizona.

This special number of The Times will fully maintain the high standard that has been set by this journal for similar publications. It will be free from the shallow "write-up" style of article, which so frequently disfigures and lessens the value of such special numbers. Thousands of copies of this number will, undoubtedly, be filed away for reference. To insure insertion, advertisements intended for this number of The Times should be received not later than October 12.

THE REAL PERIL FROM THE TRUSTS.

It becomes more and more evident that these big industrial trusts, which so many able orators are in the habit of "viewing with alarm," are likely to come to an end of themselves, if they are granted a little more time. As The Times has said, they carry within themselves the germs of dissolution. They are suffering from water on the brain.

One of the most striking evidences of this condition of affairs that has so far been made public is the reduction, last month, of its dividend by the Amalgamated Copper Company. Some of the friends of the company claim that this action was taken for "prudential reasons." Doubtless the reasons were more or less prudential, but most unprejudiced believers believe that it was a case of "must."

An interesting story is told as to the inception of this representative trust. According to the United States Investor, Lawson, the Boston stock jobber, who has become something of a national character during the past few years, was untiringly active in trying to head off the legislative schemes of the Standard Oil interests, in connection with the Boston gas situation. The Investor says:

"Suddenly his opposition to the Standard Oil people ceased, and soon it became a matter of gossip that the quid pro quo was in the nature of an arrangement whereby these people took off his hands a very large block of Butte and Boston stock at a price very much above the market quotation on the stock at that time. In short, Messrs. Rockefeller and Rogers may be said to have got into 'coppers' almost by accident. It is not known that up to that time they had ever had any predilection for gambling in copper shares; the whole question with them, it was generally understood, was one of getting Lawson out of the path of their gas schemes. Subsequently the question arose of their making themselves whole on the stock which they had been obliged to buy from him at figures out of all proportion to the market price. And it was to answer this question that the Amalgamated Copper Company came into being. In other words, the primary purpose of the Amalgamated Copper scheme was to enable the Standard Oil people to liquidate their Butte and Boston holdings at a profit, and this end has no doubt been accomplished in a royal fashion. This whole affair is a striking evidence of the fact that the most far-reaching and tremendous consequences very often follow the most irresponsible acts. A stock jobber of no standing 'sticks' a crowd of very wealthy oil manufacturers, and the latter, in order to recoup themselves, are forced into measures productive, directly and indirectly, of the greatest amount of harm to the entire nation."

Nor did this financial deal end with that. It had more far-reaching consequences. Among the directors of the Amalgamated Copper Company is the president of the National City Bank of New York, the greatest aggregation of bank resources in the United States, which has been closely identified with the copper deal from the start. It is an institution which is generally known as the "Standard Oil Bank." This bank offered to lend money with great freedom on Amalgamated shares, and is said to have had $40,000,000 of the capital stock of the company locked up in its vault, a fact which, as soon as it became known, caused the deposits of the City Bank to fall off about $50,000,000, so that the government was forced to come to the relief of the money market, to avert a crash, and there was a deposit of internal-revenue receipts in the City Bank, which gave rise to a Congressional investigation.

This story shows how easily a boom on Wall street may suddenly be transformed into a disastrous panic. It also shows how thin the ice is upon which some of these gigantic financial combinations are skating. The trusts are to be feared, not so much as aggregations of capital that may dominate and monopolize the business of the country, but rather as unnaturally top-heavy concerns, whose sudden collapse may bring with it disaster to the nation, such as that which often follows the sudden and unexpected breaking up of a big log jam on a mountain stream.

MARTYRDOM BY PROXY.

Among the numerous suggestions that have been made in regard to the best course to be adopted for the release of Miss Stone, the American missionary, held captive by brigands in Bulgaria, perhaps the most original and unique is that contained in the communication of a correspondent to the Herald. This gentleman, who signs himself Charles Arthur Gaskell, after expressing the hope that Miss Stone will be released, and that the government will use its best offices to that end, goes on to say:

"But to pay those Armenian bandits $150,000 as a reward for their crime will make life and liberty more insecure for every missionary, and will encourage such criminally-disposed persons everywhere. No one who wisely sympathizes with Miss Stone and the magnificent work she represents will either contribute to such a fund, or will encourage those who do. There is here a deeper principle involved than that of restoring a missionary to her field of usefulness. There is no field so splendid, and no need so great, for the display of Christian valor and faith as this crisis in which this American missionary is placed. No martyr ever died at the stake in a nobler cause than this of protecting society the world over from crimes like this."

This suggestion is, as we have said, decidedly unique—not to say refreshing. It reminds one forcibly of Mark Twain's remark about the time of the Civil War, when he declared that he was ready to sacrifice all his wife's relations on the altar of his country. It is just possible that Miss Stone might be so narrow and selfish and lacking in the Christian spirit of broad-minded self-abnegation as to decline to make herself a martyr to a principle, at the suggestion of Charles Arthur Gaskell, so long as there is a chance of her friends purchasing her freedom, that she may be able to continue the good work in which she has been engaged for many years.

Meantime, if Charles Arthur—who does not mention what kind of a "great moral show" he represents—is really and truly stuck on the martyr idea, we would suggest that it might perhaps be possible for him to offer himself as a "substitoot," in place of Miss Stone, although we should entertain a lingering doubt as to whether the bandits—or his friends—would consider him worth quite $150,000. He might be called upon to throw in about $149,999.70, so as to make the trade even.

EL RIO RICO.

While the Colorado River is being utilized, out on the desert, for irrigation purposes, and the creation of horticultural and agricultural settlements that may be expected, before many years, to rival Pomona, and Ontario, and Santa Ana, and other flourishing communities of Southern California, this is not the only use to which the noble stream—the only river of any consequence in the southwestern corner of the United States—may be put.

A few months ago it was announced that an enterprise was under way for the dredging of the Colorado, above Yuma, in order to obtain some of the gold which is known to exist in the river bed in large quantities. Since then, nothing has been published in regard to this enterprise. Meantime, in the northern part of the State there has been a notable increase in dredging for gold in the large rivers of that section. The facility with which electric power can now be used for dredging operations has led to quite a boom in this industry.

The Los Angeles Mining Review calls attention to the excellent opportunity existing for gold dredging in the Colorado River, which, as the Review says, from the moment it leaves its source in Fremont's Peak of the Rocky Mountains, on the western borders of Wyoming, until it flows past Yuma, in Arizona, never, during that long journey of 2000 miles, goes outside of richly-mineralized regions. Century after century it has continued its own dredging operations, carrying down the gold, washed by itself and its tributaries, from the ledges in which the gold was originally deposited, and scattering it on its banks all along that great distance of 2000 miles.

There are bars along the Colorado River where dredging operations could be successfully carried on, and where the current of the stream would be of sufficient force to provide electric power for operating the dredges, so that, in a way, the river would be made to dredge itself, a simple and inexpensive operation. Here is a good chance for some of our enterprising citizens, who are possessed with the "accursed thirst for gold," to satisfy their desires without making the long, hazardous and expensive journey to the Arctic circle, where, even if a man succeeds in filling his sack, he is likely to have to leave a few fingers, a nose or an ear with the Frost God, in return for the treasure which he brings home.

HAWAII'S ECONOMIC PROBLEM.

The Sunday Volcano of Honolulu, discussing the industrial future of the Territory of Hawaii, points out the necessity for the building up of diversified industries in the islands, and the folly of confining the investment of capital almost wholly to the extension of the cane sugar industry. The writer makes a strong and convincing argument, though it would hardly seem that such argument could be necessary, so obviously true are his premises and so manifestly correct his conclusions.

It is pointed out in the article that Cuba alone is "capable of producing cane sugar enough to overstock the markets of the world, nearer by eight dollars a ton than Hawaii to both American and European markets, and lacking only annexation or reciprocity to cause rapid development of her sugar-producing capabilities." Either annexation or reciprocity is possible to Cuba. The pressure on the one hand for a profitable market in the United States for Cuban sugar, and on the other hand for the cheaper sugar which Cuba can supply, and for a market in Cuba for our manufactures, will in time almost certainly result in the adoption of reciprocity treaties between the two countries or in the annexation of the island to the great republic. "There are," says the writer in the Honolulu Journal, "fifty millions of people living east of the Mississippi who cannot produce either cane or beet sugar. They could cheapen the cost of their sugar without abandoning the American doctrine of protection, by the simple process of accepting and annexing Cuba. They constitute a majority of the voters of this country, and is it not fair to presume that they would favor a measure that would at once promote their material interests and gratify their patriotic pride by extending the flag of the republic over Cuban shores?"

The rapid growth of the beet-sugar industry in the United States is also a serious menace to the cane-sugar producers of Hawaii. The product of beet sugar in this country already exceeds that of cane-sugar, and the industry is increasing at a rapid rate. It is probably destined to continue increasing for many years to come. Another advantage in favor of beet sugar lies in the fact that it is independent of the sugar trust, the sugar being refined at the mills where it is manufactured. "Shall those who are interested in the continued prosperity of these islands," asks the Hawaiian paper, "close their eyes to the times and confine their efforts to blindly and vainly petitioning Congress to change mainland policies and principles of long standing, and allow here Chinese incoming, contract labor and practical peonage? Will it not be wiser to recognize the facts and make an effort to so diversify our industries as to give birth to a new prosperity based upon new conditions?"

It is an acknowledged and demonstrated fact that diversified industries are necessary to the permanent prosperity of any country. Especially is this true when the chief products are agricultural. The long continued raising of crops of one kind exhausts the soil, and in the course of years impairs the quality and decreases the quantity of the product. Furthermore, if the producer has but one staple article to depend upon for his income he is subject to the losses incidental to years of partial failure of the crop and years of low prices. If he have a diversity of products for sale, he is very apt to make up on one product for his losses on another.

In the case of Hawaii, there would seem to be no good reason why manufacturing industries of certain kinds would not prosper. On this point the writer in the Sunday Volcano says:

"Honolulu may be made a large manufacturing city, where shall be woven, and spun, and hammered, and molded raw material both from Orient and Occident shores. We have neither iron nor coal—neither has California, but the greatest battle ships of the world have been wrought at the Union Iron Works with steel brought around Cape Horn, melted with coal brought from Australia. Raw material from the countries west of us can be landed here two dollars a ton cheaper than it can be landed in San Francisco, and raw material from Atlantic States can be landed here as cheaply as at San Francisco. We have an incomparable advantage in our climate, which will enable men to work the year around without artificial heat; and we are in the commercial center of the vast elliptic of seas which stretches from New Zealand to Cape Nome. Why not make of these islands a workshop for the making of such products of man's industry and skill as do not especially need to be made near the place where the raw material is produced? The manufacturing possibilities here should be availed of to the extent of finding employment for half a million operatives, and the agricultural capabilities should be developed in the line of producing for consumption at home all those things which are now brought from the mainland—and surely there is no fruit, vegetable or cereal grown in any zone that cannot be produced here in abundance. Refineries of sufficient capacity to handle our present sugar crop would save four millions of dollars annually now wasted in carrying the raw sugar to New York and bringing the refined sugar from New York to California. There are opportunities in abundance here for the profitable investment of capital, and the sooner capital appreciates the situation and proceeds to move itself out of sugar and into something else the better it will be for us all."

ANOTHER RECORD BREAKER.

The following tabulated figures show the relative amount of "Liner" or classified advertising printed by seven papers in the chief cities of the Pacific Coast on Sunday, October 6, 1901:

	Cols.	Separate announcements.
Los Angeles Times	72	3,081
San Francisco Chronicle	27	1,238
San Francisco Call	20	971
San Francisco Examiner	21	1,854
Seattle Post-Intelligencer	20	875
Los Angeles Herald	16	701
Portland Oregonian	13	605

The figures above speak for themselves.

The Times printed more "Liner" or small classified advertising in the Sunday issues alone during September than all the other Los Angeles papers combined printed in the whole thirty days of the month.

Edward M. Shepard, Tammany's candidate for Mayor of New York, is said to be, personally, a clean and able man. But when Boss Croker gets through with him he will be as full of guile and corruption as that worthy is, if he allows himself to be turned into a puppet.

Gov. Stanley of Kansas has withdrawn his offer to give silver cups to all triplets born in the State during his administration, having given away twenty cups. It rather looks as if corn wasn't the most prolific crop in Kansas, after all.

Perhaps if Lord Kitchener would allow his soldiers to sleep on feather beds and spring mattresses, or pack hammocks and sofa pillows to use on picket duty, they would get rested up enough to accomplish something.

Two inches of snow in northern Ohio and untold square miles of sunshine in Southern California leave no doubt in the mind of the sane man in which place he would prefer to spend the balance of his days.

Seth Low says if he is elected Mayor of New York that the executioner's ax will come down so hard on Deputy Devery's official neck that he won't have to feel to see if he is still holding his job.

It is fully believed that with Kipling on hand in South Africa to fire a few charges of blank verse, he might be able to at least scare the Boers into submission.

It is said that Paderewski is growing uneasy about his laurels since reading accounts of those English officers toting pianos around with them in South Africa.

Are there any naval officers before the court of inquiry who have never been under any "mental strain" in time of battle? Hands up!

It will soon be almost as dangerous a business to be a missionary in Turkish provinces as it is to be the driver of a Los Angeles milk wagon.

In order to enjoy the full benefit of his publicity, Historian Maclay should proceed to get a hatchet-engraved cut of himself in the papers.

In his gratuitous distribution of pipe organs, Mr. Carnegie, of course, will not forget a portable one for the English troops in South Africa.

It is sincerely hoped that the Hon. Seth Low will need no time allowance in his race against 'Squire Croker's puppet.

Certainly the little Roosevelts will not quarrel about which one shall have the wishbone of the White House turkey.

Perhaps Sir Thomas could arrange for a race between the Shamrock II and the Santos-Dumont airship No. 6.

If the conning towers of some of the battleships could only talk, how much more breezy would be the testimony!

California was also smiled on several times by the Pan-American judges when it came to distributing medals.

The British cordon around Gen. Botha has once again been successfully unlooped by that wily adversary.

No, Sir Thomas; sorry, but you'll have to bring on a new boat if you want to try our mettle again.

How does it happen that none of the dime novel writers are helping fight the second battle of Santiago?

Will Croker's English experience be of any ad-Wantage to him in conducting his campaign?

Already Sir Thomas is being told by the know-it-all man how he can win the cup next year.

Of course Miss Stone is already preparing the manuscript for a magazine article.

Gen. Uribe-Uribe has again told Colombia to put up her mitts and defend herself.

It seems that Prof. Koch's tuberculosis theory will not need any revision.

STATE SNAPSHOTS.

THE BOY ACROSS THE STREET.

That little boy across the street,
Makes music 'round the place;
His two front teeth are missing, and
There's freckles on his face;
His hair is tangled and awry,
He has a turned-up nose,
And dirty rags are always tied
Around his stubby toes.

But, all the same, I like him for
The sparkle in his eye,
And just because he doesn't do
Mean tricks upon the sly;
He has a voice that's sharp and shrill,
And though some folks agree
That he's a nuisance 'round the house,
He doesn't bother me.

He's always so polite and nice,
He minds his mother, too;
There are no errands to be run,
But what he's glad to do;
I never saw him pout nor fret,
I never heard him cry;
I'm pretty sure he's not a tease,
I know he doesn't lie.

What if there's dirt upon his hands?
His heart is clean and true;
Suppose the ragged clothes he wears
Do let the breezes through?
His world is free of vice or taint,
He ever sings a song;
He has no cares to worry him,
He laughs the whole day long.

Oh, little boy across the street,
Make music while you can!
There's time enough to sober down
When you're a grown-up man;
So, let your laughter ripple on,
And sing your songs of joy,
Because you let the sunshine in,
Oh, little barefoot boy!

That "Alhambra smile" is caused by the work on the trolley extension.

Visalia kids are now learning how to sprint. The curfew ordinance compels 'em to.

The local W.C.T.U. has pronounced "Postum" non-alcoholic. Polly, put the kettle on!

Covina has passed a prohibitive liquor ordinance. The whisky chaps will also probably pass it.

The "didn't-hurt-a-bit" sign is being looked at askance by the school kids whose teeth need yanking or plugging up.

Homeopathic doctors have agreed that milk is the proper food for babies—provided the milk is of the pumpless kind.

Stockton people are as enthusiastic over the plans for their new brewery as if it were a new city hall or a Carnegie library.

San Dagoe's streets are getting so dirty that the street sweeper has had a raise of $10 a month, in order to hold him to his job.

The stingiest man in Los Angeles county lives over in Pasadena. He objects to paying a dog tax because his animal is half coyote.

A Wheatland Methodist minister has cut loose from the home corral, and is running the ranges of sin with the other unbranded mavericks.

San José is getting a tony streak on. They are calling their automobile drivers "chauffeurs," all same French mobilists. Let out your galluses, San José!

While little Carl Sweeney of San José was fooling around a lumber pile, it toppled over on him. The boy now says he never did like "boarding" away from home.

Stockton has a lot of street-sprinkling fiends, who need a few egg omelets applied externally, and where they will make the freaks do some tall cackling.

San Dagoe sewer cleaners want their pay increased from $2 to $3 per day. It ought to be worth $3 of any man's money to root around in a San Dagoe sewer eight hours on a stretch.

The Pabst Café at San José has such a bully pull with the city officials that it can run any old kind of a gambling game, and wink the other eye in open defiance of the law.

Tom Joyce of Bakersfield loves Maggie Sternberg, so he alleges, but he loves her pocketbook, watch and gold rings more. He is now absent in the flesh. So are Maggie's valuables.

A Pasadena boy has discovered a new way of pulling teeth. He takes headers off his bicycle and allows his jaws to strike the iron rails of the car track. It is not a painless method.

Ed Gillis of Tulare is a meat eater. He also loves spare cash. That's why he will wear holes in the floor of San Quentin prison for a while. He broke into a meat market and robbed the cash register.

A San Francisco merchant named Montealegre paid $250 to drink with a female sharper. He had on a diamond ring valued at that amount, and when the two left the saloon the ring was a minus quantity to Montealegre.

Hanford is harboring a miscreant who wants his neck stretched, and deserves to be lambasted with a crowbar. He puts in his spare time throwing rocks at people after dark. Several people have been seriously injured.

"Doc" Barker of the Redondo Breeze has gone up in Inyo county to locate a gold mine. The strenuous life of an editor is greater than Doc can stand, and he says he can't strike pay dirt any too quick to suit him. Meanwhile the Breeze continues to blow along under the editorship of "ye devil."

QUEER NAMES FOR TOWNSITES.

Fresno people are going to get along without eating meat, so says the Board of Health, unless the slaughter-houses are kept clean.

A San Francisco society woman has started a new "fad" in that city by committing suicide while in the parlor of a lady upon whom she was making a call.

Poker or Faro? A few Pomona young people went to Glendore on Saturday to witness a game between that village's eleven and one from the Pasadena High School.—[Pomona Progress.

Frank Wise of San Berdoo, in a moment of absent-mindedness, was so unwise as to help himself to some clothes hanging on a line. That's Wise been sentenced to Folsom for a short vacation of three years.

George Moore of Shingle came up on the noon train....E. F. Witmer returned today from a visit to Grizzly Flat....Miss Nellie Behrns of Dry Creek was a city visitor today. Deputy Sheriff Miller went to Cool today on official business....Dist.-Atty. Abe Darlington returned last evening from a visit to Fair Play.

A Davisville yokel, while attending a blue-rock tournament as a spectator, picked up a hammerless shotgun with the remark, "Haow does this gol darn thing work, ennyway?" There was a flash, and a bang, and in consequence Frank Lamphere, a spectator, will have about sixteen inches sawed off his left leg. Unfortunately the fool-killer escaped uninjured.

Blew Out the Gas.

It seems that "don't blow out the gas" is still something more than a stage joke. The story comes from Chicago that a Canadian villager tried this time-honored method of producing darkness the first night he arrived in the Windy City, but the blaze only dodged to one side, and said, "Come again." Then he expectorated at it, but it only sputtered back. He hung his shoe over it, until the room smelled like a tannery, but it wouldn't be "shooed" out, so he tossed a whole basin of water over it, and it surrendered. The next morning it took a staff of doctors to bring him back to consciousness.—[Baltimore American.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

William Waldorf Astor has donated £10,000 to the London Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children to initiate a fund for new offices.

The four sons of Charles Darwin have made their mark as scientists. Prof. George Darwin is a famous mathematician, Horace Darwin is an authority on physics, Maj. Leonard Darwin is honorary secretary of the Royal Geographical Society and Francis Darwin is a distinguished botanist.

The Empress Eugenie is now settled down in her English home. It is reported that the Empress is about to build a small convent in the beautiful grounds at Farnborough Hill to the memory of her husband and their son. There is already a Benedictine home in the grounds provided for thirty members of the order.

One of the Pope's favorite spots in his garden is an elevated point whence he can see the ocean. The noise of the waves used to soothe him like music in the days when he was able to be near the water. He recalls with pleasure the time when, as nuncius in Belgium, 55 years ago, he used to take this daily swim in the ocean.

It is understood that informal dinners at the White House will be quite a feature of President Roosevelt's incumbency. As men of note come to his office he likes to invite them to accompany him to luncheon or dinner, as the case may be. Thus he is able to have agreeable companionship and improve opportunities to gather ideas and gauge sentiment on public topics.

The Sultan of Turkey has appointed Alexander R. Webb Honorary Consul-General of the Ottoman empire at New York. It is a permanent appointment. The Sultan has also honored Mr. Webb with a decoration. Besides the Medjidie decoration, as it is called, he has given him what is known as the medal of merit—a great honor in Turkey. These decorations carry with them the title of bey, and, instead of being Webb Effendi, he will hereafter be known as Webb Bey.

RIPPLES OF MIRTH.

In the Dim Past.

Weary Walker; I don't know o' nothin' w'at makes yer madder dan ter git soap in year eyes w'en yer takin' a bath an' de toyel's outer——

Dusty Rhodes: Gee whizz! You got a great memory!—[Philadelphia Press.

Scotch Mist.

Thomas: A fine soft mornin', Andra.

Andrew: OO aye; but, why dinna ye pit oop yer umbrelle?

Thomas (aghast:) Sosh; ye were always a wasteful mon Andra; can ye no' see it's a new ane?—[Scottish American.

Catching His Train.

Church: Did you say Bob has been living in the suburbs all summer?

Gotham: Yes; raising bees.

"Raising bees?"

"Yes; he's taught them to chase him down to the train every morning."—[Yonkers Statesman.

His Opinion.

Farmer Dunk: Lem Hangback says he ain't a candidate for the Goshkonong postoffice; but I kinder think he'd take it if it was offered to him.

Farmer Hornbeak: Wa-al, I don't imagine they'd have to blindfold him and back him into the job.—[Puck.

Her Suggestion.

Mr. Gusher: I've written some verses to Miss Ann Teek, but I hardly know what to call them. "Ode on Ann's Face" expresses the idea, but that doesn't sound right.

Miss Pepprey: "Why not make it "Lines on Ann's Face."—[Philadelphia Press.

Substantiating Proof.

Schlesinger: Do you believe there is anything in the saying, "Lucky at cards, unlucky at love, and vice versa?"

Fairchild: Well, I won $2 at bridge whist from Dolly last week, and she hasn't spoken to me since.—[Brooklyn Eagle.

Not Necessarily a Singer.

She: Of course, you know that I'm singing at your church now.

He: No; I didn't know it.

She: That's funny, I thought your sister told you I had joined the choir there.

He: Oh, she did tell me that.—[Philadelphia Press.

An Emergency Muster.

Mrs. Dash: Mrs. Rash's friends didn't come.

Mrs. Cash: Dear me! Her ice cream and cake was a dead loss on her hands.

Mrs. Dash: No, indeed. She rushed around in her own neighborhood and invited a lot of people she hadn't asked.—[Detroit Free Press.

What's in a Name?

"Ah," he sighed, after she has blushingly whispered "Yes," in his bosom. "My own Mehitable! Oh! that name's so formal. Surely your friends use some shorter one; some pet name."

"Well," she murmured, 'the girls at boarding school used to call me 'Pickles.'"—[Philadelphia Press.

Evidence.

"You oughtn't to complain, ma'am," the busy grocer said, "if only one basket of those peaches turned out bad. Three dozen boxes of 'em rotted on my hands last Saturday."

"I believe him, mamma," said Tommy, in a loud whisper. "His hands look like it."—[Chicago Tribune.

The Easy Life.

"When I want a real, out-and-out mental rest I go south."

"Why?"

"Well, up north you have to keep your mind on judges, doctors, professors, captains, mayors, majors and the like; but down south it is safe to call every man 'colonel,'"—[Detroit Free Press.

The Viewpoint.

Mrs. Goodart: She thinks her husband's very clever.

Miss Chellus: Yes, and the sole reason that makes her think him clever has convinced me that he's stupid.

Mrs. Goodart: What's that?

Miss Chellus: The fact of his having selected her for his wife.—[Philadelphia Press.

Nap.

The baby keeps everybody awake.

"Why, ecen the carpet is without its nap since dear little Harold came!" exclaims the man, pointing to the path his feet have worn as he has paced to and fro.

But how inane mere humor becomes in settings of tragedy such as these.—[Detroit Free Press.

In the Next War.

Naval Commander: Is the motion picture machine in readiness?

Subordinate: Yes, sir.

Naval Commander: Are the witnesses placed at the proper stations?

Subordinate: Yes, sir.

Naval Commander: Has my lawyer been notified by wireless telegraph to begin preparations for my defense?

Subordinate: Yes, sir.

Naval Commander: Then let the fight begin.—[Chicago Tribune.

THE PLAYHOUSES.

LOS ANGELES. "A Texas [illegible] opened last night at the Los Angeles Theater. It is in Hoyt's usual vein of farcical characters in farcical situations, which may or may not provoke merriment. It is by no means the best of the Hoyt comedies. Still it has many funny points, although they are scattered far apart.

James McCann gives a clever portrayal of Maverick Brander, the Texas greasman from Texas, and is ably supported in his wild-and-woolliness by Messrs. Neaville, Boas and Brewer as the three politicians from the Lone Star State. The riotous dinner-party scene enacted by these gentlemen is the funniest bit in the play.

A clever bit of serio-comic acting is done by Will Chatterton as Pulton, a colored "statesman." His speech regarding office-seeking is well delivered. The atmosphere and the gags are generally too relative to Washington [illegible] to take thoroughly with western audiences. Bossy is acceptably taken by Lydia Dickson. The rest of the parts are well cast. The quartette of [illegible] vocalists are well received. They have some good singing, but should leave out the garbled version of "Annie Laurie." As they sing it, it has a [illegible] flavor, and (as they are surrounded by kegs) it may be said to have a [illegible] setting; but not "Scotch."

LOVE IMMORTAL.

The colors droop, the red, the white, the blue,
Black shadows mingle with the triumph-hue,
Sign of a nation bound in anarchy deep
Over its honored leader fallen asleep.

Soldier and statesman, guide and prophet, too,
Deep seas of doubt he led his country through,
Unswerving, placid 'mid the storm and stress,
A tower of strength to men of weaker less.

His virtues on the printed page appear fair,
His victories over stubborn foes are there,
His gentle manners, his broad charity
His equal honor to all men, we see.

And tears are falling like the autumn rain
In fear that one so grandly true, so
May never grace the nation's chosen state,
Its trust protect, and steer to right its fate.

But if to outer void the call is sent
And answers it God's chosen instrument,
No doubt or fear great Freedom's cause shall wring,
His sigh is on the forehead of the King.

See it, O Nation, in your midst now!
See it while dust is on your weary brow!
See it as Bethlehem's star the wise men saw,
And know the force which molds strength and law!

Greatest of powers; resistless element sent
In overflow from the Omnipotent,
To men who keep the upward channel clear,
And listen God's directing voice hear.

In summer's heat, in winter's weariness,
In barren wastes, in trouble's direst stress,
The chair of state, home's daily throne among,
The men who live its life to God are long.

Our President who lies in sleep to-day
Who said his sleep was God's own gift and way,
Lived his strong life in spotless virtue
Love molded! Lover first of all he!

—[Jane L. Patterson in Boston script.

A Geological Fallacy.

Probably the most wild and unfeasible of all the crude beliefs regarding geological resources is that which holds to the conviction that by going deep enough the drill is sure to find something of value, no matter at what point the work of boring is commenced. There are numerous wise persons in every community, estimable, influential and in the highest degree public spirited, who are convinced that the question, for example, of finding oil in their special locality is simply a matter of the depth to which the [illegible] explorations are carried. Rock oil and natural gas are recognized as valuable products in every progressive community, and every such community contains persons, in other respects intelligent, who are ready to stake their own fortune and that of their friends on the belief that oil and gas are everywhere underneath the surface, and that their sources of supply tapped with the drill, provided only there is sufficient capital to keep on the process of drilling long enough.—[Mines and Minerals.

Newitt: So you tried the place I told you about, eh? Didn't you find good stream for bass?

Fisher: It must be a splendid one for them. So few of them leave it.—[Philadelphia Press.

Consider Well

If you have any use for a piano or any idea of buying one in the next two or three years this Piano Sale is worthy your serious consideration, first because prices are way below what is normally asked for pianos; and second, because the instruments offered are the finest makes the world knows. If you would like to see what the value of a piano a small amount of money will buy at this sale just drop into our store to-day. Then take that same amount of money and see what you can do with it at other piano sales. That's a test that leaves no doubt in the purchaser's mind as to our great piano values.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA MUSIC CO.
216-218 W. Third St.
BRADBURY BUILDING.

EVENTS IN SOCIETY.

Miss Edith N. Middleton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Middleton of South Flower street, and George W. von Berner of Chicago were married yesterday at high noon in Alpine Tavern, Mount Lowe. The bridal party left Los Angeles yesterday morning at 8 o'clock. The trip was made in the "Poppy" car. The bride wore a handsome tailor-made gown of blue, with hat to correspond. Rev. George Eley officiated, using the Episcopal ring service, and the wedding was witnessed by only a few friends and relatives. After the service an elaborate breakfast was served in the tavern. Mr. and Mrs. Von Berner left yesterday evening on the 10:30 train for their future home in Chicago. Many wedding gifts were received by the young couple.

Progressive Whist Party.

Mrs. William T. Jeffries gave the last of a delightful series of progressive whist parties yesterday afternoon at her home on Rockwood street. The rooms were artistically arranged with ferns and papyrus. Mrs. Laura F. Clark, Mrs. Eugene Campbell and Miss Alice Taylor assisted Mrs. Jeffries in receiving and entertaining. Mrs. Fred Bucker captured first prize, a beautiful bronze vase; Mrs. Seymour received second, an Australian urn, and the consolation, a small vase, was awarded to Miss Helen Strong. At the close of the games refreshments were served. Those present were Mmes. Nellie Steckel, Howard M. Sale, F. W. Strong, A. F. M. Strong, Fred Zucker, R. B. Strange, H. K. Williamson, R. B. Williamson, Albert Thornton, William Vickery, Charles L. Sexton, L. W. Stockwell, E. J. Soper, C. L. Whipple, Freeman G. Teed, N. F. Vollmer, F. W. West, J. R. Stewart, M. E. Smith, Frank Ward, J. Palmer Trafton, Lucy Seabury, Frances Shoemaker, W. W. Taylor, Ira O. Smith, C. Sanborn, M. P. Snyder, A. J. Story, H. B. Sherman, Edward Silent, William Sheldon, Grace Sanborn, W. W. Witmer; Misses Sinsabaugh, Lucy Sinsabaugh, Kate Tarbell, Strong, Hattie Strong, Schwing.

Bonnell-Vaughn.

Miss Bertha Bonnell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Bonnell, and Alton Moore Vaughn of San Francisco were married at 5:30 o'clock yesterday evening at the bride's home on Key West avenue. Rev. Hugh K. Walker, pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian Church, officiated. The floral decorations were exceptionally beautiful. During the service the bridal party stood beneath a canopy of smilax and lovers' knots of broad white satin ribbon. Roses and ferns also added to the attractiveness of the drawing-room, the effect being carried out in white and green. The library decorations were scarlet and green and pink and green predominated in the dining-room, where an elaborate supper was served. The bride wore a gown of ivory-tinted crepe de chine, made over silk, and she carried white carnations and maiden-hair ferns. She was given away by her father, who was the only attendant. The wedding was witnessed by a few friends and relatives. Many handsome gifts were received. Mr. and Mrs. Vaughn will spend a few days in Los Angeles before leaving for San Francisco, their future home.

Clover Leaf Whist Club.

Mrs. F. M. Nickell entertained the members of the Clover Whist Club yesterday afternoon at her home on Adams avenue. The rooms were prettily decorated with ferns, palms and roses. Handsome vases were awarded as prizes, and Mrs. Nickell received the first and Mrs. Stedman the second. Mrs. Frank Smith will entertain the club two weeks hence, Monday at her home on Daly street. Mrs. Harry Kennedy was a guest of the club and the following-named members were present: Mmes. F. Bonsall, E. W. Knapp, David Horne, Horace Anderson, Frank Bulloch, Frank Bradford, J. B. Pierce, Florence Stafford, Pollard and Miss Bernice Cowell.

Brownsberger School Dance.

The social season of the Brownsberger Home School was ushered in most auspiciously yesterday evening at Hamburg's, the occasion being the customary reception and ball given by the teachers, pupils and alumni of the school in celebration of the third year. Mrs. Brownsberger, principal, and her daughters, the Misses Brownsberger, received the guests. The hall was attractively decorated with potted plants and ferns. More than three hundred guests were present, and the occasion was one of the most delightful in the school's history. Following is a list of the committees in charge of the affair: Floor Committee, Charles Potts, A. J. Williams, Charles Adams, Guy Potts, Guy Adams, Guy Hill, Ralph Ingland, William Hanson and Ralph Raleigh; Executive Committee, Minnie Maude Hill, Anna Cook, Mattie St. John, Susie Smith, Mary Depew, Josephine Lonsbury, Ethel Cook, Clara Agrelius, Ada Chesboro, Ethel Mallory, Louise Mallory, Kate Bilton, Bessie Maxwell and Adele Cowell.

Going to Washington.

The following society item was published in the Washington (D. C.) Times of the 6th of October 3: "Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Chandler, who have returned from California, after an absence of five years, are now settled in their handsome new home, 1200 Cincinnati street northwest. Their attractive and accomplished daughter, Miss Chandler, will make her addition to the younger social set. She is a graduate of Georgetown Visitation and has both studied and traveled abroad. Miss Lucille Chandler's coming out will be a pretty event of some future season, will spend the winter at school. Mr. Chandler has entirely recovered his health in the mild climate of Los Angeles, San Francisco, and it is said that Mrs. Chandler will entertain during the winter with the same graciousness and hospitality with which she was wont during her former residence here."

Married.

Miss Lucinda Shafer and Julius Isaacs were married yesterday evening at 8 o'clock at the home of the bride, 724 Clara street. Rev. Will Hazleton of Vincent Methodist Episcopal Church officiated, and the ceremony was witnessed by a large number of friends and relatives. An elaborate supper was served.

PERSONS AND PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman S. Darling and family have returned from a three months' stay at Ocean Park, and are now domiciled at No. 1137 West Twenty-fourth street.

Mrs. Los Angeles Chapter, Daughters of the Confederacy, will give a large entertainment and ball at Kramer's on the evening of November 22.

Miss Lulu has gone to Utica, N. Y., for a month's visit.

Julian Harley will leave for New York this week on a business trip.

Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Harding of Chestnut Place have gone to New York and Boston for two weeks.

Mr. R. Lindemann went east last night. He will meet his wife in Kansas City, where she has been visiting the past month. They will return to Los Angeles in November.

La Mariposa Social Club is to give the opening ball of the seventh season of dances at Kramer's Tuesday evening, October 22.

James L. Mead, president of Mead Cycle Co. of Chicago, has returned home, after an extended tour of Canada and the Pacific States. Mr. Mead, with his family, has been spending the past two weeks with his sister, Mrs. J. A. Caldwell.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Caldwell, with their guests, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Mead of Chicago, spent the past week at Catalina Island.

IRON AND STEEL MARKET.

Recent Advance Well Sustained—Large Buying of Basic Iron—Finished Material Active and Firm.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.] CLEVELAND (O.) Oct. 10.—Concerning market conditions, the Iron Trade Review this week will say:

Heavy buying of pig iron continues, and the strength shown for some weeks in steel-making irons is now more general in foundry grades. While foundry furnaces have not yet encountered such a buying movement as that of November, 1900, or of March, 1901, there is free contracting for 1902, and the recent advance in prices is generally sustained. Southern sellers, who recently made an advance of 50 cents a ton, have intimated that if the present demand is maintained in the next two weeks, a further advance is a probability. Much will depend on the course of northern makers, who are now selling in some districts below the delivered prices of southern iron.

The business of the week has been well scattered. In the Chicago district implement makers have been in the market for large amounts, which come on the heels of liberal buying by malleable interests. In the Central West further large purchases have been made by the United States Steel Corporation, about 30,000 tons of basic iron for this year's delivery having been taken. An independent steel company has also bought basic iron. The result is that the supply of northern basic is practically taken up for the remainder of the year, and southern sellers have named a Birmingham price of $12, equivalent to $16.15 at Pittsburgh. Bessemer iron is firm at $15.25 at Valley furnaces. Further sales have been made in the Pittsburgh district, and we note a sale of 25,000 tons by an Ironton, O., furnace to a steel works in the same district. It is understood that there has been some feeling of the market for basic for delivery in the first quarter of next year.

Notwithstanding the enormous output of steel, there is still a scarcity of billets for early shipment, and $26 is paid, although contracts for the first quarter of 1902 can be made at $24, a central western mill. Finished material markets all show great activity, accompanied by firm prices. The rail business for next year has been further increased in the week, and it is now certain that 1,000,000 tons of rails are on the books for 1902 delivery, estimating the tonnage that must be carried over. By those in touch with this business it has been estimated that 2,000,000 tons will be closed before the new year begins—a record altogether without precedent.

A FIENDISH CRIME.

Commits it on Himself and Then Suffers Consequences.

There is no need of suffering the consequences of early follies or an overworked mind and body. Mormon Bishop's Pills restore you quickly from all physical troubles. They make you strong, they restore lost vitality, and they only cost 50 cents a box, or six for $2.50. For sale by Off & Vaughn Drug Co., Fourth and Spring streets, Los Angeles, Cal.

Notice to Tax Payers.

OFFICE OF COUNTY TAX COLLECTOR, Los Angeles, Cal.

Notice is hereby given that the taxes for the year 1901 will be due on and after October 14, 1901.

JOHN H. GISH, County Tax Collector.

FRANK G. CARPENTER will tell the readers of The Times Magazine the coming Sunday all about the way the coffee industry is carried on in Java.

"THE LAND OF OPHIR" is the title of an article which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday. The article related by Dr. Karl Peters's own words the story of his wonderful discoveries in Africa.

"Ready-made advice very seldom fits."

The best Ready-Made Suits in town for boys are at the London, and they always fit. Double-breasted two-piece school suits, for ages up to 16 years, at $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4.00, $5.00 and up to $7.50.

New, Nobby and Dressy. All the fancy fall fashions; Cheviots and Worsteds.

New things in Boys' Shirts, Boys' Hats, Boys' Neckwear, Boys' Underwear, Boys' Stockings; generous values.

London Clothing Co.
HARRIS & FRANK, Props.
117-125 N. Spring St.

Defective Eyes
Should not be treated by novices or by defective appliances; that's why my business is growing. I give personal, scientific attention. My appliances are the most modern.
DELANY, THE OPTICIAN, 208 SOUTH SPRING.
First Quality Crystal Lenses, $1 Pair.

Newbauer's
FALL IN FLOUR.
PILLSBURY'S BEST FLOUR
50 lb Sack $1.40 25 lb Sack 75c
OUR REGULAR PRICE.
216-218 S. Spring St.
Telephone Main 26.

Rookwood Pottery.
We are sole agents for Los Angeles.
Rookwood is recognized by all connoisseurs as the best production of art pottery of America.
Like etchings and paintings, its value increases with age.
Collectors are today offering big premiums on Rookwood made ten years ago.
H. F. VOLLMER & CO.
BROADWAY AND THIRD

It will pay you to SEE OUR LAMPS
Made in 2nd styles, loose fount, round wick, with richly decorated shade $2.75. Cheaper ones $1.50. New dinner and cottage sets.
I. T. Martin, Furniture and Carpet House, 351-3-5 South Spring St.
Wheel Chairs sold or rented.

TENTS AND AWNINGS.
PRICES TO SUIT ALL.
J. H. MASTERS, 136 South Main St.

The wheat that goes into
CAPITOL FLOUR
is the choicest the world produces.
The cook who uses
CAPITOL FLOUR
makes the most nourishing and palatable bread.
Every Sack Guaranteed.

CHILDREN'S DANCING PUMPS
We are prepared to fit the boys and girls with the handsomest, swellest dancing shoes ever shown. Fancy colors and black in fine, soft kid, and beautiful little patent leathers. The boys and girls who are going to attend dancing school will find the proper shoes at Staub's.
C. M. STAUB SHOE CO.
235 S. Broadway.

Excursion Rates
Sept. 25 to Nov. 10th, on the
Santa Fe
Open to the holders of
Episcopal Convention
tickets, and their friends. From Los Angeles to all points on Southern California Ry. Tickets good 30 days, but not later than November 10th.
San Diego Round trip. $4.00.
Kite-Shaped Track, $2.75 Round Trip.
Particulars at Santa Fe Office
Cor. Second and Spring Sts.

OPTICIAN.
Examination Free.
O. L. Wacker 236 S. Spring.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE
239 S. Broadway, opp. City Hall, Los Angeles.
Here is a store that does everything the best it can, that is why we devote so much space and give so much attention to
our lining department.
in some stores it is a mere name, with a meager assortment of goods, but here you will find all of the new styles of linings in the latest shades and a very complete stock of staple colors in lyons silk, silked italian, sateens, percalines, silk and satin linings for tailoring, and quilted silk and satin for opera capes.
silk, wool and mercerized moreens, so much in demand for underskirts, are shown in a full assortment at popular prices.
the *canvas stock* includes french, elastic and tailors' cost canvas.
aberdeens and military canvas.
in *hair cloth*, which we consider the best shape-giving interlining in the market, we show a more complete stock than in former seasons.
a few special prices:
silk warp moreen in plain colors, former price $1.25; now priced at 75c.
90c cotton moreen in plain colors, now 12½c.
36-inch changeable silk serge, for skirts 60c, now 40c.
36-inch plain silk serge, 85c quality, now 59c.
36-inch fast black lining, our 35c qualities, now 25c.
36-inch fast black percaline, 20c quality, now 15c.
34-inch fast black mercerized sateen, 20c quality, now 15c.
a handsome shirting silked velour at 69c.
you can order these goods by mail if out of town and we will give you perfect satisfaction.

H. JEVNE
Coffee 40c a Pound.
Our famous Mocha and Java blend. More of our customers drinking it than any other one kind. Roasted fresh every day and blended by a man who knows how to blend coffee. Makes a rich, fragrant, strengthening coffee with a most delicious flavor. 40c a pound.
Smoke Jevne's Fine Cigars.
208-210 S. Spring St.—Wilcox Building.

Why let your w fe wear out her life—
Her charms decay—her temper change?
You know what's wrong—then "scoot" along
To HELLMAN—get a GLENWOOD RANGE! (V.S.) Milton
161 NORTH SPRING STREET.

Reliable Goods. Popular Prices.
N. B. Blackstone Co.
Telephone Main 259. DRY GOODS Spring and Third Sts.
GOOD CORSETS
AT HALF PRICE.
We are going to close out several lines of standard corsets today, corsets that have been leaders the world over. Among the lot you'll find such names as the
P. D., Thompson's Glove Fitting, W. B., Royal Worcester, etc., etc.
These corsets sell regularly from $1.00 to $5.50 each. Today they go for just half their former price. We would advise an early inspection, while the assortment of sizes is complete.

Pay $4.00
And get a good one. But don't make the mistake of thinking that all four-dollar hats are alike, because they're not. We sell the Stetson and two or three other makes at four dollars that most houses get five for—all the latest derby and soft shapes. Our $2.50 hat is a hummer.
LOWMAN & CO.,
131 South Spring.

Potatoes
Are one thing you ought to buy here, we've the right sort. So clean and bright, free from bad spots. Cook as you will they'll come out white and starchy, nothing tastes better surely. We've two carloads on sale today—Burbank and Rose.
Tel. 950. Ship Everywhere. LUDWIG & MATTHEWS, Mott Market

Verus Pile Cure
Cures Piles or $50 forfeited.

McCall's Patterns and Fashion Sheets.
Coulter Dry Goods Co.
Our arrangement with Madam Karolyn to design gowns and furnish ideas for costumes free of charge is eliciting widespread attention among fashionable women.
Art Needlework Department.
The most complete collection of all the little things for fancy work at Coulter's. Nowhere else will you find such assortments; nowhere else are prices so uniformly low. We sell lace threads in all sizes at 5 cents. Complete lines Duchess Braids, Honiton Braids, Arabian Braids, Renaissance Braids, Battenburg Braids; Silks for art work in every shade; Knitting Wools, Flosses and Zephyrs.
Stamped Patterns.
An elaborate line of Stamped Patterns for braiding, including curtain corners, dollies in various sizes, collars, bolsters, handkerchiefs, ties and other fancy pieces, from 5 cents to 90 cents each.
Pillow Ruffles.
Beautifully made Silk Ruffles in all the popular colors; saves more than half the time in making cushions and pillows; $2.75 for 4½-yard lengths, or $5.50 for 9 yards. Better than if you made it yourself.
Fancy Pillow Tops.
Perfectly printed Pillow Tops in best silk colors; a great variety of designs and subjects, including floral pieces, fancy portraits, Indian girls, Floradora, Gibson pictures and Romeo and Juliet. Specially priced at 75 cents.
Pillow Tops at 50c.
L'Art nouveau designs, fancy floral effects and other popular patterns. Also high novelties in all silk and tapestry Pillow Tops, in Persian, floral and oriental effects, from $1.00 to $2.50 each.
COULTER DRY GOODS CO.
317-325 South Broadway, between Third and Fourth.

"A penny saved is a penny earned" open an account with The Union Bank of Savings to day——
223 SOUTH SPRING STREET, NEXT TO L. A. THEATER.

ALTHOUSE FRUIT CO
Fine Quality Vegetables Fresh Clean
It's easy to get vegetables in California, but not easy to get such vegetables as Althouse sells. You can't buy them from a peddler's wagon, you can't buy them from a sidewalk fruit stand—Order of Althouse. Foothill grown, pure water for irrigation—the very finest vegetables the soil produces.
213-215 W. Second St. Tel. Main 398.

The Superior Ranges.
CASS & SMURR STOVE CO., 314-316 South Spring Street.

LOS ANGELES FURNITURE CO.
Beautiful Upholsterings.
The fashions in vogue during the periods of Louis XV and Louis XVI of France are revived in the handsome reproductions of Silk Broches now on display in our north window.
There are also some very rich effects in L'Art Nouveau styles, and beautiful bits of fancy Velours.
The gold frames shown in the window are simply samples of many other pretty and original designs. You choose the frame you like and have it upholstered in material of your own selection.
225-227-229 South Broadway opposite City Hall

OLD CROWNS
As the Gold Cap excludes all agents of decay it means the most permanent of all operations upon the teeth, and the most satisfactory to the patient where the condition of the tooth permits its use. When the nerve is exposed it can be entirely removed, without pain, and the tooth left intact and restored. By this process it can be readily seen that when decay has progressed so far that fillings would not be practical, teeth may be restored to their natural usefulness and beauty. Don't make the mistake of contracting for Crown and Bridge Work before consulting us. We make this work one of our specialties and can guarantee the greatest satisfaction in every case, as DR. SCHIFFMAN is an expert of twenty-five years' experience.
It is with pleasure that I state that I have had several teeth filled by Dr. Schiffman, and that he removed the nerve and filled the root of one of my teeth and put on a porcelain crown which cannot be distinguished from a natural tooth, all of which was done without pain.
JUDSON R. HUSE, Of Davis & Rush, Attorneys, 2 Bryson Block.
I have just had nine roots taken out by the Schiffman method; they were extracted without the slightest pain, and I heartily recommend it to all.
D. C. MORRISON, Ex-Judge Police Court, now Davis & Morrison, Attorneys, 301 Douglas Block.
I have had porcelain crown work and some filling done, and also had ten teeth and roots extracted by Dr. Schiffman, and take great pleasure in recommending his method to any one wishing dental work done without pain.
MRS. C. F. W. SCHRAMM, Mother of Paloma Schramm, corner of Aurora and Wadsworth.
On account of some unfortunate experience I had in the extraction of my teeth, I became a great coward in this respect. Today Dr. Schiffman extracted one of my very refractory teeth without causing me one particle of pain.
D. K. TRASK, Judge Superior Court, Los Angeles County.
Dr. Schiffman pulled my teeth. I didn't hurt a bit.
C. A. SPRECHER, Orpheum Publisher
I couldn't believe it was out till I saw it. It didn't hurt a bit.
GEO. L. HILLS, Manager Southwest Loan Co.
Had lower back molar taken out today by Dr. Schiffman with absolutely no pain.
E. L. JOHNSON, Cashier "Record."
To Dr. Schiffman.—Dear Sir: It gives me pleasure to state that you extracted seven teeth for me without the slightest pain, that the gums healed quickly, that the set of festive plate teeth you fitted me with, gave perfect satisfaction from the first, and after twenty-two months' wear are commonly pass as good as new. Yours truly,
J. W. GARKINE, 1010 Temple St.
No Boys or Students
To experiment on our Largest office and finest practice on the Coast. Lady attendance. Consultation and examination free. Open evenings till 8, and Sunday forenoons.
It will be well worth your time to see our display of up-to-date Dental Work on exhibition in show case at foot of stairs at our entrance.
SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO., 107 North Spring Street.

Lots of Good Things in California,
But the best of all for the money is our Five-year-old Port, at, per gallon,
50c
EDWARD GERMAIN WINE CO.,
397-399 Los Angeles St., cor. Fourth.
No Bar. Open Evenings. Tel. Main 919.

THE LAND.

Orchard, Farm, Garden, Rancho and Stockyard.

[J. W. JEFFREY, AGRICULTURAL EDITOR.]

NOTES AFIELD.

Roadside Trees.

IN ANOTHER column will be found some interesting figures upon road improvement in Southern California. In this connection roadside shade trees should not be neglected. I find in many places that the telephone, telegraph and electric companies are very careless in their treatment of trees along their lines, in some cases disfiguring the trees to the point of uselessness. The care and protection of shade trees is one of the questions that will have to be considered by the public-spirited citizens of this part of the State, and that in a broad and practical way. No policy will be effective unless backed by the law, and a general scheme of coöperation between the supervisors, the city councils and the horticultural commissioners. Those interested in this matter should understand the situation better, and get together for conference upon a general plan of operation.

The Pasadena Trustees are discussing the adoption of an official shade tree for the streets of that city. The pepper seems to be the favorite of the people of Pasadena. Grave charges are made against this tree by the fruit growers everywhere. While the residents of that city are trying to improve their tree conditions, H. E. Huntington is cutting out a large row of pepper trees at Shorb aligning his citrus orchard, and is calling upon the horticultural authorities to assist him in the removal of the trees opposite his land, on the grounds that it is impossible for him to keep his trees clean with such scale-breeders towering above his orchard. It is a grave question, and efforts will no doubt be made soon to have a representative meeting of city and county authorities, farmers' clubs, improvement clubs and individuals, who are willing to give some time to the investigation of the shade-tree problem.

The Frost Question.

A few words upon the protection of newly-planted orange trees may be of benefit, based, as they are, upon observations afield in one of the lower sections of Southern California. I noticed the condition of one twenty-acre grove planted one year ago last spring is very unsatisfactory. The trees did not make a fair growth when unwrapped last spring, and the plants look very backward even after several months of fine care have been given them. The owner was asked for an explanation of the poor appearance of his trees. He said they had been wrapped with burlap sacking from the ground to the tips of the limbs. It had given the trees a smothered appearance, there being no ventilation about the entire tree. The work was done at a cost of about $25, but the proprietor said he would not have it repeated next winter if done for nothing. Those who have young orchards upon lands subjected to frost should take warning from this experience, and use wrapping material that will not smother the trees with dead air. Yucca tree wraps, cornstalks, or anything that will protect the plants without smothering them is preferable to the material tried and condemned by this orchardist. By all means give attention to recently-planted orange and lemon trees this winter, for they will stand but little cold while in their tender, growing state. One precaution would be to secure a well-ripened wood growth in November. Attention to this point is very essential.

Riverside's Scare.

Reports of October 5 bring the news that a small invoice of hothouse plants were found at Riverside infested with purple scale. The plants were all burned as the only way of removing the infection. The plants were from Los Angeles, according to the report, and a Riverside paper, in commenting upon the matter says the shipping of this scale was an act that never should have been attempted, as it was the duty of the commissioners and inspectors of Los Angeles county to have destroyed the shipment.

The above is rather ancient history, as one of the Riverside commissioners writes that the plants destroyed have been there since their shipment from Los Angeles, December 3, 1900. The officials of Riverside county are competent men, and have the reputation of eternal vigilance, and there is no likelihood of any laxity upon their part. But the newspapers should publish all the facts in such a case as this, for it would be a reflection upon this county to adopt this method of getting rid of the purple scale when the authorities are giving much attention to doing the work by spraying and fumigation. There is not a purple scale in Riverside county as far as is known, and I trust the authorities will double their vigilance if necessary to keep it out, for it is a sad affliction where it gets a firm hold. It spreads very slowly, however, and the experiments in this section show that there is no necessity of cutting down trees to compass its extermination. Fumigation or spraying will do it easily if taken before the dust and smut accumulate too thickly upon foliage and stem.

Rural Sensation.

The charges made by a horticultural inspector last week and published in The Times concerning slack if not dishonest work in fumigating citrus trees have created a sensation all over Southern California. Those who read the inspector's report carefully will see that it was made in the line of Mr. Payne's official duties. He mentions no names, and bases his action upon the broad ground of the improvement of the service. He is not peddling about through the newspapers the fact that this or that firm is doing poor service in the work to which all citrus fruit growers will be bending their energies for the next two or three months. His report was given to the press by the chairman of the horticultural board because it was impersonal, and Mr. Payne should be sustained in his attitude as long as he remains in the field.

There can be no newspaper controversy over the efficacy of a fumigator's work. The Times has given the opportunity to the commission to warn the fruit growers that ineffective fumigation is being done and paid for, and that wherever it occurs the grower is defrauded. No fumigator can escape the consequences of his attempts at disinfecting the orchards he has in charge. The test is in the examination of the scale after a sufficient time has elapsed from treatment. The chance of getting an inspector "fired" because he discovers physical evidence of failure should be very slim, indeed. If any one thinks he is the man referred to by Mr. Payne, let him show that the latter is mistaken in his statements. A demonstration is asked for and not an idle controversy.

Apple Growers Meet.

A general meeting of apple growers is announced at room No. 42, Courthouse, Los Angeles, tomorrow at 9 o'clock. The conference will relate entirely to the disposition of the apple culls and "seconds" which are infected with codling moth and San José scale. Complaints have been made from Glendora to Los Angeles that peddlers are driving through the country offering for sale infected fruit, much of which is unwholesome, and all of it liable to scatter moth and scale over the deciduous orchards of the country. The apple growers who are striving every year to subdue these insect pests are among the complainants, for the offering of inferior fruit all over the Southern counties not only renders their efforts abortive, but utterly demoralizes the markets for good fruit. The authorities can take no notice of the latter complaint, but of the former there is ample ground for an aggressive policy. The conference will no doubt bring the apple growers in closer touch with each other, and possibly originate a plan that will enable the salable but infected fruit to be disposed of without danger to the better orchards.

The wholesale apple dealers have registered an objection to the importation of the poorer class of fruit from Watsonville and other northern points. I found the sentiment among the wholesalers unanimous against the continuance of this practice. They said they had been warned by the horticultural authorities to cease bringing in the infected stock from the north, but that it was still being sent in on the sly and the leading importers asked for more stringent measures, which should keep it all out. The Health Office is unable to render assistence, for the fruit could not be cleansed as unwholesome. Nothing but the quarantine against insect pests seems applicable. The meeting Saturday may throw some light upon the troublesome situation.

Arizona and New Mexico.

I have a note stating that the condition of the great territories has not been so favorable in two decades as they are at this time. While lying in the face of a washout at Kingman recently I took occasion to interview an old-time resident of that place, who traveled in stock interests as far east as Colorado. There had been unparalleled rainfall in the southwest during the months of August and September. Stock was looking well all along the line, he said, even in the more arid portions of the Territories. I was informed that wild hay was in harvest in many sections—a fact without precedent in most places.

In New Mexico, especially about Las Vegas, the plains were teeming with fat stock, most of the cattle being in condition for market, but rather too fat to drive. The grass was knee deep all over the prairie, guaranteeing dry pasturage for at least a year without the further growth of the sod. Last year in passing over the same line I found discouragement and even bankruptcy among the stockmen. Cars could not be procured to transport the starving herds to Dakota and other distant pasturage. Cattle and sheep were dying in uncountable number while trying to reach water, and there was nothing to do but get them out of the country. Now all this is changed. The magic influence of water—the heaviest season's rainfall in the annals of the Territories—has brought prosperity and future prospects to the stock interests of the Southwest.

A Bright Future.

The "New River Country" is brightening in prospects from the standpoint of the active farmer. There has never been a particle of doubt about the progress of the Imperial lands since the building of the great canal was assured. Correspondence from the new territory indicates that settlers are going in every day with their families, stock and farming utensils, and that they will soon begin the planting of general crops, among which alfalfa will be the chief. I receive many requests, verbal and written, for a confirmation of the good reports that have gone out from this country during the last year. Events have greatly strengthened the statements published by The Times July 4, 1900, and reiterated last April. To the farmers who are making these inquiries the answer may be given that the Imperial colony is advancing already in material interests; there is strong prospects for railroad facilities, the survey being now under way; there has been no difficulty experienced in irrigation, and the results have proven the soil not only fertile, but possessed of humus and other available elements that have produced crops the first year; that hot weather and abundant water will work marvels upon that class of land, even in its raw state. Compare the present status at Imperial with Riverside or Pomona at the end of their first six months' progress, and the result is very flattering to the projectors of the great enterprise.

The Fruit is Mature.

Probably the first shipment of Washington navel oranges from Southern California this season was consigned from Monrovia to San Francisco, today, by H. M. Bovee. He expects to ship a full carload within a week. The fruit is well colored and sweet, for this early in the season. It was grown very close to the foothills. California Fruit Grower has heard of other shipments of new navels, from Arcadia and other points. All claims of the kind come under suspicion of being not quite what is claimed for them. Such shipments may come from a freak tree, a diseased tree, a dying tree, or a tree situated peculiarly. Something wrong somewhere, though we are unable at this distance to be more definite.—[California Fruit Grower.

I was called to Mr. Bovee's orchard yesterday to look over the fumigator's work, and looked through his ripening orange crop while there. The grove contains forty acres, situated at the upper end of Santa Anita avenue, near the mouth of the cañon of the same name. The situation is very high, perhaps 500 feet above the valley, the soil a porous, gravelly loam, very susceptible to sunshine. There are no freak trees, no diseased nor dying trees. There are dozens of boxes already fully colored, sweet and ready for the market. There is nothing wrong with the crop, I can assure the editor of the Fruit Grower, and if he will sample some of the fruit when it arrives, he will find it excellent in quality and perfectly edible.

Dustless Roads and Orchards.

Readers of The Times will be interested in the field statistics I have collected this week upon the use of oil upon the highways and its effects upon the health of the fruit orchards through which the roads are built. At present there are two methods of artificial road making in use in this county, and I learn that another method is soon to be tried at Azusa, where A. P. Griffith has set up a heavy rock-crushing machine, ready for trial in coöperation with the Supervisors.

The application of oil has attracted wide attention since its first trial in Los Angeles county in 1898. During that year six miles were laid in oil on trial. In 1899 seven additional miles of road were oiled, and the experience of these two years ended the experimental phase of this method of road making. In 1900 fifty miles of new road were treated with this process, and the end of the present year will see not less than 200 miles in use in Los Angeles county. I have driven over a large mileage of these roads within the last two weeks, and find the process has given the people in most cases hard and almost dustless roads, and that the public is well pleased with that manner of road construction.

The other system of road work in use is the application of clay gravel upon the surface of the highway. Prior to this season the leading roads were rapidly being surfaced with gravel throughout the more populous rural sections of the county, but the apparent superiority of the oil process has, for the time being, checked the use of gravel. As to the utility of the two methods, the Supervisors favor the oil, though the members are not unanimous on this point. As I wish to call attention to the protective feature of oiled roads above all others, the occasion does not require a discussion of the merits of the different methods from the standpoint of travel and transportation.

In the First Supervisoral District oil has been applied to the roadways very extensively this year. The following table gives the mileage of oiled roads in each road district, and the alignment of orchards on each side protected from dust, as reported by Supervisor Longdon:

	Oiled roads.	Orchard mileage.
Lamanda	8	10
Alhambra	9	6
San Gabriel	8	8
El Monte	3	2
Covina	1½	3
Azusa	3	6
Glendora	1	1
Spadra	2	4
San Dimas	3	4
Total	37½	44

Supervisor Wilson gives the following as the mileage in the Fourth Supervisoral District. It shows that his district has the largest mileage of oiled roads the, orchard protection however, being about the same as that of Mr. Longdon's, as the Fourth is devoted largely to agricultural products:

	Oiled roads.	Orchard mileage.
San Antonio	11	9
Downey	10	14
Fruitland	14	12
Florence	11	6
Vernon	2	2
Compton	6	6
Green Meadow	3	3
Lentinella	1½	1
Baliona	6	2
Santa Monica	5	0
Norwalk	3	0
Artesia	1½	0
Total	74	46

The districts of Supervisors Field and Alexander lie largely in the city, and the roads and streets do not come under the supervision of the county authorities. Mr. Hanley is building of clay gravel in his district, having nearly twenty-five miles of that excellent material in use and no oiled roads. The Third has about two miles of oil in the Cahuenga Valley, built by Supervisor Field, and it is proving very satisfactory. Oil is being extensively used by the cities and incorporated towns of the county, but as there is little orchard alignment that portion of the roadways is not included in the summary.

From the above statistics it will be seen that there are now in use in the First and Fourth districts 111¼ miles of oiled highways, protecting from dust 90 miles of orchard on both sides of the way. From hours of observation, I conclude that there are three rows of fruit trees on each side of the roadways damaged by dust settlings. This gives us a protection to about 70,000 fruit trees, estimating them at a distance of twenty feet apart—an item that should figure largely with the Supervisors in making their road-building plans for the season.

It would be impossible to figure the damage sustained by the orchardists of Southern California annually from dusty roads. The loss occurs principally upon the north and east sides of the roads in Los Angeles county on account of the prevailing winds, but in many sections where the air is not so constant the dust finds lodgment upon the trees in all portions of the orchard adjacent to the roads. The protection afforded by the oil upon the roads is not absolute. The trees do not require immunity from dust to succeed. The dews, fogs and winds will carry off a reasonable amount of leaf dirt, but the continual shower of dust, falling upon the foliage under all conditions and in such quantities as to suspend the leaf function of the trees produces a state of strangulation that prevents the profitable fruitage of an orchard subjected to this.

FRUIT INTERESTS.

The Apple Crop.

The orange growers of Southern California will read with interest the following estimate of the present apple crop. Observations made by the farm editor of The Times while traveling in the Northern States and Canada confirm the extreme scarcity of apples indicated by this estimate, which is made by that reliable journal, the American Cultivator:

Present estimates place the apple crop this year at 10,000,000 and possibly 12,500,000 barrels. Last year it was said that between 50,000,000 and 60,000,000 barrels were gathered, with many left ungathered by reason of the low prices in the fall. In 1896, what was called the banner crop, the barrels marketed were figured at 70,000,000 barrels, besides several million more reserved for home use by the growers. Not only must this cause green apples to advance to about double last year's rates, but it will have its effect on the evaporated apples, which are now about 9 cents a pound, against 6 last May. Other evaporated fruits also feel the effects of this, and canned fruits. Even prunes, which show a large crop this year, are reported advancing in price.

Meeting of Pineapple Growers.

The Association of Pineapple Growers met at the operahouse Monday afternoon and discussed the question of marketing fruit and other matters.

The question of admitting outsiders as spectators at these meetings coming up it was unanimously decided that such persons be welcome at these meetings, except when private business shall be considered.

A report was read from Secretary Straub of the State Asociation showing a membership of 150. He also reported that a special agent had been sent out to Chicago to assist marketing fruit. After discussion a committee of five was appointed to consider the question of marketing fruit, to report in writing to a subsequent meeting. This committee is President Sperry and Messrs. Van Houton, Thornton, Benedict and Thew. They will consider all features bearing upon this important matter. It is the evident intention of the association to be more independent of the commission merchants.—[Orlando Reporter.

Peanuts in Orange County.

This county has three hundred acres in peanuts; the output is estimated at 400,000 pounds, worth $20,000. The beet crop of the Anaheim section is all harvested, with returns very satisfactory. Strawberry growers had a most prosperous season. Land is now being prepared that will increase the acreage at least a third. The new orange crop is coming on in good shape. Walnut growers are preparing to gather the largest crop of nuts they have ever had. Grapes are now being rushed to wineries. The crop is not large, but prices are higher than for the past twenty years. Celery is being planted on the peat lands, and there will be as heavy an acreage this year as usual. Potatoes will be the favorite crop this year. There is an unprecedented demand, and a large acreage is being prepared for planting at once. —[Orange Judd Farmer.

Shell-less Nuts.

Seedless fruit, thornless roses, shell-less nuts—these luxuries will be common in a few years if predictions are verified.

The methods of growing fruits, nuts and vegetables are undergoing a revolution. It is believed that even the cores and skins can be practically done away with. By saving the strength of the plant used up in this way the fruit will be grown larger and with a finer flavor.

The seedless orange is so far the most successful of the fruits experimented on. It is the result of years of cultivation.

The navel orange, which has very small seeds, was first grafted on the common orange. The result was an orange with smaller and fewer seeds than any in the market. The experiment was repeated over and over again, until the present variety of absolutely seedless oranges could be grown. As the seeds grew smaller the orange itself became larger, sweeter and more juicy.

Apples and pears have been grown without seeds. The fruit so far obtained is smaller than the ordinary varieties and lacking in flavor. With a few years more of cultivation it is believed that seedless apples and pears will be as common as seedless oranges.

Currants and grapes are grown in large quantities without seeds.

A great deal more attention is being paid to the cultivation of nuts than ever before. Experiments in growing chestnuts larger than the ordinary wild nuts have been successful. The object of nut growers now is not so much to grow larger nuts as to do away with the shell and the thick walls which separate the kernel.

An Ohio grower has already succeeded in growing hickory nuts with shells so thin that they can be broken by the hand.

The results obtained in growing roses without thorns or superfluous leaves are already familiar.

Cider Vinegar.

It has been suggested that the apple growers of the lower lands of Southern California who will this year find great difficulty in finding a market for much of their fruit where the quarantine regulations are in force, would find it profitable to turn their second-class fruit into cider products. The following from the New York Tribune is timely and should be read carefully by the apple men:

CIDER MAKING.

"Cider making as a rule is attended to only at the close of the apple season. There are many reasons why it should occupy the farmer's attention through the whole of September and October. The market demand for this product is not very good until about the middle of September, when you may dispose of every gallon you can produce. There are other reasons besides the production of cider for gathering up all dropped fruit. It will never be possible in any other way to make ourselves masters of the increasing number of insect pests. By gathering every fallen apple, feeding the worst to the cattle, not forgetting a few for the horses, and then turning the balance into cider, we are sure to gain rapidly on the codlin moth as well as the tripeta fly.

"To make good cider the apples must be clean, and must be ground by themselves. That is, they must not be carried to a mill, where they are dumped in with all sorts of rubbish. If it is desired to keep the cider for any length of time in warm weather it must be removed, just as soon as pressed from the pumice, to a cold cellar. I do not know that farmers' cellars as a rule are cool enough for the purpose. However, they will delay the fermentation for two or three days, or until the cider may be taken to market. A great deal of attention should be paid to proper filtering. Most of the mills are very careless in this respect. I should filter the cider myself immediately on receipt from the mill. Going through Maine and Massachusetts while the early apples were ripening, I found that where there were apples at all they were allowed to fall on the ground without gathering. In some places I saw the ground actually covered with fruit worth at the least $1 a bushel. The culls would have been worth quite as much more if turned into cider, but the farmers of these sections had not formed the habit of utilizing this product. They knew nothing about cider making until the last of the season. Where there is not a market for early cider it can readily be turned into vinegar, and this will command from 10 cents to 15 cents a gallon."

BEET-SUGAR INDUSTRY.

The Sugar Fight.

The American Sugar Refining Company, in anticipation of increased cane production in Cuba, is bending every energy to crush out the beet-sugar industry of the country. Yesterday the price of granulated sugar west of the Missouri River was reduced to 3¼ cents a pound, which is 1⅛ cents below the cost of production.

The regeneration of Cuba has had a wonderful stimulus on the sugar production. The output this year is estimated at 800,000 tons. During the revolution it had fallen to 300,000 tons. The cane product is controlled by the American company, and the competition of the beet sugar of the West has had no effect on the market until this year, and to save its cane product the big trust seeks to demoralize the beet industry and compel a short production next year.

That the attack is aimed at the beet-sugar men is proved by the fact that the cut covered that portion of the country where beet sugar competes most actively with cane. The beet-sugar men believe there is an effort being made to destroy the domestic sugar interests of the United States, and evidence the call for $15,000,000 of new capital by the trust for increasing the cane-sugar output in Porto Rico and Cuba and the movement to bring in Cuban sugar free.

California started the beet-sugar industry in 1871, when E. H. Dyer established the first factory at Alvarado. The Alvarado factory, after some years under the management of Dyer, passed to the control of the Standard Sugar Company, and still later, under the reorganization and added capital, to the control of the Pacific Coast Sugar Company. During the first sixteen years of its existence, when it was the only producer of beet sugar in California, its annual output varied from 500,000 to 2,000,000 pounds.

In 1887, Claus Spreckels, the great local cane-sugar king, put up a factory at Watsonville, and the first year turned out 3,300,000 pounds. Spreckels later built another factory at Salinas. His conversion to beet sugar induced Mr. Oxnard and others to invest considerable money at Chino and other points in California. Three years ago the United States produced 36,000,000 tons of sugar beet, last year about 82,000,000 tons, and this year there are prospects of a 100,000,000-ton year.—[Chicago Chronicle, October 4, 1901.

California Factories.

The beet-sugar factory at Chino shut down September 6, and the beets from that locality are being shipped to Oxnard.

The system of winter planting of beets will be put into practice this coming season. Beet planting for the next campaign will begin the middle of December, and will be continuous from that date to and through the usual planting season. It is expected to open the factory next year, the first of June on early beets, and to continue a campaign of five months' duration. To do this will require an acreage of 10,000 to 12,000. The company has already satisfied itself that this acreage can be easily procured, and the contracting will commence soon.

J. Ross Clark expressed himself as follows: "We have shipped forty carloads of sugar to Salt Lake in the last forty days, but our principal market is at the Missouri River—Kansas City and Omaha receiving a large percentage of the product. The demand is fine in all these markets, and if our own people here in Los Angeles and throughout Southern California were as loyal to the local product as are the people of Salt Lake, where they will use no other sugar as long as beet sugar is in the market, there would be no question about the success of the beet-sugar industry. At present many of our California people use China sugar, or any other kind of sugar, instead of demanding the home product. As a result, we ship the greater portion of it to eastern points.

"The recent cuts made in the price of sugar were a menace to the beet-sugar industry. The cuts were only designed to have effect on this Coast, and the last one had no effect whatever on the New York market. In consequence, the conditions of the beet-sugar industry are not at all satisfactory, although this has been the greatest season in its history. The three factories at Oxnard, Chino and Los Alamitos put out over 50,000,000 pounds."—[Beet Sugar Gazette.

THE FARM.

Valuable Fertilizers.

The actual value of a fertilizer to the farmer is governed by the kind of crop, the soil, and the time when the fertilizer is applied. The plant foods sought are potash, phosphoric acid and nitrogen, and these foods exist in various articles known as "fertilizers." But, no matter what the materials may be, the three substances mentioned are the ones sought at all times. They are the substances which give manure its value, and whether the farmer uses manure, plows under green crops or purchases artificial fertilizers, he supplies the land with potash, phosphoric acid and nitrogen as foods for plants. The next point is the availability of these plant foods. The farmer may spread tons of barnyard manure on his land, but until it decomposes and becomes soluble in water, the plants can derive no benefit from it; hence the farmer considers manure the best of all materials, because, as he expresses it, "it lasts for several years," when, in fact, it has simply failed to give him immediate benefits. The same rule applies to fertilizers, as the farmer can procure such as will give the best results immediately, or he can procure fertilizers that are more slowly soluble, and which show beneficial effects for several years, according to the kind of soil and the crops grown thereon. Plant foods, therefore, vary in composition, and their use is dependent upon many conditions which every farmer should endeavor to understand, in order to successfully operate his farm.

The nitrogen of manure or artificial fertilizers is the most expensive substance in plant foods, and the value of the nitrogenous materials is largely influenced by their solubility. Nitrate of soda, sulphate of ammonia, ground dried blood, cotton-seed meal, and ground dried fish are the principal sources of nitrogen, guano now being but little used, as the supply is nearly all exhausted, the most soluble forms of nitrogen being nitrate of soda and sulphate of ammonia. The first is very soluble; so much so that it will, on some soils, be carried away by the rains beyond the reach of the plants before it can be utilized by the growing crop, for which reason the manufacturer prefers to use but a small quantity of nitrate of soda for immediate benefit, using dried blood or cotton-seed meal to continue the supply of nitrogen to the plants. Sulphate of ammonia is also soluble, but not so much so as nitrate of soda. Sulphate of ammonia sooner or later becomes carbonate of ammonia in the soil, and if the land has been recently limed, or the soil is calcareous, there is a liability of the ammonia being dissipated. Sulphate of ammonia should always be well worked into the soil, using the cultivator, instead of the harrow, especially in summer, as it may do harm if left near the surface, causing some plants to turn yellow. It may also be applied somewhat early, as it is slower in action than nitrate, the latter being broadcasted on the surface, and at once made available by rains. For such crops as clover, peas, beans and cow peas, the nitrate should be preferred. Nitrate also gives excellent results on grain in early spring, as the yield of straw and seeds seems to be increased, though this will depend upon the soil, as oats, wheat, barley and rye have been benefited, as well, by the use of sulphate of ammonia.—[American Agriculturist.

The Best Way to Seed Alfalfa.

The preparation of the soil should rightly begin two or three years before the time of seeding alfalfa. If it is desirable to subsoil the land, this should be done a year before seeding to a depth of fifteen or twenty inches, and may be followed either by fallow or a cultivated crop. Time enough should intervene between the subsoiling and the seeding to allow the soil to settle, and to store a bountiful supply of moisture. The seedbed should be as fine as an onion bed, and the subsurface be rather firm and well supplied with moisture. If the soil is deficient in humus, a liberal coating of fine barnyard manure plowed under at the time of subsoiling will add greatly to its physical condition, and thus help to start the young plants.

If the soil is very sandy, the manure will be of great value in preventing the sand from blowing, and in conserving moisture. A very sandy soil is not benefited by deep plowing or subsoiling. If the soil is heavy, and it is not practicable to subsoil, it should be plowed to a depth of eight or ten inches several months prior to seeding. If the land is allowed to lie fallow after this treatment, or has been fall-plowed, it should be thoroughly disked every three weeks during the summer or autumn, as the case may be, to keep a dust mulch on the surface, and prevent evaporation. The time of seeding is of great importance. This should be determined more by the absence of unfavorable conditions than by the season. Alfalfa has been successfully sown in the West in every month, from January to September. Where the ground is not weedy, spring seeding has been practiced with best success.

The quantity of seed to sow to an acre is a question of considerable importance. The majority of successful growers advise twenty to thirty pounds. If the seed were universally good, and the ground always well prepared, this would be grossly extravagant. A pound of alfalfa seed contains about 210,000 seeds. If 90 per cent. of them germinate, twenty pounds an acre would give 3,780,000 plants, or 88 to a square foot. After nine-tenths of the young plants have perished from crowding or accidents, we would still have an ample stand. From these facts one can readily find the reasons for difference of opinion among good farmers as to the quantity of seed to sow. As low as eight to ten pounds an acre have frequently been drilled with success, especially when sowing for a seed crop. The quality of the seed is another very important factor. Good germinable seed should always be used. The percentage of germinability should be ascertained by a test before sowing.—[Prairie Farmer.

Feeding Pigs.

Young growing hogs ought to be fed more swill. It is a mistake to give them so much grain. Corn alone does not properly fill and distend the growing digestive organs, and leaves the young animals too much subject to worms. In fact, no corn should be fed to hogs without being soaked. Ground corn put into swill is still better.

For young hogs, ground corn with oats or barley mixed in the swill makes splendid feed. With the swill the amount of grain can be nicely regulated so as to give the best results, and keep the animals in thrifty shape. Plenty of wood ashes are helpful in keeping down worms. Also a box of concentrated lye with a small opening in one end and put into the swill barrel will help to keep the growing pigs in good fix. Farmers certainly ought to give more care to the careful growing of hogs.—[Chicago Live Stock World.

THE STOCK RANGE.

Notes from Washington, D. C.

The views of Charles Goodnight of Goodnight, Tex., regarding the immunity of the buffalo and its crosses, are of value, as probably no other man in this country has had the same experience with wild and captive buffaloes. He writes to Dr. Victor A. Norgaard, chief of the pathological division, Bureau of Animal Industry of the Agricultural Department, a letter of interest to all cattle men in view of the dread in which blackleg is held by all.

Mr. Goodnight writes as follows:

"I have been satisfied for the last ten years that buffaloes are not susceptible to blackleg, but have not felt disposed to give it to the world as a whole, as it may yet develop. I was among the wild buffalo for several years where they were immensely numerous, and many thousands were of the proper age to take it. I have now been breeding them about twenty years, and I am quite positive no case of blackleg occurred during that time, and up to this writing it holds good to those that are only one-fourth blood. I will this year have several head of calves only one-eighth blood, and I shall give them every chance to take blackleg in order to test them, although I think they are immune. I have been trying for several years to establish a race of cattle from the buffalo. So far I have only partially succeeded. When this is done it will be the greatest thing for the cattle industry of America. They have some characteristics that are very valuable to this interest. Besides their great weight and the extra quality of the meat, they are, first, most probably immune from blackleg; second, they never eat loco; third, they never lie with their back downhill, which causes much loss in weak cattle; fourth, they do not go in bog holes; fifth, they have the greatest dungs on any animal; sixth, they put on more flesh for what they eat than other animals."

Cure for Blackleg.

At a cost of only 1 cent a dose vaccine for blackleg was supplied in sufficient quantities by the veterinary department of the Kansas Agricultural College last year to pay all expenses of its manufacture and distribution. If the demand continues throughout this year, as indicated by the orders received during the first four months, the department will not only pay the expenses of manufacture and distribution, but have a small profit to its credit.

Vaccine for blackleg is only manufactured under official direction at two stations in the United States—the government station at Washington and the Manhattan Station, which coöperates with it. Last year 120,000 doses were distributed to Kansas farmers. It is probable that 150,000 will be distributed this year.

Although the government has not seen fit to reveal the process of manufacture of vaccine for blackleg, no secret is made of the manner of its preparation at the Kansas college. In recent years the death among cattle from blackleg has reached alarming proportions. Prior to 1896 there are no reports to indicate any great loss from this disease. But it is altogether probable that this was because the ranchmen and farmers did not know what was the matter with their cattle. The disease has spread until it has made its appearance in nearly every county in Kansas, and a recent report from Nebraska indicates that it is even more general in that State than in Kansas.

THE DAIRY.

Cows That Don't Pay.

Four years ago we secured twenty-five cows. None of them having records, they were purchased on the judgment of the man who selected them. A committee of breeders sent us four Jerseys, the same way three Guernseys and three Ayrshires were selected. The remainder of the herd were grades, and were raised on the farm where purchased. An accurate account was kept of this herd. Each month each cow was charged with the feed consumed at market price, and credited with the cost of labor expended in her case. Credit was given for the butter produced and for the calves. The variation in the individuality of these cows was shown by the monthly record. In the production of butter-fat the range was from 5554 pounds; in butter, from 308 pounds to 165 pounds; in net profit, from a profit to $13.63 loss. The three best cows were kept at a net profit of $67.47, and the six most profitable cows at a profit of $148.78.

It is a rule scarcely without exception that when records of cows kept in a herd are kept for the first time some animals are found running the dairyman in debt and others yielding very little profit. It is a safe estimate, I believe, that 25 per cent. of dairy cows are kept at a loss, 50 per cent. at little or no profit, and the remainder only yield a profit sufficient to make up the loss on the unprofitable ones and leave a small resulting profit.—[Old Dominion, in American Agriculturist.

POULTRY.

Why One Should Keep Poultry on the Farm.

[Texas Farmer:] Prof. [illegible] tawa, Can., in answer to the question "Why is poultry valuable on the farmer?" gives the following reasons:

(1.) Because he ought by some means to convert a great deal of the waste of his farm into money in the shape of eggs and chickens for the market.

(2.) Because, with intelligent management, they ought to be profitable revenue producers, with the exception of perhaps two months during the moulting season.

(3.) Because poultry will give quicker return for the capital invested than any of the other departments of agriculture.

(4.) Because the manure from the poultry house will make a valuable compost for use in either the garden or orchard. The hens themselves, if allowed to run in the garden or apple orchard, will destroy many injurious insect life.

(5.) Because, while cereals cannot be successfully grown in certain sections, poultry can be kept on any table use or layers of eggs for the market in all of the country.

(6.) Because poultry raising affords employment in which the farmer's wife and daughters can engage, leaving him free to attend to other more important duties.

(7.) Because it will bring the best results in the shape of eggs during the winter season, when the farmer has most time on his hands.

(8.) Because, to start poultry keeping on the farm requires little or no capital. By good management it can be made with little cost a profitable adjunct to the farm.

VEGETABLES.

Beans.

Business quiet; growers are asking prices above what dealers consider present market values. The lima harvest will be in full blast by the 15th, when upwards of 10,000 sacks per day will go to the warehouses. Only a few transactions at this time, growers refusing to sell until the crop is over. A few new-crop limas have been offered early in the week at 4½c, for San Francisco delivery, but no sales reported.

Our eastern advices are very favorable. The bean crops of Michigan and New York have been harvested and on the whole a much finer crop than last year. The crop of Michigan is estimated at 2,000 cars, against 5000 cars last year. Favorable weather conditions favorable for fall delivery. The spot quotations (October 1, was $1.65 per bushel of 100 pounds;) futures, November shipment, $1.56 per bushel (100 pounds) for hand-picked Michigans equal to our Los Angeles tons. Texas is the chief source of California beans, hence the 2½ cents freight to Texas common points, and you will have the price of Michigan beans c. and f. Texas. Importations of foreign beans for October, 1900, was about 7000 bags; season imports for September 16,000 bags at the port of New York. Under present conditions California beans are liable to find their way to the California territory.—[California Fruit Grower.

Plant Potatoes.

Reports are generally unfavorable as regards potatoes, which are said to have suffered more in the North and Northwest than any other of the leading crops and now appear unable to recover from the blow, though rain and sunshine be just right. Little or no improvement whatever is reported in the outlook; in Indiana, the crop is reported in bad condition, but late planted fields improving and promise well. In Wisconsin, where such vast amounts usually come from, the crop is likely to be a failure. In Iowa potatoes, like everything else, are suffering from the continued drought. In Illinois the crop is small. It is now quite certain that until next year there will be no crop in the North matching potatoes will command high prices, and farmers might find it very profitable to raise a large acreage of potatoes.—[Gate City Chronicle.

THE VINEYARD.

Wine and Vine.

All the grapes along the foothill mountains east of Windsor, from Windsor to Santa Rosa parties are said to have been hauled to that place. The grapes are all made together, and include those of Greeley, F. P. Sweet, L. H. Bell, George Nalley, E. D. Higby, Wilson Bros., A. Faught, W. P. Vance, Mr. Hall and Joe Du Bois. This covers a large acreage of grapes, and the price paid is $24 per ton straight.—[Windsor Herald.

Wine-making in St. Helena vicinity is progressing slowly on account of the scarcity of grapes. The Star says: "In some parts of the county the crop is better than was expected, but upon the whole it is very much less than one-half a yield. The quality seems to have settled down to from $25 to $26.50 per ton."

The Woodland Mail says: "It is stated on good authority that Messrs. Bros. have sold all of their vineyard property and interests to the California Wine Association. The local winery will not be operated this season, instead, all of the wine grapes will be shipped away."

At Sebastopol, according to the report of that place, the price of grapes on September 21 was $21.50; the same on the 24th, $24.50; next day the price went to $30. The decline is due to the fact that enough grapes had been contracted for to fill the coopers' orders.—[Grower.

OYSTERS and shellfish served at Del Monte Restaurant. Third street.

"DEATH'S GRIM SEQUEL," a review of an article telling how Lincoln's and other dead bodies of assassins met their fate, will appear in The Times Magazine Section Sunday.

THE STORY of the rise of Alaska, will be told by a master hand in The Times Magazine Section Sunday.

MEETING OF MAGNATES.

Big Trolley Projects Under Way.

Important Conference in This City.

Members of Huntington Syndicate Here to Perfect Their Plans.

A meeting of electric railway magnates in this city is on the tapis, at which the details of new construction and improvements in Los Angeles and vicinity, costing upward of two million dollars, will be discussed, and, in all probability, determined.

H. E. Huntington, who arrived here several days ago, was but the avant coureur of the gathering of capitalists. Isaias W. Hellman arrived yesterday, and other members of the Huntington-Hellman syndicate will be here today.

Mr. Hellman attended a meeting of the directors of the Farmers' and Merchants' Bank yesterday, and his banking interests here engaged his entire attention during the day, but he was not too busy to grant a Times reporter brief interview.

"I have not yet seen Mr. Huntington, who has been here about a week," he said, "but I am here to confer with him and others on the final details for the many lines, the interurbans, as the newspaper people have named them. Christian de Guisne and Antonio Borel will be here tomorrow. The latter will then all be here. I shall stay at least until Sunday, and during the intervening time we shall decide on many details of our plan.

"Yes, it means the expenditure of many sums of money in Southern California in the next two years."

Besides the interurban lines, there is a good deal to be done on the lines of the Los Angeles Railway Company. The belt-line franchise for which the company paid $50,000 a few weeks ago, is to be made use of speedily, and it will be done as fast as material can be had and the work performed. Parts of the old cable tracks have never been overhauled, and this is one of the subjects to be discussed.

Two years is the limit of time set to complete the work in view. The cost will be several million dollars. The lines will connect the towns about Los Angeles with the city, and will open up much beautiful suburban territory.

The outlook is for very lively and prosperous times in and about Los Angeles.

HEAD OF GEOLOGICAL SURVEY COMING.

TO MAKE INSPECTION TOUR OF THE SOUTHWEST.

Charles D. Walcott, Noted [illegible] and M. H. Darton, Under-[illegible] Water Specialist, and Party, Due in Arizona and Southern California.

J. S. Lippincott, resident hydrographer for California, United States Geological Survey, stated yesterday that Charles D. Walcott, the director of the survey, had left Washington on a tour of inspection throughout the Southwest. He will arrive at Phoenix next Monday and spend a week preceding the 21st inst. in Northern Arizona. The director is a geologist of national reputation, and he is accompanied by M. R. Darton, a specialist on underground water supplies. The party is also accompanied by a photographer and stenographer. They are expected in Los Angeles the 25th inst., and will probably be entertained by the Chamber of Commerce one evening and by the Engineers' and Architects' Association of Southern California on another evening. Mr. Lippincott will be the director in Northern Arizona and accompany him to Southern California.

The organic law, from which has grown the present work of the Geological Survey, is dated March 3, 1879. It states that the office of the director of the Geological Survey, and states that this officer shall have the direction of the Geological Survey and the classification of the public lands and examination of the geological structure, mineral resources and products of the national domain." A fundamental principle of the survey is, therefore, the classification of the public lands, a work which cannot be accomplished without thorough knowledge is had of their mineral resources, since, for the most part, the public lands are within the mineral belts. The Geological Survey has only to do with fundamental questions and problems relating to the subject, more largely with present and prospective developments of mineral resources and products. Throughout the work of the United States the principle of economic value is considered, the study of the distribution and fluctuations of the water supply becoming the most important of the work of the survey.

The work of the survey is not confined to the public lands, for later acts of Congress have extended its operations to the "national domain," which includes all of the territory within the boundaries of the United States. In this State and Territory surveys have already been made. The extent of these is governed by many considerations, such as the economic and scientific importance of results, and the co-operation of individual States. Through the initiation of this survey, much attention has been given to the arid region, its great possibilities having been early appreciated. In 1888 the director was called upon by Congress to consider the question of the reclamation of the irrigation lands, and in March, 1888, a resolution was passed requiring the Secretary of the Interior, by means of the officers of the Geological Survey, "to make examination of that portion of the arid region of the United States which can be reclaimed by the practice of irrigation, as to the natural conditions for the storage of water for irrigating purposes, with the practicability of constructing reservoirs, their sites and the capacity of the reservoirs, and such other facts as bear on the question of the proper use of water for irrigating purposes."

The director will probably spend several days in Southern California in meeting friends of the survey and discussing the policy for its future work.

MINES AND MINING ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

DATES OF MEETINGS OF THE MINERS' ASSOCIATION.

Operations in the Rand District—Arizona Mines—In New Mexico—Strikes in Utah—Montezuma District in Mexico—Mining Notes.

The quarterly meeting of the Southwest Miners' Association, which was announced for October 8, has been postponed until November 12.

The tenth annual session of the California State Miners' Association will open in San Francisco on October 21, and continue for three days.

RAND MINES.

Reports from Randsburg, Cal., state that large quantities of mining machinery are passing through Johannesburg to the districts north and east of the Rand district, largely to the Argus Range and Panamint districts, indicating that the development of prospects in these sections is going steadily on.

In the Stringer district, south of Randsburg, come good reports. On the Santa Ana the company is sinking in good ore, and when stoping begins a milling of good ore is expected. Sanders & Porter, who are leasing on the Gold Coin, have struck a rich bunch, and if it holds out any length of time, they will be enabled to put quite a few dollars into circulation. On the Annex, Montgomery and Maginnis are hard at work, and if "hornings" of the ore are any criterion, they are being well reimbursed for their labor. In the Stanford mine, work is being pushed in the main shaft at a depth of 290 feet, where some other extra fine ore has been encountered.

The Randsburg Miner states that a recent milling of 1000 tons of ore from the Bagdad mines at Ludlow, San Bernardino county, made at the Barstow mill, gave returns of over $17,000.

The Ashford brothers have had a milling of ore from the King Solomon, of thirty-three tons, that cleaned up $1440.

IN INYO COUNTY.

The Independent of Independence, says: "At the present there is more mining activity in the Old Coso Mountains than there has been at any time in the past twenty-five years. The most important, perhaps, is the practical rebuilding of the mill at the former town of Coso by a Los Angeles partnership, composed of Del Valle, Cram, and others. Under the superintendency of J. G. Kitchline, a Huntington mill, concentrators, etc., are being placed."

ARIZONA MINES.

Mineral Wealth of Kingman says the big concentrating plant at the Minnesota mine, Chloride, is expected to be in running order by the 15th of November.

The Decatur Company, operating in the Jerome district, has, as stated in the Jerome News, started work on the property. Its new engine is in place and two twelve-hour shifts are at work removing the water from the shaft. The company will continue work until the property is thoroughly developed.

The Prescott Courier is informed that Barkdall & Spaulding have their $100,000 steam shovel at Walnut Grove ready to start up, and are now looking around for the richest gravel bars whereon to work.

A report from Globe states that the General Electric Company, which had a bond on a group of copper claims in the Clifton district, has surrendered it, after doing considerable development work on the property.

The Florence Blade states that J. C. Dunham has sold his Copper Mountain group of claims to Joplin, Mo., capitalists. There are twenty claims in the group.

A report from Tombstone from Superintendent Blackburn, announces a strike of rich ore in one of the claims of the Copper Crown of Arizona group. The company is also taking out good ore from its I. X. L. claim.

A report from Cochise states that there are now being shipped from that station from 200 to 300 tons of ore every day, making it the largest shipping point in the Dragoon district.

The Denver group of mines, owned by A. H. Gamage of Los Angeles, in the Blue Tank district, near Gilbert, has been bonded to T. S. Wadsworth of Los Angeles.

The Courier of Prescott says: "At Octave the forty-stamp mill is running steadily and 250 men are at work. The Fools Gulch properties will start up soon. The great Congress gold-mining camp keeps up its bullion output and all wheels are moving there."

NEW MEXICO MINES.

The Enterprise of Silver City says: "Four or five cars of as pretty copper ore as ever came out of a mine are being shipped daily from Santa Rita, and it is thought this output will be largely increased within the next few months, as the leases become more numerous."

The same paper states that an important sale in the Burros was lately made, whereby Col. Bean assumes possession of the Rascom group of mines, lying between the Oak Grove ranch and the St. Louis mine. The price paid, it is understood, was $20,000. The group consists of a number of well-developed claims, which show up a quantity of fine copper ore. The owners of the group were Nich Rascom and Fred Neely, both of Silver City.

The Southwest Copper Company, with headquarters in Boston, has given a bond and lease on its property in the St. Louis district to W. H. Newcomb of Silver City. This property includes upwards of twelve claims, among which are the St. Louis, Caldwell, Milton, Boston and other noted producers.

It is anticipated that the Silver Bar Copper Company, which is operating the Cooney mine, in the Mogollons, will declare a dividend of 6 cents per share. This will be the third dividend. The main shaft of this property is down 325 feet, and the producing vein is five feet wide, which averages 15 per cent. copper. Thirty men are employed. The property is practically controlled by Colorado Springs men, of whom D. P. Sill is the chief. H. C. McCreery is manager.

IN UTAH.

A report from Salt Lake City States: "A good strike has been made at the Camstock above Park City, where ore is now being raised that yields 79.2 per cent. lead, 39.2 ounces silver and $5.60 gold per ton. This ore body extends 110 feet above the 300-foot level, at which it was encountered. The ore is a heavy block galena, and was on exhibition here yesterday. It occurs in a perfectly-defined fissure between walls, in which two classes of ore are encountered. The galena occurring in a twelve-inch streak, while the milling ore occurs in such volume that it is quite likely a plant will be built next spring for its reduction. On the tunnel level a strike has been made near the surface, from which values of 22 per cent. copper and $18 in gold per ton were taken out, and while it occurs at intervals with as much as two feet of ore exposed at times, the vein has been followed over 100 feet on its strike."

In the Tintic district the Swansea Mining Company has let a contract to sink the main shaft an additional 200 feet, from the 850-foot level. The company furnishes everything, and will hoist the waste and water, and pay $16 per foot. Until this work is completed all other operations will cease.

MEXICO.

Reports from the Montezuma district are that development is showing up some good properties. One of the largest holdings there is that of the Sonora Development Company of Kansas, Mo., which comprises something over 240 acres. Four of the company's mines are old workings and are well developed.

The Mexican Herald of the City of Mexico says: "The San Luis Mining Company, whose mines are situated at Panuca del Coronado, district of San Juan del Rio, has spent about $500,000 in machinery for concentrating and other purposes. This sum spent in the last six months will soon enable the company to become extensive producers. A telephone line has been established to Avino, where it joins another, which puts it thus in direct telephonic and telegraphic communications with the world."

The name of the first station on the new railway to Cananea, Sonora, Mex., is Del Rio. The Review of Bisbee, Ariz., says: "A branch customhouse from the port of Naco will be built there and a townsite surveyed and lots auctioned off next week. All freighting for Cananea will be conducted from this point until the road is completed to Cananea."

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS.

(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks today were as follows:

Alta	2	Occidental Con	5
Andes	4	Ophir	88
Belcher	5	Overman	7
Caledonia	38	Potosi	4
Challenge Con	10	Savage	10
Chollar	5	Sag Belcher	3
Confidence	66	Sierra Nevada	13
Con. Cal. & Va	165	Silver Hill	31
Crown Point	5	Standard	350
Gould & Curry	19	Union Con	12
Hale & Norcross	12	Utah Con	2
Justice	2	Yellow Jacket	6
Mexican	12		

MINING NOTES.

The Pacific Coast Miner, published at San Francisco, has issued a special California edition, in which the mining industry of the State is very fully treated.

Dr. A. C. Robertson, the British Yukon inspector of mines, is quoted as saying that, in his judgment, the Klondike as a placer proposition has yet twenty years of life and for the next ten years the annual output will continue from $15,000,000 to $20,000,000.

The Seattle (Wash.) Post-Intelligencer states that large seams of anthracite coal have been discovered in the Cascades, about sixty miles from Seattle.

THE OIL INDUSTRY.

EXECUTIVE MEETING DISCUSSES CONTRACT.

QUESTION OF RATES NOT TAKEN UP AS INTENDED.

Animated Proceedings Last Evening, but Result not Known—Westlake Advances Four and a Half Cents in Two Days on the Board.

At a meeting of the Los Angeles Oil Producers' Association in the Tajo Building, last evening, the contract between the producers and the Oil Exchange was discussed at length. It was also intended to take up the question of rates from the Kern fields to San Francisco and Los Angeles, as recently fixed by the Railroad Commission. This subject was, however, not reached.

The session, which was executive, was presided over by President Allen of the association. Discussion of the contract was animated, but the nature of the talks or their result is known only to members, as no others were admitted.

ON 'CHANGE.

WESTLAKE'S JUMP.

On the Los Angeles Oil Exchange yesterday, 2000 shares of Westlake sold at 10 cents, having jumped 4½ cents in two days. More would have been taken had they been offered. The probable cause of this rise is the success of the new deep well, in which oil sand was found at a depth of 1100 feet, the deepest in this locality. There is water in the hole, but it is confidently expected that there will be no trouble in shutting it out. An extension of time on lease has also been arranged.

Yesterday's sales were:

Company—	Shares.	Price.
Aicha	1,000	$ .14
Pacific Slope	1,000	.02
Westlake	1,000	.10
Westlake	1,000	.10

Bids and offers were as follows: Brea Cañon, 3.19 bid; Central, 85 cents bid; Central Point, $1.70 asked; Columbia, 23 cents bid, 25 asked; Continental, 40 cents asked; Fullerton Oil, 2¼ cents bid, 5½ asked; Fullerton Consolidated, 20 cents bid; Globe, 20 cents asked; Kern Oil, $5 bid; Oceanic, 50 cents asked; Parker, 10 cents bid, 15 asked; Reed, 21 cents bid, 34 asked; Senator, $1 bid, $1.25 asked; Southern, 1 cent bid; Uncle Sam, 4 cents bid, 6 asked; United Petroleum, $105 bid, $116 asked; Whittier, 2½ cents bid; Wilson, 5¼ cents bid; Western Union, $55 asked.

Bids and offers on other stock were as follows: Broadway Bank, $125 bid; Citizens' National, $128 bid; First National, $210 bid; Los Angeles National, $155 bid, $167 asked; Merchants National, $163.50 bid; National Bank of California, $130 bid, $150 asked; Central Bank, $130 bid; Columbia Savings, $55 bid; German-American, $150 bid; State Bank and Trust, $97 bid; Union Savings, $135 bid; Title Insurance and Trust, pref., 105 asked; Title Guarantee and Trust, pref., $110 bid; Edison Electric, $65 bid, $70 asked; Los Angeles Brewery, $104 bid, $109 asked.

Following are the bids and offerings on mining stocks: Mingus Mountain, 16 cents bid; Butte Lode, $22 bid; Bisbee West, 10½ cents bid.

There were no offers of petroleum on the floor of the exchange, but the bottom price is 60 cents a barrel, and this is on day-to-day orders, there being plenty of takers for yearly contracts at 80 cents.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

(BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—At the morning session of the Producers' Exchange yesterday sales were made at the following quotations:

Oil City	$ .25	Home Oil	$ 2.40
Lion	.09	Occidental	.25
Caribou	.10	Independent	.30
Reed	.22	Wolverine	.40
No. 22	1.65	Sterling	1.40
Imperial	1.37½	Hanford	107.50
Kern River	7.00	Monarch	.22

Afternoon prices were:

Eldorado	$ .40	Peerless	$5.50
Cal. Standard	.22	Wolverine	.40
Hanford	105.00	Independence	.09
Sterling	1.37½	Monarch	.23
Monarch	.22	Caribou	.75
Lion Oil	.08	San Joaquin	8.00
Sovereign	.26	Monarch	.22
Sterling	1.40	Independence	.09

The Wizard Suspender

Gives solid comfort; don't pull buttons off.

Tanks For Sale.

Capacity five to 10,000 gallons. Suitable for all purposes. Apply 901 Macy street, near bridge.

"DEATH'S GRIM SEQUEL" is the title of an article telling how Uncle Sam disposes of the dead bodies of assassins which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

FRANK G. CARPENTER will tell the readers of The Times Magazine the coming Sunday all about the way the coffee industry is carried on in Java.

Permanent Cures.

WHEN I PRONOUNCE A PATIENT cured, he can depend upon it that his trouble will not return. He can know that my cure is not of the make-believe kind, and that it will stand the test of years. I have studied men's disorders as I believe no other physician has, and my cures are evidence of the scientific correctness of my methods of treatment.

"Weakness"—
I cure without the use of belts and without internal dosing.

Varicocele—
Without pain, the knife, ligature or caustic.

Contagious Blood Poison—
Without dangerous drugs.

Stricture—
Without cutting or dilating.

My colored chart, showing the male anatomy, is free at office or by mail. Examination, consultation and advice free.

DR. O. C. JOSLEN,
Cor. Main and Third Sts.

IT is significant that in homes of wealth where the very best is demanded, Ivory Soap is used in the nursery. At the same time, in hundreds of families where economy decides the choice, Ivory Soap is selected. Thus its purity attracts the rich; its economy attracts the poor. High quality and low cost: is there any better combination?

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A DARK OUTLOOK

FOR THE YOUNG MAN WITH WEAK LUNGS.

Time and again we see young men just arriving at their legal majority, or having barely passed it, suddenly stopped in a career full of promise.

Disease has laid its hand on the lungs! He who never took a thought for himself must be careful now. He must be careful about food and drink, careful about his clothing and his exercise. No more late hours or night air. No more athletics. His lungs are "weak." He has an ominous cough. He has fallen away in flesh.

When that cloud of consumption falls on a young man's life it darkens everything. The words of love die unspoken on his lips. He cannot speak now to the girl he hoped would share his future. Middle aged men that have been under that cloud remember it still with a shiver. But the important fact is that there are men who were once in danger from "weak" lungs who have grown strong again, married and brought up healthy families.

HOW IT HAPPENED.

There is no chance about such cures. If only a few persons had been benefited, it might be said that they had exaggerated their danger or had only been suffering from some common ailment. But when the cured are numbered by thousands; when the doctor's diagnosis was consumption; when every symptom bore out that diagnosis—weakness, emaciation, bleeding of the lungs—and these sufferers were perfectly and permanently cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, it must be concluded that these cures are not of chance, but due to the healing power of a great remedy, for coughs, weak lungs, bronchitis, and like diseases, which if neglected or unskillfully treated, find a fatal termination in consumption.

"I beg to state that I have used three bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery since my correspondence with you," writes Mr. A. F. Novotny, of New York, N. Y. (Box 1437). "I feel that I am in need of no more medical assistance. When I started to take your medicine I had a regular consumptive cough, of which I was afraid, and everybody cautioned and warned me concerning it. I was losing weight rapidly, was very pale and had no appetite whatever. Now my condition is changed entirely. I do not cough at all, have gained eight pounds in weight, have recovered my healthy color, and my appetite is enormous. In conclusion I beg to state that I can and will recommend your medicine to everybody who may be in need of same, as it is a sure cure, no humbug, as are most other patent medicines, and is far superior to all similar medicines."

GRATITUDE WILL OUT.

Gratitude, like murder, will out. You can't stifle it. To that is due the fact that there is so great a mass of testimony to the remarkable cures effected by "Golden Medical Discovery." It is testimony which no one can gainsay; testimony indisputable and unassailable. It comes from people of all classes and conditions, but in many cases from those who have found a cure in the use of "Discovery" when other medicines have failed to help, and often when physicians had pronounced the sufferer incurable.

"I took a severe cold which settled in the bronchial tubes," writes Rev. Frank Hay, of Nortonville, Jefferson Co., Kans. "After trying medicines labeled 'Sure Cure,' almost without number, I was led to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I took two bottles and was cured, and have stayed cured.

"When I think of the great pain I had to endure, and the terrible cough I had, it seems almost a miracle that I was so soon relieved.

"That God may spare you many years and abundantly bless you is the prayer of your grateful friend."

There is one striking evidence in almost all these testimonials, both to the actual diseased condition and its positive cure. That evidence is found in the loss of flesh, marking the wasting character of the disease, and in the gain of flesh which marks the cure by the use of "Golden Medical Discovery."

GAINED 39 POUNDS.

"While living in Charlotte, N. C., your medicine cured me of asthma and nasal catarrh of ten years' standing," writes J. L. Lumsden, Esq., of 221 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga. "At that time life was a burden to me, and after spending hundreds of dollars under numerous doctors I was dying by inches. I weighed only 131 pounds. In twenty days after I commenced your treatment I was well of both troubles, and in six months I weighed 170 pounds and was in perfect health. I have never felt the slightest symptom of either since. Am now sixty-five years old and in perfect health, and weigh 160 pounds. No money could repay you for what you did for me. I would not return to the condition I was in, in October, 1872, for Rockefeller's wealth."

There is no alcohol in "Golden Medical Discovery," and it is free from opium, cocaine and all other narcotics.

Accept no substitute for the "Discovery." Speaking by the record of the medicine, there is nothing else "just as good" for those who cough or have weak lungs.

Persons who are suffering from disease in chronic form are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. All correspondence is held as strictly private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce is chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. He is assisted by a staff of nearly a score of experienced physicians, and the success of his methods may be gathered from the fact that in a practise of over thirty years, and the treatment of hundreds of thousands of sick men and women, 98 per cent. have been perfectly and permanently cured.

A BIG BOOK FREE.

Big in its scope as in its size, Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, containing 1008 large pages and over 700 illustrations, is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps if content to have the book in paper covers. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

APPENDICITIS—that dreadful fiend that threatens the life of rich and poor, can attack and kill only those whose bowels are not kept thoroughly cleaned out, purified and disinfected the year 'round. One whose liver is dead, whose bowels and stomach are full of half decayed food, whose whole body is unclean inside, is a quick and ready victim of appendicitis.

If you want to be safe against the scourge, keep in good health all the time—KEEP CLEAN INSIDE! Use the only tonic laxative that will make your bowels strong and healthy, and keep them pure and clean, protected against appendicitis and ALL EPIDEMIC DISEASES. It's CASCARETS, that will keep and save you. Take them regularly and you will find that all diseases of the stomach, liver and bowels are absolutely cured by Cascarets. Get a box, 10c, prove their merit and you will never be without Cascarets. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York.

Lenox Catarrh Cure.

We are now offering this excellent remedy in 50c and $1.00 bottles. We do not guarantee a cure with a 50c bottle, although it does cure in most cases, but we will refund the money if the $1 bottle fails to cure. This gives the poor sufferer a chance to be cured as well as the rich. Mail orders filled promptly. For sale at Ellinger's Drug Store, Cor. Fourth and Spring Streets. LENOX CATARRH CURE CO., Office 218 S. Broadway, Rms. 216-17.

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Special attention given to Genito-Urinary diseases (diseases of men and women) and diseases of skin. X-Rays laboratory maintained for treatment of cancer, lupus vulgaris, skin and other conditions and for diagnostic purposes. Hours: 10 to 12 a.m., 2-5 p.m. 314-315 Bradbury Building, Los Angeles.

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Stock and Grain Ranch of 1200 acres at a great bargain. This splendid ranch, which has had in the past an exceptionally good name and has made money for its owners—MUST BE SOLD. It is located in Riverside County in one of its best valleys; near railroad; has all the necessary buildings, with wells, etc., etc. For full particulars, see the CHAPIN-TIBBOT COMMERCIAL CO. 427 and 441 South Broadway.

A Common Cause of Sickness.

When the liver is sluggish and inactive the stomach will not digest food, and constipation, headaches and a general state of ill health result. In this condition use nothing but Wells' English Pills. They regulate the stomach and give vital force and energy; they drive away drowsiness, tired feelings and all troubles caused by an inactive liver.

HEALING THE SICK!

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FREE CONNECTIONS NO DEPOSITS
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NEWEST THING IN DENTISTRY.

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$5 UP. It fits, it adjusts, it suits, it stays in place. Come and see it.
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PRIMARY, SECONDARY OR TERTIARY Blood Poison Permanently Cured. You can be treated at home under same guaranty. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-colored Spots, Ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows, falling out, write
Cook Remedy Co.
1072 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital $500,000. We solicit the most obstinate cases. We have cured the worst cases in 15 to 35 days. 100-page book Free.

NO CURE, NO PAY.
MEN.—Our Vacuum Developer will restore you if you are sexually weak, undeveloped, or have drains, etc. No medicine to take. Restores and Strengthens permanently cured in 1 to 4 weeks; 75,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; effect immediate; no C.O.D. fraud; write for free particulars, sent sealed in plain envelope.
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AND HEALTH APPLIANCE cures weakness and undeveloped organs. STRICTURE and VARICOCELE permanently cured in a few days. We ask you to investigate this NATURE CURE, accomplished without the use of nauseous drugs or electricity. Write for literature, send sealed free in plain envelope. APPLIANCE CO., 6 O'Farrell Street, San Francisco.

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Imperial settlements. Abundance of water. For full particulars write
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Not a good kitchen utensil missing; not a poor one here. Fine line of Granite-ware.
Parmelee-Dohrmann Co,
220-224 S. SPRING STREET.

HAIR ORNAMENTS.
Special display this week of my recent New York selections.
MRS. WEAVER-JACKSON,
319 South Spring Street.
Branch Store—31 E. Colorado Street, Pasadena.

LADIES! Early Fall Goods for Ladies' Gowns arriving daily. Make your selection now.
149 South Broadway **J. KORN.**

Watch Work. Our prices are for work we do—only. No trimmings added.
W. J. GETZ, Jeweler, 336 South Broadway.

Jones' Book Store,
226 West First.
Books bought, sold, exchanged. Late novels rented for 10c.

20 Second-Hand Sewing Machines $3 and $5
R. B. MOOREHEAD, 349 South Spring.

Great Fall Shoe Sale. Cut prices and high quality will rule the day during this sale.
220 South Spring St. **Hamilton & Baker.**

Engraved Stationery
Invitations, Announcements, Calling Cards.
WHEDON & SPRENG CO., 233 S. Spring St.
SOCIETY STATIONERS.

WHY NOT? THE YALE BICYCLE E. R. HISDEN CYCLE HOUSE, 425 SOUTH BROADWAY.

Expert Shooters Use **Winchester** *Guns and Ammunition...*

GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES
Large assortment and right prices. Call.
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WEAK MEN AND WOMEN should use Damiana Bitters, the great Mexican remedy; gives health and strength to sexual organs. Haber, Alfs & Bruns, agents, 320 Market street.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

AT THE THEATERS.

LOS ANGELES—A Texas Steer.
BURBANK—Brother Officers.
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

Dinner for Directors.

Directors of the Jonathan Club will be tendered a dinner by Ferd K. Rule this evening. The dinner will follow the routine business of the members when they meet at 5:30 o'clock this afternoon. Covers will be laid for eleven.

Woodmen's Excursion.

The Woodmen of the World will meet at Santa Ana next Friday and an excursion will be run from this city. About 200 local members are expected to go, and many will be picked up at Whittier, Downey and other points.

Daughters of the Revolution.

The annual meeting of Eschescholtzia Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, will be held at the residence of Mrs. M. H. Banning, No. 135 North Broadway, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Election of officers will be held.

Accused of Embezzlement.

A. R. Sturtevant, until recently employed as collector for the Parmelee-Dohrmann Company, was arrested yesterday on a misdemeanor charge of embezzlement. It is alleged that he appropriated several collections made for his employers to his own use.

Grand Larceny Charged.

Melvin Hughes was arrested yesterday on a charge of grand larceny, consisting of the theft of a bicycle. On his person were found two fine carved-leather books, a shell napkin-ring and a quantity of valuable foreign stamps. He says he found these articles, and the detectives are looking for their owner.

Rich Tonopah Ore.

The Southwest Miners' Association has received a specimen of ore from the famous Tonopah group of mines in Nye county, Nev. Many people have called at the association headquarters since the mines became famous in the hope of seeing a specimen of the ore, but this is the first brought in. It was left by Wallace W. Wilkerson of Tonopah. The ore, which contains mostly silver, runs $1000 to the ton.

Prof. Lowe's Narrow Escape.

Prof. T. S. C. Lowe narrowly escaped being killed by a street car Wednesday evening. He was standing at Second and Spring streets, waiting to take the 4:10 Pasadena car. As it approached, Prof. Lowe walked out to meet it, and was hit by a woman on a bicycle and knocked in front of the car, which was stopped within a foot of his body. The woman did not give her name, but said she was not hurt.

Lay on the Street.

H. Huffman was found lying at Fifth and San Pedro streets late last night, and at first it was supposed that he was dead. He was taken to the Receiving Hospital, and had convulsions, five men being required to hold him. The Police Surgeon was unable to determine from what he was suffering. He came here yesterday from Arizona, after a long absence. His home is on First street, near Santa Fé avenue.

Near to Death.

H. B. Heifinstine, aged 60, a well-known resident of Pasadena, suffered a hemorrhage of the brain yesterday afternoon at a religious meeting on Fourth street. He became unconscious and was taken to the Receiving Hospital. His relatives were summoned, and late last night he was removed to the residence of his son-in-law, W. A. Hunter, in Pasadena, in Bresee Bros.' ambulance. Mr. Heifinstine suffered two previous hemorrhages of the brain, and last night he was near death. His recovery is considered doubtful.

Off's Name Forged.

Eleven bogus checks turned up at the Los Angeles clearinghouse yesterday, all made payable to C. D. Dent, and signed by J. W. Frey, and certified to by J. W. A. Off for the State Bank and Trust Company. No such persons as Dent or Frey are known here, and the certifications are forgeries. Seven of the worthless checks are for $12.50, and have all been cashed by people in Phoenix, Ariz.; three are for $27.50, and were cashed by Phoenix business men, and one was for $18.75, cashed at Albuquerque, N. M.

Prominent Churchmen.

Two prominent divines in the United Presbyterian Church arrived in this city yesterday, and are the guests of Rev. W. W. Logan on Hill street. They are Rev. Dr. A. G. Wallace, secretary of the Church Extension Board, and Rev. Dr. Alexander Gilchrist, secretary of the Home Mission Board. They are making a tour of the Coast and will remain in this city about a week. The former will preach in Pasadena on Sunday, and the latter in Rev. Logan's church, at Eighth and Hill streets.

Depew's Private Car Here.

Rev. Dr. J. H. Greer of New York City, accompanied by Mrs. Greer, arrived in Los Angeles from San Francisco yesterday in the private car "Genesta," the property of Senator Chauncey M. Depew. The car was loaned by its owner to J. P. Morgan for the purpose of conducting a party of friends from New York to San Francisco, where Mr. Morgan is attending the Triennial Episcopal Convention. Dr. and Mrs. Greer, who are members of the Morgan party, come here to visit Dr. Greer's father, J. R. Greer of Pasadena. They will return north Saturday evening.

BREVITIES.

Send donations of cast-off clothing, furniture or food supplies to the Good Samaritan department of the Bethlehem Institutional Church, Vignes and Ducommun street, or telephone John 26, and wagon will call. Office hours during summer months 11 to 12 daily.

For time of arrival and departure of Santa Fé trains see "Time Card" in today's Times.

Special offer, fine cabinet photos reduced $1, $1.75 doz. Sunbeam, 236 S. Main.

Dr. Shaffner, physician, 145 S. Spring.

DEAD IN BED.

John Martin of Pasadena Breathes His Last in a Los Angeles Lodging-house Among Black Bottles.

John Martin, the Pasadena coachman, who wrote a letter to his wife on Tuesday, frightening her with vague threats of suicide, must have had some premonition of death, for his dead body was found yesterday in bed in a room at the Hotel Menlo, this city. The Coroner's jury found that death was due to alcoholism. There was no reason to believe that Martin attempted suicide, despite his letter. The body will be taken to Pasadena for interment.

The dead man was a member of the Woodmen of the World, and the lodge to which he belonged had a man searching high and low for him after his letter was received. Even the mountain cañons were searched, as Martin was known to have visited certain mountain places. Search was made in Los Angeles, also, the letter having come from this city. But it was all to no avail until the finding of the body yesterday.

Martin left his wife, who resides at No. 345 Bellefontaine street, Pasadena, a week ago, without apparent cause. He had of late been employed by the Salt Lake Railroad Company as janitor of the depot at First and Meyer streets. Recently he quit, drew his money and went on a drunk. He engaged a room at Hotel Menlo on Monday evening. The last seen of him alive was on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock when the chambermaid cleaned his room. He was left alone, being evidently drunk, until yesterday morning, when the maid, finding the door still locked, looked over the transom from a chair and saw his dead body lying on the bed, surrounded by empty bottles.

BOY SERIOUSLY HURT.

Stepped from One Car and Fell and Was Struck by Another—His Life Despaired Of.

Sydney Dougall, the thirteen-year-old son of William Dougall of No. 926 Court Circle, was so severely injured at Temple and Spring streets yesterday afternoon that he may not recover. He was returning from school and had secured a transfer to the Temple-street cable line. Just as he stepped off the car on which he had been riding, the car struck the curve at the corner, and young Dougall was thrown to the street, across the other tract and directly in front of a car which was approaching.

The car struck him, but was stopped before he had been picked up by the fender. He was taken to the Receiving Hospital unconscious, and for a time it was supposed he had sustained a fractured skull. Later he was removed to the California Hospital. There it was found that he was suffering from concussion of the brain. At an early hour this morning it was stated at the hospital that his condition is very serious.

REPUBLICANS RATIFY.

Non-Partisan Municipal Government Seth Low's Corner-stone—Fair Treatment of Police Promised.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The Republicans of this city last night held a large meeting in the Grand Central Palace, at which the nomination of Seth Low for Mayor of Greater New York and the entire fusion ticket was ratified. The list of speakers included Seth Low, Gen. B. F. Tracy, Edward M. Grout, Charles H. Fornes and Job Hedges.

Grout and Fornes are candidates, respectively, for Comptroller and President of the Board of Aldermen. The names of almost all the Republican leaders appeared in the list of vice-presidents and many of them were present.

Robert C. Morris, chairman of the Republican County Committee, in calling the meeting to order, said the Republican organization had not asked any pledges from the candidates on the fusion ticket, except that they would live up to the principles of non-partisan municipal government.

Seth Low on being introduced said non-partisanship in municipal affairs was the corner-stone of the platform on which he stood. He referred to his opponent, Edward M. Shepard, as being inconsistent in his course concerning city affairs.

When Low mentioned Deputy Superintendent of Police Devery's name, and remarked that he had been asked if, in the event of his election, he would remove Devery, he said:

"If it had been asked seriously I would take it as an affront."

This brought great applause, which was followed by another outburst when Low said, if elected, he would see that the official heads of Commissioner Murphy and Deputy Devery would roll on the floor as soon after January as possible. Low said with reference to the rank and file of the police department that he would give them a head who would treat them fairly.

NORTH SEA DISASTERS.

BERLIN, Oct. 10.—Thus far reports have been received of the loss of some forty vessels in the North Sea during the recent storms. Many lives have been lost.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

Alton Rogers Vaughn, a native of California and a resident of San Francisco, and Bertha E. Bonnell, a native of Illinois and a resident of Los Angeles.

Benno Metzner, a native of Germany, and Emilia Seeger, a native of Germany; both residents of Los Angeles.

BIRTH RECORD.

GRIFFIN—Wednesday, October 9, to the wife of J. H. Griffin, No. 1258 West Twenty-second street, a daughter.

NELSON—To the wife of Robert E. Nelson, No. 927 West Thirty-third street, Wednesday, October 9, a daughter.

DEATH RECORD.

LAWRENCE—Entered into rest at his residence, No. 158 West Twenty-first street, Dr. C. W. Lawrence, late assistant surgeon of the Twenty-second Michigan Volunteer Infantry, aged 73 years.

Funeral will take place from the parlors of Dexter Sampson Co., No. 523 South Spring street, Friday, October 11, 2 p.m., under the auspices of Stanton Post. Friends invited.

GRIFFIN—At Albuquerque, N. M., October 9, Mrs. Attalie Griffin.

Funeral notice later.

INGRAM—On Thursday morning, October 10, 1901, at the home of his daughter, Mrs. A. B. Newkirk, No. 213 North Soto street, Rev. J. W. Ingram, aged 63 years.

Funeral Sunday, 3 p.m., October 13, from the Broadway Christian Church, opposite Courthouse.

IDE—At No. 925 West Forty-first street, October 10, Malissa C., wife of Erastus E. Ide, aged 54 years.

Funeral services at Bresee Brothers' parlors, South Broadway near Sixth, today at 2 p.m.

ROSS—At Fort Keogh, Mont., Walter Edwin Ross, of Troop E, Thirteenth United States Cavalry, beloved son of Sarah J. Ross and brother of Bertha Irene, aged 19 years.

Los Angeles Transfer Co.

Will check baggage at your residence to any point. Office 457 S. Spring. Tel. M. 68, or 363.

The Lady Undertaker.

Mrs. M. H. Cotnell, with Orr & Hines Co., is the only lady undertaker practicing in Los Angeles. No extra charge. Tel. M. 6.

Bresee Bros. Co.,

Funeral directors. Lady undertaker. Private ambulance. Tel. M. 243.

W. H. Sutch, Undertaker.

Lady assistant. 618 South Spring. Tel. M. 107.

The Handsome Chapel.

Evergreen Cemetery. Always free for funerals.

Come Now or You'll Miss It.

Those wash waists and wrappers are all new styles, and we mean to sell them while they are new. We bought them at 50c on the dollar, and we give you the benefit. Must clear at once for fall goods. Mosgrove, No. 119 South Spring street.

Have You Considered?

If you get $2 worth for $1, you are to that extent doubling your means. Mosgrove's wash waist sale saves you $1 on every $2, positively. Such pretty things, too! Sale closes this week. No. 119 South Spring street.

DO UP YOUR BUNDLE AND TELEPHONE FOR THE WAGON.
EXCELSIOR LAUNDRY,
MAIN 307. 422 South Los Angeles Street.

RATTAN TRUNKS.
Lightest and strongest. Best trunks at moderate prices. Repairing a specialty.
J. C. CUNNINGHAM 222 South Main. Telephon 518M

Don't Carry Your Clock.

Let us send our wagon for it. Costs nothing extra. When we've cleaned or repaired it we'll send it back with an expert to start it going rightly. We guarantee our work and you get it at a saving.

Geneva Watch and Optical Co.,
305 SOUTH BROADWAY.

Peerless

By name, Peerless in fact and best by test our

PORT AND SHERRY Wines.

$1.00 PER GALLON.

No Bar.

Do. Cal. Wine Co.
220 W. FOURTH ST.
TEL. M. 532.

Pyrography

We have just received 500 pyrography machines direct from Germany for making those admirable effects in burnt leather and wood work.

SANBORN, VAIL & CO.,
357 S. Broadway.

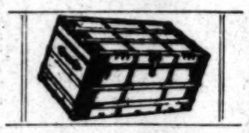
KODAKS.

When you want the latest improvements; when you want a guaranteed and accurate camera; when you want a big and complete stock; when you want the very lowest prices, then visit the

MARSHUTZ OPTICAL CO.,
133 S. Spring Street.
Don't forget the number.

TRUNKS $3.75

IN 30-INCH SIZE.



Selected lumber box, good lock, strong hinges, canvas or iron covered. A trunk that will stand railroad travel.

XXX

D. D. WHITNEY & SONS,
343-5 S. Spring.
Send for Catalogue.

J. Magnin & Co

251 South Broadway

New Waists

Are coming to us from our factory every day. New materials made in new styles with new trimmings. The waists you see at Magnin's one week are gone the next. We keep our stock fresh and new. You'll always find the latest ideas in waists here. Special prices on tucked taffeta silk waists

$4.75 and $5.75.

The Bennett Toilet Parlors
Fifth and Spring.

SKIN FOOD
For softening, nourishing and whitening the skin.

THE NEW POMPADOUR BANG
(with side parting) is simply perfect in fit and most charming and stylish in effect.

Specialist for the Scalp.

Cure colds the day they come. You can with
CARTER'S COLD CAPSULES.
Just as harmless as they are effective. Price 25 cents.
BOSWELL & NOYES, Third and Broadway.

WHAT OTHERS ADVERTISE **We Sell For Less**

A. Hamburger & Sons [Inc.]
SAFEST PLACE TO TRADE N. Spring & Franklin Sts.

Judge ... BY THESE

Friday's Surprises

Another collection of big values selected with care and intended to make today the busiest day of the week. Goods advertised here cannot be purchased at any other times for the same prices. Some of the lots are only sufficiently large to last through one day of brisk selling.

Three 20c Collars for 25c

Coon brand of men's linen collars, which sell everywhere at 20c each, or three for 50c. We purchased an immense quantity of them, all perfect and clean. The very latest shape of turnover collar. Not more than a dozen to each customer. On sale as a Friday surprise at three for 25c, or $1 a dozen.

Men's Neckwear at 19c

A big Friday surprise for those who have faith in our printed word. Nearly all of these ties are good 50c qualities and in desirable patterns and colors. Tecks and band bows. A Friday surprise at 19c each.

White Lawn Aprons 15c

Various styles of white lawn aprons, hemstitched ties and hems, also lawn aprons with satin striped borders, 15c each.
Second Floor.

Women's Undervests 8⅓c

Splendid quality of swiss ribbed vests finished with lace and tape, low neck and sleeveless, 15c values at three for 25c.
Second Floor.

Chantilly Laces at 12½c

Beautiful chantilly edges in scroll and floral designs. Very choice patterns, in white and cream. Widths ranging from 4 to 6 inches, and values up to 25c a yard. A Friday surprise at 12½c.

Embroidery Insertions 7½c

A big assortment of fine cambric and swiss insertions and beadings in dainty, pretty patterns of ¼ to 1¼ inches wide, worth 12c to 15c a yard, lengths from 5 to 6 yards; a Friday surprise at 7½c a yard.

Embroideries at 5c

An immense assortment of mill lengths of embroidery containing from 5 to 6 yards in each piece, widths from 2 to 3 inches, qualities worth 8½c, 9c and 10c a yard; a Friday surprise at 5c.

Fine Embroideries at 9c

Swiss, nainsook and cambric edges in qualities worth up to 20c a yard, widths from 2 to 5 inches, mill lengths of from 5 to 6 yards; a Friday surprise at 9c a yard.

4 Yds. of Dress Goods for $1.95

These goods are worth from 75c to $1.25 a yard. They come in lengths of 4 yards each. Cloths are suitable for dress skirts and children's dresses. Granite cloths, cheviot serges, homespuns, small plaids, camel's hair plaids, etc.; also plain black goods; choose any length for $1.95.

Velvet Remnants at 10c

About 200 pieces of velvet, corduroy and velveteen, lengths from ½ to ¾ yard, suitable for skirt binding, trimmings, collars, etc., qualities worth from 50c to $2 a yard; choose any piece Friday for 10c.

Embroidered Flannels, 55c

Embroidered French flannels used so much for waists. Shades of blue, red, lavender, green, old rose, pink and cream, also black with white figures. Embroidered with silk polkadots and small figures. A Friday surprise at 55c.

24-inch Canvas Telescope $1

We buy these by the thousand at carload rates. No other store in Los Angeles even attempts these prices. Riveted ends, leather tips, cloth lined, covered with heavy blue duck. Riveted handle and heavy straps. 24-inch size, $1.
14-inch, same as above, 40c.
16-inch, same as above, 50c.
18-inch, same as above, 65c.
20-inch, same as above, 75c.
22-inch, same as above, 90c.
26-inch, same as above, $1.25.
Third Floor.

Boys' Underwear 15c

An accumulation of odd and broken lines, including all sizes from 24 to 34. Mostly drawers in heavy ribbed and stockinette weaves. Natural, tan, brown and gray. 25c and 35c qualities. A Friday surprise at 15c.
Second Floor.

Boys' Wool Sweaters 69c

Boys' heavy all-wool sweaters, with high collars. They come in the Princeton colors, yellow and black circular stripes, 24 and 26. Regular $1 sweaters as a Friday surprise at 69c each.
Second Floor.

Boys' All-Wool Suits $1.75

Several broken lines combined in one lot. Sizes from 3 to 8 years. All-wool cassimeres, cheviots and tweeds with open or closed front vests. Middy styles. Worth half more. A surprise at $1.75.
Second Floor.

16c Covert Cloth for 8c

A thousand yards of this quality of fine covert cloth mixtures will be sold as a Friday surprise at 8c a yard. They come in small pieces direct from the mill, but there are many pieces alike. We sell this grade regularly at 16c. All dark fall colorings.

35c Wool Elderdown at 19c

This is a regular 35c quality of wool elderdown. Soft, fluffy and warm. The color is a medium pink, not too vivid. Offered as a Friday surprise at 19c a yard.

72-inch All-Linen Damask 59c

An extraordinary value. A full two yards wide table damask made of pure flax. Either half-bleached or cream. A standard 75c quality. A Friday surprise at 59c.

Women's $5 Shoes for $2.65

A lot of sample shoes worth $5 and $6, in sizes 3 to 4½ and in A and B widths. These represent the finest shoe making that the factory can produce; they will be offered as Friday surprises at prices ranging from $3.98 down to $2.65 a pair.

Girl's $2.50 Shoes for $1.65

$2.50, $2.25 and $2 qualities of button shoes with welt extension soles and spring heels, good stylish shapes in sizes 12 to 2; a surprise at $1.65.

Boys' $1.75 Shoes for $1.20

Sizes 12 to 5½ in boys' satin calf lace shoes. These are splendid wearing goods and are worth even more than the regular price; a Friday surprise at $1.20 a pair.

Guaranteed Watches 98c

Boys' and men's nickle watches fitted with an American movement which is guaranteed for one year. Stem wind and stem set, good timekeepers; jewelry stores ask $1.50; our price while the quantity lasts is 98c.

Sterling Silver Thimbles 10c.

Good weight solid sterling silver thimbles. A quality that sells regularly at 25c. Offered as a Friday surprise at 10c each.

10c Box of Hair Pins 5c

Large box of hair pins containing 80 hair pins of assorted sizes, plain and crimped; also black and white pins. A Friday surprise at 5c.

10c Dress Stays for 5c

Full bunches of spring steel dress stays with double Japanned tips. Warranted not to rust or to tear the garments. Nicely covered in all colors. 5c a bunch.

45-Inch Feathered Boas $1.50

Good quality coque feather boas in white and gray. Full and fluffy. Very fashionable. A Friday surprise at $1.50 each.

Women's $10 Jackets for $6.95

About 200 medium weight jackets in tan, castor and black; also silk and eton jackets worth up to $15, in blue, white and red. All offered as a Friday surprise at $6.95.
Second Floor.

$1.50 Flannel Waists for 69c

A big table full of handsome flannel waists, in black and green. Nearly all sizes in each style. $1.50. As a Friday surprise at 69c each.
Second Floor.

$1.50 White Lawn Waists,

All our white lawn shirt waists, formerly priced at $2, are offered as a Friday surprise at 69c each. Styles are all pretty and the waists are well made.
Second Floor.

75c Shirt Waists for 25c

The balance of all our colored percale shirt waists, formerly priced at 75c and $1, are to be closed out at 25c. There are no large sizes in this lot.
Second Floor.

Upholstery Velour at 69c

About 500 yards of fine upholstery velours in lengths of 2 to 5 yards. A beautiful assortment of colors and designs. Worth up to $1.25 a yard. A Friday surprise at 69c.
Fourth Floor.

$6 Wool Blankets at $4.98

These are heavy sanitary wool blankets in a shade of gray with black striped borders. A fine quality. Offered as a Friday surprise at $4 a pair.
Three-quarter size.
Fourth Floor.

Wounded Guns at 25c

As a Friday surprise we offer about 100 guns which were picked up from the battlefields of the war of the rebellion. They are extensively used to ornament cozy corners, as wall decorations, and even as curtain poles. Your choice while they last at 25c.
Fourth Floor.

25c Violet Jelly for 10c

This ideal preparation for softening and perfecting the skin is to be sold as a Friday surprise at 10c a tube. It is one of the Anita Cream and Toilet compounds, and is one of the few preparations which has become a great favorite. It is used before powdering. Liberal sized tubes at 10c each.

50c Sheet Music for 3c

A big assortment of sheet music, including popular coon songs and instrumental pieces. All arranged on special table and offered as a Friday surprise at 3c a copy.
Fourth Floor.

$1 Cook Books for 25c

The "Every-Day Cook Book" and encyclopedia of culinary receipts, by Miss E. Neil. This book contains 300 pages and is considered very economical, reliable and excellent. Bound in durable oil cloth and published at $1. A Friday surprise at 25c.
Fourth Floor.

$15 Dinner Sets for $9.85

100-piece decorated semi-porcelain dinner sets in a variety of designs. Filled-in patterns with gold tracery. This is a piece or two short from each set. That is why we offer them as a Friday Surprise at $9.85.
Third Floor.

Large Clothes Racks 69c

These clothes racks stand five feet high and are folding. Well put together and strong. A Friday surprise at 69c.
Third Floor.

50c Feathers and Breasts at 25c

A choice assortment of black hackle plumes, black pheasant's breasts and large feather breasts in black, white and colors. Popular styles for trimming all sorts of hats. A Friday surprise at 25c.
Second Floor.

Misses' and Children's Hats at 25c

Excellent quality of plain and mohair felt hats in sailor and brero shapes. Some have stitched brims, others are trimmed with heavy white silk cords or silk and velvet bands. Hats which sell in other stores at $1.50 and $2. Our price $1.
Second Floor.

Only Four Days More Of The Great Shoe Sale

We lock the doors next Tuesday night at 6 o'clock and begin moving our new stand, 441 South Broadway. In order to keep the crowds coming to fill up the fastest selling lots each morning with the next higher grades, and to all go at the lower price. The values today and tomorrow are supreme. The chances are you'll never again see such tremendous reductions.

Children's Shoes Are on the Bargain Tables.

Misses' and Girl's Shoes, Boys' and Youth's Shoes; and every pair will go at a price that appeals strongly to every economical mother within reach of this store.

Children's $1.00 Shoes at 50c
Girl's $1.25 Shoes at..... 95c
Misses' $1.50 Shoes at.... $1.10
Youth's $1.50 Slippers at 95c
Boys' $1.50 Shoes at..... $1.15
Boys' $2.00 Shoes at.....$1.50

Ladies' $4.00 Shoes at.....$1.
Ladies' $6.00 Shoes at....$2.
Ladies' $3.00 Oxfords at..
Men's $5.00 Shoes at.....$1.
Men's $8.50 Shoes at.....$2.

The latter two lots only in very large and small sizes.

Women's black dongola kid house slippers and sandals; value up to $2.00, at..... 75c

One lot best lamb's wool soles, regularly sold at 25c; for quick clearance 10c

Tan or black bicycle leggins, lace or button, regular 75c quality, at..... 25c

L. W. Godin, Mgr., 137 South Spring St.

HAWLEY, KING & CO., Cor. Broadway & 9th.

Fall Millinery.
FINE DISPLAY OF THE LATEST NOVELTIES.
E. C. COLLINS, 249 SOUTH BROADWAY.

Cleaver's Laundry Finest Domestic Finish Nothing Else. TEL. M. 1266. 814 South ...

CHOICE ALFALFA....
L. A. HAY STORAGE CO., 335 Central Ave. Phone ...

BUSINESS SHEET.

City and Suburban.

Los Angeles Daily Times

IN TWO PARTS.

Part II—6 Pages.

XTH YEAR. FRIDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1901. PRICE 3 CENTS

The name Silverwood on an article means the same as the "sterling" mark on silver.

The Hat Buyer

Who does not investigate the Silverwood hat and its advantages is missing a most valuable opportunity. We give you as much style, as much wear, as much satisfaction for three dollars—then why pay five? Our reputation and full guarantee stand back of every hat we sell.

The Shirt Buyer

Will find the greatest variety of styles and patterns to choose from, as our shirt department is one of the most extensive departments of our business. We carry the following well-known makes: "Earl & Wilson," "Manhattan," "Monarch," "Standard," "Gold and Silver," "International," "Griffith," "Lion" and "Eclipse," buying the choicest patterns each of the above factories produce. Our great specialty is $1.00 and $1.50 shirts.

The Underwear Buyer

Nearly all of the best mills in this country are represented in our great underwear department; therefore we can conscientiously recommend them. We can positively save your money on any underwear purchased from us. Men's Cotton Ribbed Underwear, all weights, 50c; Wool Mixtures, 75c; Pure Wool Ribbed, $1.00, and so on up. Buying your underwear from us is a money saving to you.

The Neckwear Buyer

Will find the newest, smartest creations in our neckwear department. We sell exceptionally fine silk neckwear, all shapes, at 50c.

The Clothing Buyer

Will be interested in our big Merchant Tailoring Department. We make strictly first-class business suits for $25, $28 and $30. Elegant silk lined full dress suits for $45.

We guarantee you your money's worth or your money back.

P. S. Open Saturday evenings until 11 o'clock.

B. SILVERWOOD,

221 South Spring.

Walk-Over Shoes at.... $3.50

For Men and Women.

More new fall styles have arrived. Specially prepared patent calfskin shoes for men, made on the latest New York lasts; finest vici kid lace shoes for women, with medium toe, Cuban and military heels; also mannish styles for women in welt soles with rope stitched extension edges.

These are the personification of perfection in modern shoe-making.

Pay whatever price you will, you'll not get anything handsomer.

The Walk-Over factory was the first to sell shoes direct to the wearer, with but one small profit to pay. That this plan has proven popular is plain, as more than one million pairs of Walk-Over shoes are worn every year.

WALK-OVER SHOE STORE,

F. F. WRIGHT, Prop. J. F. HUGHES, Mgr.

111 South Spring Street. Nadeau Hotel Building.

Absolutely Painless Filling.

$1.00 and up. Try me and be convinced it is true. $15.00 set of teeth reduced to $10 this month. $5.00 for all gold crowns and bridge work this month. All operations guaranteed first-class. Over 20 years' practice.

DR. CICERO STEVENS,

Tel. John 3181. 317½ South Spring St.

TRUSSES Elastic Hosiery Made to Fit

W. W. SWEENEY, 421 South Broadway. (Removed from Fourth St.)

New Siphonia Cahuca Rubber Plate... Does not contain poisonous coloring matter. Why not get the best? Costs very little more. Modern methods—Painless Dentistry.

DR. G. H. KRIECHBAUM, 356 S. Broadway. Tel. John 1268.

LOCAL SPORTING RECORD.

SEVEN HEATS FOR PACERS.

Only Feature of Races on Thursday.

Rank Work Allowed in Harness Match.

Game Pounded Out of the Looloos—Bowling and Other Sports.

There were disappointments and surprises in the 2:20 pace, but for all that it was the one and only feature on yesterday's card at Agricultural Park. It opened and it closed the programme, besides shutting out one run.

The disappointment came with the announcement that Sir Albert S., the crack green pacer of the year, was too lame to start, and those who had paid the gate toll to see Coeur de Lion give the northern crack a race for the money, thought there would be nothing to it but a walkover for the local geiding.

Then came the surprises, one right after another through seven heats, while victory hung in the balance. But it was Midnight and not the favorites that at last captured the prize, with Toppy in second place.

Although but four entries, it was a hard field to send off, because Our Boy's Sister would not come up in time, and if she did it was on a jump. If she had behaved nicely she might have enriched the Vendome Stock Farm to the extent of several hundred dollars, but "Farmer" Bunch couldn't make her see it that way.

The first heat was all Toppy and Coeur de Lion, and was not only the fastest, but the prettiest race of the day. Toppy took the lead and held it, but at no stage of the game did he have much the advantage of the chestnut mare. In the stretch the latter made a gallant attempt to take the heat, but was just an eyelash behind. Midnight was third and Our Boy's Sister fourth.

The second heat also went to Toppy, and this time Coeur de Lion was only a nose to the bad. Midnight was third and Our Boy's Sister again swung into fourth place.

A bad start sent the field off in the third heat, and Coeur de Lion got the worst of it. He went off his feet soon after passing the wire, and before he had recovered his stride the field passed out of sight, and he saw the flag fall. Our Boy's Sister captured this heat, with Midnight second and Toppy third.

This left Our Boy's Sister, Toppy and Midnight to fight it out, and there was wild confusion in the pool. Whitehead, who had been driving Toppy, was removed, and J. McDonald given a chance to land the favorite. McDonald quite distinguished himself in this heat by driving like a drunken sailor. Instead of driving to win, his entire attention was given to keeping Our Boy's Sister from passing, and in order to do this he swung almost to the outside fence. But he did it, and while thus engaged Midnight got a lead of several lengths, winning easily. Toppy was second and Our Boy's Sister third.

McDonald's drive was bad, but the judges were charitable, and overlooked the rank work, thus setting the precedent that the first in wins, by fair means or foul. In the words of a well-known turfman present yesterday, "Anything goes."

After several attempts to get them off in the fifth heat, during which Our Boy's Sister was given every opportunity, but would not start, the field was sent off. Our Boy's Sister so hopelessly out of it that at the quarter he was turned and driven home. This left Midnight and Toppy to fight it out, and in two heats the former proved his superior endurance, taking the race and first money.

SUMMARY.

Pacing, 2:20 class, three in five heats, purse $700:

Midnight (J. Donahue).....3 2 2 2 1 1 1
Toppy (C. Whitehead).....1 1 3 3 2 2 2
Our Boy's Sister (Vendome Stock Farm) .....4 4 1 1 3 dis
Coeur De Lion (J. H. Williams) .....2 2 dis

Time, 2:11¼, 2:15, 2:15, 2:17, 2:20, 2:20, 2:22.

FAVORITE SHOWED HEELS.

The favorite showed her heels in the five-and-a-half-furlong dash, and it was Myrtle that did it. Kitty Tozier and Myrtle sold even favorites at 6 to 5, but the former was a bad fourth.

There was little to the race, but Myrtle, although Little Edelweiss gave her a hard run and caught second place.

George Gordon swung into third place.

SUMMARY.

Five and a half furlongs: Myrtle (Sherman & Ealand,) won; Little Edelweiss (W. D. Weeks,) second, George Gordon (F. M. Van Leuven,) third; time 1:09.

FIELD OF ALSO-RANS.

The bunch that lined up for the work in the five-furlong dash was "a field of also-rans" if ever one lined up to the tape. There were eight starters, and it was a "wise guy" that could pick the winner.

Some played Queen Esther at 5 to 1 because she landed winner in one of Wednesday's dashes, but it was only Amasa money that was good after the race. Amasa galloped home a winner by a good length over Glencoe, who stole third from Barbara.

SUMMARY.

Five furlongs, for all ages: Afasa (J. M. Crane,) won, Glencoe (Dan Martin,) second, Barbara (Sherman & Ealand,) third; time 1:02.

SANTA ANITA STAKES.

The Santa Anita stakes, seven furlongs, was Rey Dare against the Baldwin stables, which entered La Goleta and Rio De Altar, and in the dash the maltese cross rode to victory. The stable sold 7 to 20, while Rey Dare was a 3-to-2 chance.

With but three in the field there was little trouble in getting them off, and still less in bringing them home. Rio De Altar was off like a shot, and at the half post had two good lengths between him and La Goleta and Rey Dare, who were treading same. But the pace was too hot for the bay colt, and at the turn he let the field catch him and then it was a race between Rey Dare and the chestnut mare, the latter having all the best of it. Rey Dare was a good second, however, and Rio De Altar, under the circumstances, could do no worse than third.

SUMMARY.

Santa Anita stakes, for three-year-olds; seven furlongs:

La Goleta (E. J. Baldwin)..... 1
Rey Dare (C. G. White)..... 2
Rio de Altar (E. J. Baldwin)..... 3

Time 1:27.

TODAY'S CARD.

One harness and six running races is the card for today. The star attraction is the Wright handicap, a two-mile run. It will bring out Lizzella, Abano, Rey de San Juan and Cue, all crackajacks at long distance, and is billed as one of the best runs of the meet.

The card for the day is as follows:

Race one, 2:29 trot, three in five, purse $700: Fortune (A. K. Langstaff,) Una K. (W. S. Maben,) Our Rex (H. K. Small,) Nora McKinney (Vendome Stock Farm,) McKenna (Fred E. Ward.)

Race two, Wright handicap, two miles: Cue, 100; Lizella, 117; Abano, 85; Rey de San Juan, 106.

Race three, running, six furlongs: Clarendo, 96; Catharine Ennis, 96; El Rey, 102; Bob Palmer, 103; Fine Shot, 107.

Race four, two-year-olds, four and a half furlongs: Sila Crus, 115; Porous, 123; Gipsey Boy, 108; Sol, 108; Irma A., 102.

Race five, running, five and a half furlongs: Howard, 107; Agnaticia, 102; Meehanus, 120; Miss Vera, 109; Mike Rice, 107.

Race six, running one mile and a sixteenth: Kastaine, 109; Finesse, 109; Game Warden, 100; Alicia, 109; El Onente, 100; Grady, 103.

Race seven, running, five furlongs: Gracias, 109; Heralde, 109; Glencoe, 109; Little Edelweiss, 104; Gold Baron, 109; Gilt Edge, 109; Lou Cleveden, 109.

BOWLING.

WINTER TOURNAMENT OPENS.

The winter tournament of the Southern California Bowling Association opened auspiciously last night at the Oaks alleys, a good-sized crowd being present to watch the first game, which was between the Brunswicks and the Owls. The former team won easily by a score of 2539 to 2161 for the Owls. Four members of the winning team were in the former tournament, and their experience was shown in their play last night.

The score by games was as follows:

BRUNSWICK.

	1.	2.	3.	Av.
Brown	225	158	149	177 1-3
Virgin	161	171	183	172
Strain	181	245	140	188 2-3
Simpson	181	220	128	176 1-3
Farquhar	177	155	151	161
	925	953	751	

OWLS.

	1.	2.	3.	Av.
Dorian	134	168	177	147
Oxnam	162	144	124	144
Best	153	162	91	135 1-3
Degell	139	153	156	149
Alger	82	177	160	140
	788	743	710	

LOOLOOS' SOUTHPAW PROVES VERY EASY.

ALTROCK POUNDED TO A FINISH BY MOSQUITOES.

Local Team Goes Down Before the Senators at Sacramento—Cripples Lose a Long Game to the Dutchmen by Many Errors.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P. M.]

SACRAMENTO, Oct. 10.—The Canadian southpaw, Altrock, proved an easy mark for the Senators, who rapped out ten of his choicest offerings up to the beginning of the ninth inning, and then the Senators started a batting rally that more than equaled the record made by the San Francisco team last Thursday, as before they were retired Sheehan had a single and a double, Stanley a double, Courtney a three-bagger, Doyle a double, McLaughlin a home run and Stricklett a two-bagger, making seven hits and seven runs. The score;

LOS ANGELES.

	A.	B.	R.	B.H.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Hemphill, lf	5	0	2	0	0	0	0	1
Dougherty, rf	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Householder, cf	5	0	1	0	0	3	0	0
Atherton, 2b	4	0	0	1	0	1	4	1
Kihm, 1b	3	0	0	0	13	1	1	0
Hall, ss	4	0	0	0	0	1	4	1
Reilly, 3b	4	0	0	1	1	1	2	0
Spies, c	4	0	0	1	1	7	2	0
Altrock, p	3	0	1	0	1	1	4	1
Totals	34	1	3	1	1	27	15	5

SACRAMENTO.

	A.	B.	R.	B.H.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Sheehan, 3b	5	2	4	0	0	2	0	1
Stanley, c	5	1	2	2	0	5	0	0
Courtney, 2b	5	1	1	1	0	5	2	0
Doyle, cf	5	1	1	2	0	2	0	0
Davis, 1b	5	1	1	1	0	5	0	0
McLaughlin, lf	5	2	3	3	1	4	0	0
Devereaux, ss	4	0	0	0	0	2	4	0
Hoffer, rf	4	2	1	0	2	2	0	0
Stricklett, p	4	2	3	0	0	2	3	0
Totals	42	12	17	9	3	27	9	2

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Los Angeles	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	— 2
Base hits	0	0	0	1	0	1	2	1	3	— 7
Sacramento	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	7	— 12
Base hits	1	0	0	2	1	0	2	0	7	— 11

SUMMARY.

Runs, responsible for—Altrock, 9; Stricklett, 2.
Home run—McLaughlin.
Three-base hit—Courtney.
Two-base hits — Stanley (3,) McLaughlin, Doyle, Sheehan, Stricklett.
Sacrifice hits—Stanley, Devereaux, Sheehan.
First base on errors—Los Angeles, 1; Sacramento, 3.
First base on called balls—Off Altrock, 2; off Stricklett, 1.
Left on bases—Los Angeles, 10; Sacramento, 8.
Struck out—By Altrock, 4; by Stricklett, 4.
Hit by pitcher — Kihm, Atherton, Altrock, Dougherty.
Passed balls—Stanley, 2.
Wild pitches—Altrock, 2.
Time of game—2h.
Umpire—Harper.

DUTCH WIN ANOTHER.

CRIPPLES LOSE BY ERRORS.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] In more than a two-hour contest today, San Francisco beat Oakland by a score of 8 to 6. The game opened up in snappy style, but after the sixth it lagged in a monotonous way. Oakland could have won if they had put up any kind of a fielding game, but Lohman at first and Eagan at short piled five errors between them. Schmidt sent down the sphere for Oakland, while Jim Whalen attended to that end of the game for San Francisco.

Nordyke started in the hostilities by knocking out a home run. Oakland tied the score in their half, twice during the inning getting three men on bases. Oakland forged ahead in the fifth, making a run on hits contributed by Lohman and Moskiman. San Francisco indulged in a hitting streak in the sixth which yielded four runs. Two more runs were scored in the seventh, which robbed the contest of further interest, although there was a breeze of excitement when Oakland made three tallies in the eighth by smashing out four hits.

Mohler made a clever running catch, and Wilson a corking three-bagger. Outside of that the game was rather featureless.

The score:

SAN FRANCISCO.

	A.	B.	R.	B.H.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Nordyke, cf	5	2	1	0	0	3	0	0
Wilson, c	5	1	1	0	7	0	0	0
Hildebrand, lf	3	2	1	0	1	0	0	0
Schwartz, rf	3	1	1	1	2	0	0	0
Pabst, 1b	4	0	0	0	10	0	0	1
Krug, 2b	4	0	0	0	2	5	0	1
Shay, ss	4	0	1	1	2	1	1	0
Reilly, 3b	3	0	1	0	2	1	0	0
Whalen, p	4	1	0	0	0	3	0	0
Totals	35	6	6	2	27	13	1	2

OAKLAND.

	A.	B.	R.	B.H.	S.B.	P.O.	A.	E.
Mohler, 2b	4	1	0	0	5	4	0	
Lohman, 1b	4	3	2	1	13	0	0	2
Streib, rf	4	0	2	1	1	0	0	0
Eagan, ss	4	0	1	0	1	1	2	
Moskiman, lf	4	0	2	0	4	0	0	
Babbitt, 3b	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Crall, cf	4	1	2	0	1	0	0	
Hansen, c	4	0	0	0	1	1	0	
Schmidt, p	4	1	1	0	0	2	1	
Totals	37	6	11	2	27	13	4	

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
San Francisco	1	0	0	0	0	4	2	0	1	— 8
Base hits	2	0	1	0	0	4	1	0	1	— 9
Oakland	1	0	0	1	0	1	3	0	0	— 6
Base hits	1	0	0	2	1	3	4	0	0	— 11

SUMMARY.

Runs, responsible for—Whalen, 5; Schmidt, 5.
Home run—Nordyke.
Three-base hit—Wilson.
Two-base hits—Lohman, Hildebrand.
Sacrifice hits—Lohman, Schwartz.
First base on errors—San Francisco, 1; Oakland, 4.
First base on called balls—San Francisco, 4; Oakland, 4.
Left on bases—San Francisco, 7; Oakland, 10.
Struck out—By Whalen, 4; by Schmidt, 1.
Hit by pitcher—Streib, Hildebrand, Krug.
Double plays—Lohman, unassisted; Babbitt to Mohler to Lohman.
Passed balls—Hansen.
Time of game—2h. 5m.
Umpire—Levy.

LEAGUE STANDING.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
San Francisco	78	53	.589
Los Angeles	62	57	.521
Sacramento	57	64	.471
Oakland	52	73	.416

FOOTBALL.

PLAYERS BEGIN PRACTICE.

There has been some hot air circulating around among a few of the football enthusiasts this week anent the possibility of some of the western university teams coming here to play if a tour of the Coast is made this winter, about Thanksgiving. It is safe to say that all this is mostly "talk," for a team could not be picked in Southern California that could make any showing against any university team strong enough to tour the Coast. The players here are mostly High School boys or men, who have been out of college several years, and out of practice as long. Any eastern university team would be a curiosity here, but as to the probability of a game with a local eleven, that is another matter.

Practice has just commenced among the local players, and will be continued without ceasing until the games begin the latter part of this month. There are two teams in the High School, one in Occidental College, and one each in the University of Southern California, St. Vincent's College, Normal School and the English and Classic school at No. 109 North Union avenue. These teams could make up quite a tournament among themselves, but the lists will doubtless be added to from the various out of town colleges.

BASKET BALL.

MANY TEAMS ORGANIZED.

The basket ball season has opened in earnest, and from appearances a large number of clubs will compete for first honors this winter. There will be two or three teams from the Signal Corps, several from the Y. M. C. A., one from Turn Verein Germania, the Tigers, and a boys' team and a girls' team from the High School. The championship of Southern California has never been settled, but it may be by these teams.

Sporting Notes.

"Indoor baseball" played outdoors, was tried last Wednesday at the Country Club grounds, and it is possible the sport may be taken up as a feature on the club grounds.

A meeting to organize a kennel club will be held at the Hollenbeck Hotel next Tuesday evening. A large general Committee on Membership has already been appointed.

New bowling alleys are to be laid in the basement of the Vienna Buffet on Court street. New alleys have just been put down in Oxnard and San Bernardino, and the sport seems to be booming all over Southern California.

The Mosquitoes seem to have exploded Looloo Altrock in a fearful fashion in yesterday's game at Sacramento. The score tells a fearful tale.

In the tournament of the Los Angeles Chess Club, that closed recently, C. W. Waterman took first prize with 83 wins out of 100 games played.

Both Decoursey and Kid Solomon vastly bettered their "reputations" by their fights last Wednesday night, and are now entitled to something good in the way of a mill in the future.

The duck hunters, who went gunning this week in various directions, have returned with but few ducks, and report the game as wild and scarce. The birds will certainly not appear in force until the rains come.

The Los Angeles Sharpshooters will have a medal shoot at the Round Hill range next Sunday.

UNFINISHED HAT STORY.

It was on a Traction car. They were coming home from a theater, these gay young things, and even the glamor and excitement of the show palled when they talked hat, for hats are the thing now, the season when pa unwillingly "blows" himself.

"Oh, you should have seen her; she was a sight and that hat, oh—it was real lace, and two big plumes, ostrich, real ostrich, but then—you know that—what? You bet, so could I," disdainfully; "but just the same I am going to have a hat soon, too, even if I do make it myself. You know where we were the other day? Well, I saw some real lace that I can get at 15 cents (imagine real lace at 15 cents,) and I can cover that old straw crown so no one will ever know, and really I think I can take these feathers and have them dyed. I would have to do that, you know, and then I can make as good a hat as any one; that is, just for myself, and save money. Don't you think it a shame the way these milliners charge? Well, they won't make any on me. Good night, dearie. My! hasn't the trip been short. Must you really go? Oh, say, you come over; you will now, won't you dearie, and I will tell you how she comes to be wearing these fine hats, and she making $9 a week, too. Now, come now; that's a dearie, do.

She gave here one of those quick little handshakes, the conductor yanked the bell cord impatiently, and the best part, how she wears real ostrich plumes on $9 a week, was lost.

BALLARAT HOLDS THE SCHOOLMA'AM.

FROM the forbidding desert a good story blows in. The temperature out there must be up, for it is a warm 'un.

It happened away out in Ballarat, a mining camp nearly three hundred miles northeast of Los Angeles, on the west side of the Panamint, and thirty miles west of Death Valley.

The population of Ballarat consists almost entirely of men. There are a few women, of course, but their lords are with them. It is a swift conclusion, therefore, that the unmated are lonesome. When the stage from Randsburg or the one from Darwin pulls up at the postoffice, and a dainty foot appears on the step, followed by a skirt, and then the blushing face of a maiden fair is revealed, the town goes wild. On such an occasion Susie's or Mary's health is drunk in generous and frequent potions of the "pisen" straight. If the young lady sojourns in the breezy town of Ballarat for a few days she will have a proposal from every man in town.

About two weeks ago the Darwin stage stopped at the office in Ballarat, and a blushing young woman alighted.

She was the new schoolma'am.

The town went wild, and the time-honored custom relative to "health" and "good luck" was renewed.

She was sufficiently charming, however, to deserve enthusiasm. Up in the Owens Valley country, whence she came, they raise long, thick timothy, redtop, alfalfa and, in fact, almost everything, but chiefly good-looking women.

This was to be her "first school."

She was therefore a little bit shy. The miners liked that, and swore that "she was a nugget."

A few days before school opened the startling fact was discovered that Ballarat had only one child of school age. To begin school five children must be enrolled.

The miners turned pale. Men who could and had looked into the muzzle of a loaded six-shooter without flinching trembled.

But they are a sagacious lot, and they did hard thinking on this particular subject, and finally hit upon a scheme. As a result of their deliberations a man was started out early last Saturday morning, two days before school began, on the swiftest cayuse that could be got in those parts.

He pas going to see Panamint Tom.

Panamint Tom is an Indian who has a record—a bad one—and a wigwam full of papooses, and they are bad ones. But that has nothing to do with the story. Panamint Tom lives about twenty-five miles from Ballarat, away over in Anvil Cañon. It's a hard way to his place, over steep trails and along hot stretches of "dry lake," but the "man with a mission" found him at last.

He sat in the front of his wigwam, trying to make his peace with his stately squaw, Pocahontas Tom. The smoking pipe was in his mouth. Around him was a picturesque group of papooses, dusky maidens and ambitious but undeveloped bucks.

The "man with a mission" reined his foaming cayuse and made his proposition. It was that Panamint Tom should spare four of his progeny for a day that they might attend school.

"Huh," grunted Tom.

Panamint Tom is many generations from Chingachcook, but he has the old flavor in the Indian grunt.

Panamint Tom gave the weighty matter due deliberation. Panamint Tom is crafty. His face said: "How can I let my precious papooses go, even for a day?" In his heart he said: "Heap big luck, me make the pale face pungle up some dough."

That's the way it finally happened. Panamint Tom got a "V," tore four weeping papooses from their hold on the poles of the wigwam, ordered Pocahontas to fetch a pair of burros, begged a "chaw" of tobacco from the pale face, and wrapping his blanket around him, disappeared.

When the cavalcade reached Ballarat on Sunday morning, there was a large exhibition of joy.

The schoolma'am blushed, turned pale and wept.

The boys filled the air with lead and emptied several barrels of "wet goods."

The torch of education was not to be snuffed out.

Monday, the opening day of school, went by, beautifully. Five children, four reds and a white, were in their seats. The school was saved!

Next day there was only one pupil. The four red ones had departed. They had gone over the mountains to the bosom of Pocahontas.

But school still kept, for it is only on the opening day that there must be five pupils. After that one is enough. The pretty girl from Owens Valley, where the timothy, redtop and alfalfa grow so thickly, has a year's work ahead of her at $75 a month, and Ballarat will bask in the sunlight of her smiles.

The lonely camp on the desolate waste is happy, and Panamint Tom grunts contentedly, as his memory reverts to that easy "fiver," and the good things it bought him.

And school "keeps."

FOREIGN MISSIONS SOCIETY.

Third Day of the Convention in First Methodist Church—Will Close Today.

Rev. Benjamin S. Haywood, pastor of the First Methodist Church of Riverside, addressed the evening meeting of the Pacific branch of the Women's Foreign Missionary Society in the First Methodist Church last evening. Although there was a small attendance at the session the address was an interesting one.

Rev. Mr. Haywood, who was formerly a missionary in Mexico, spoke of the work of the Methodists there and in other foreign fields. His remarks were illustrated with paintings of scenes and schools in Mexico, executed by his sister, who is an artist. He also used Mexican models in his illustrations.

Until compelled to return north on account of the failing health of his wife, Rev. Mr. Haywood had for some time been very successful as a missionary in Mexico, and he still retains a great interest in the work. He spoke feelingly of the needs and Christian accomplishments of the people among whom he has worked, and his remarks were listened to with attention.

DAY SESSIONS.

At the morning session, after devotions, conducted by Mrs. Cochran, a report from the Southern California Conference was read by Mrs. H. E. M. Pattee, which was received with applause.

A memorial service was held to the memory of Miss Isabella Thoburn, who recently died in India. She was the first missionary sent out by the Methodist Episcopal Church, thirty years ago, and was a sister of Bishop Thoburn.

Mrs. J. W. Van Cleve addressed the convention on the subject of the Charlotte O'Neal Institute at Rangoon, India. Rangoon, Mrs. Van Cleve said, was the cradle of American missions. In 1852 it had a population of 25,000; ten years ago it had over 181,000. The English-speaking schools are in a flourishing condition and doing a great work among the natives.

Mrs. F. L. Donohoo, colored, spoke of "Our New Work." Mrs. Donohoo is an educated woman, and spoke fluently and feelingly of the work among her people.

The convention will hold sessions this morning and this afternoon, final adjournment coming at 4:30 o'clock.

POTTER'S PURCHASE.

Los Angeles Hotel Man Buys Interest in Big Stock Ranch.

Milo M. Potter, proprietor of the Van Nuys hotel, has purchased an interest in the big Cole & Harris ranch at Victor, San Bernardino county. This fine property has been valued by the owners at a quarter of a million dollars, and Mr. Potter confesses having paid nearly one-third that amount for a third interest in it, Messrs. Cole & Harris retaining the remaining two-thirds.

Mr. Potter, as is well known, is one of the most enthusiastic fanciers of fast horses in Southern California. He now has a fine bunch of thoroughbreds at the ranch, and his object in purchasing a share in the ownership of the property is to further indulge his taste for stock breeding.

A company will be incorporated by Mr. Potter and his associates for the purpose of engaging extensively in the propagation of blooded horseflesh.

YUKON GOLD.

Six Important Strikes Reported, and Men Taking Out Pans of Treasure—Rich Creeks in American Territory.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE TIMES.]

TACOMA (Wash.) Oct. 7.—Not less than six new and important gold strikes are reported from the Yukon by the latest mails. Three of the rich new creeks are in American territory. One is twelve miles from Eagle City, and its name is so far kept a secret, so jealous are the discoverers of its riches becoming generally known before they have time to stake and record. C. S. Crowe, recently arrived at Dawson, reports that men with rockers are taking out an average of $30 a day on this creek. They have opened the ground to bedrock, which is only four and a half feet deep. The dirt is all gravel and a fine sluicing proposition.

The second strike reported by Crowe is Washington Creek, a tributary of the Yukon, twenty-two miles below the mouth of Seventy Mile and opposite the mouth of Fourth of July Creek. On this creek nuggets weighing from $2 to $10 were numerous.

Candle Creek, a tributary of Kewalik, in the Nome district, is producing gold at the rate of $3 to $8 a pan. On one claim fourteen ounces of gold was taken out in one day with a rocker. The stream is ten feet wide and six to eighteen inches deep. Miners are digging the gravel from beneath the water and making money.

Dawson has been excited over the discovery of a rich pup or gulch which enters Gold Run Creek at No. 32. The ground is shallow, with pay from the grass roots. Every pan goes from $1 to $3. Davidson & McGregor, owners of claims at the mouth of the pup, have put in a long string of boxes and are hiring every man they can get to shovel in.

A good-sized stampede has taken place from several Klondike creeks to Josephine Creek, seventy-five miles up the Klondike River from Dawson. Over a hundred people started the first day. Josephine Creek is thirty-five miles beyond Gold Run, which is now the farthest stream out from Dawson that produces in any quantity.

Still another stampede has been made to German Creek, a tributary of Twelve Mile, a short distance below Dawson. The first excitement was caused by ten pans of dirt which averaged $1 to $1.75. Forty claims have been staked in a row by a syndicate which will attempt to work the ground on a combination scheme by hydraulics. The ground is fourteen feet deep, and the hillsides also show coarse gold.

A CURIOUS study of the operations of the intellect of animals as well as that of man is being carried on at Harvard University. This study is the subject fo an interesting article which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

"DEATH'S GRIM SEQUEL" is the title of an article telling how Uncle Sam disposes of the dead bodies of assassins which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

"THE LAND OF OPHIR" is the title of an article which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday. The article relates in Dr. Karl Peters's own words the story of his wonderful discoveries in Africa.

THE STORY of the rise of Skagway, Alaska, will be told by a competent writer in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

A NOTED South American diplomat will tell the readers of The Times Magazine the coming Sunday how South American countries manage anarchists.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE—OFFICIAL DOINGS.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

At the meeting of the park board yesterday the president of the City Council called attention to the need of a park in the Fourth Ward. The Jones tract on Alvarado street, between Pico and Sixteenth streets, is suggested as a site.

Another complaint about the scarcity of water in the lower end of the Sixth ward was filed with the City Clerk yesterday.

The affidavit of S. A. Waldron, attributing prejudice to Judge Noyes of Riverside, who had been called to hear a demurrer in the water-bond suit, precipitated a battle royal yesterday between the attorneys, who exchanged personalities and passed the lie. It all resulted in calling Judge Williams of Ventura county into the case.

David Zunigo of Old Mission was sent to Whittier yesterday for incorrigibility.

John Serano, charged with grand larceny, is wanted by the Covina Justice. Serano is said to have jumped his bail.

Sim Goldberg, suspected of being an anarchist, was convicted of vagrancy in the Police Court yesterday.

Willard Griffen, a negro who shot a man at a tamale stand a few months ago, came near taking a second life night before last, when he snapped a revolver twice at a colored girl named Maggie Robinson.

AT THE CITY HALL.

FOURTH-WARD PEOPLE SEEKING A PARK.

HEAD OF CITY COUNCIL DROPS HINT TO PARK BOARD.

Former Golf Links on Jones Tract Suggested as Suitable Site for Establishment of a Public Breathing Spot—Boating Privilege Sold.

Citizens of the Fourth Ward want a park. President Powers told the park board so yesterday morning. In the absence of Mayor Snyder the representative of the largest bailiwick in the city presided over the deliberations of the commission.

"Nearly all the other wards of the city have parks," said he. "The Fourth Ward would also like a public breathing spot. It is the largest ward in the city. The time to secure the necessary land for a good park is right now. In a few years the available sites will be built up with houses and the cost of a park site will be greatly increased."

As a good location for such a park President Powers suggests the Jones tract of about ten acres. The tract is bounded by Pico, Sixteenth, Alvarado and Iowa streets. It would cost over $100,000 to secure this property, it is said.

Some years ago the property was used for golf links. At Pico street there is quite an elevation, and the land slopes toward the south. It is rolling ground, and would make a fine park undoubtedly. It does not appear, however, where the money is coming from for the purchase of such a site.

No serious consideration was given the matter by the park board yesterday, but if the citizens of the Fourth Ward interest themselves in the matter sufficiently some action toward establishing a park in that ward may be taken by the city authorities.

At the present time the parks are distributed to the various wards, as follows: First Ward, East Lake Park; Second Ward, Elysian and Echo parks; Third Ward, Westlake, Central and Sunset parks; Fourth Ward, none; Fifth Ward, St. James Park; Sixth Ward, South Park; Seventh Ward, none; Eighth Ward, none; Ninth Ward, Hollenbeck Park.

At the present time the official name of the park in the First Ward is East Los Angeles Park, but this is such an awkward appellation, that Superintendent Mendenhall will report at an early day in favor of changing the name to "East Lake Park." Nine out over ten people call the park by the latter name now. It is the natural antithesis of Westlake Park, and as such it is deemed natural and expedient that it should be called "East Lake Park." The superintendent will remove an unnecessary burden from the book-keepers of the city, if he succeeds in having the park board change the name. The City Attorney has already been consulted in the matter.

Bids for the boating privilege at East Lake Park were opened by the park board yesterday morning. Only two were presented. J. J. White and J. J. Caulfield, who have been in possession of the privilege for the last year, bid $900, and improvements valued by them at $375. M. E. Dillingham's bid was $675. The lease runs for two years.

The board will report to the Council in favor of the acceptance of the higher bid.

To the Superintendent was delegated the task of preparing for a trip of inspection about the parks. The day has not been set, but will be announced later by the Superintendent. All the park employés are expected to be in uniform upon the day when the board makes its official visit, although the time for donning the suits does not begin until November 10.

PLUCKED FROM THE PARKS.

Quite recently Superintendent Mendenhall has made many changes in the various parks. Some new birds have been installed in the aviary at Hollenbeck Park. Notable among these are four cockatoos. These birds attract attention at once.

Since the aviary was moved to the west side of the lake, below the bridge, it has proven a much greater attraction than before.

The five swans recently imported from Senator Clark's ranch at Butte, Mont., have been installed at Westlake Park, and add much to the interest of the wild fowl exhibit there. They are not as large as the English swans that belong to the city, but are faster swimmers, and are thus enabled to keep away from their fiercer cousins.

Yesterday the park department received a letter from W. J. Morgan of San Diego, who has five domesticated wild geese of rare breed that he wishes to sell the city for $25. These birds may be purchased, and added to the swans at Westlake Park. The matter will be considered by the board at the next meeting.

Owing to the improvement of Cummings street, along Hollenbeck Park, a retaining wall has been built by the park department that is in places more than fifteen feet high. Some means will be taken by the superintendent to protect pedestrians from falling from the sidewalk down the embankment.

A better water service will be guaranteed East Lake Park when the pumping plant that has been contracted for by the city is installed. An open zanja that runs to Hollenbeck Park supplies East Lake with water. The pump will be placed beside this zanja, and the water pumped into a new reservoir that has been constructed on the highest point in the park. The reservoir is at an elevation of 300 feet, and will hold 90,000 gallons.

It is the intention of Park Superintendent Mendenhall to sow about seven additional acres of lawn this winter. East Lake will have two more acres than at present, Hollenbeck Park about one acre more, South Park some, and nearly all the other parks small additional plots.

WATER WANTED.

SHORTAGE IN SIXTH WARD.

The imperative need for a better water supply in the lower end of the Sixth Ward has been emphasized many times. Owing to the poor service now given it is impossible to maintain lawns or flower beds in some parts of the ward, and building operations have been suspended in many cases pending the construction of better water mains.

E. B. Lindesmith of No. 2821 Michigan avenue has written to the Council asking what steps must be taken to secure the extension of the water mains on Central avenue from Thirty-seventh to Forty-seventh street. In outlining the great necessity for the immediate betterment of the system Mr. Lindesmith says:

"The only water supply at present in that locality is from windmills, which seem to be insufficient and quite unsatisfactory, as each windmill serves from one to four houses. In consequence, we see but little shrubbery, less flowers and few lawns. All these things would add to the beauty and attractiveness of our city. There are those who would build more and better homes if they could be assured of city water, while insurance rates would be lessened and the value of property materially enhanced."

Mr. Lindesmith states that he has been deterred from building a home on Forty-second street, near Central avenue because of the lack of water.

Under the agreement with the water company only the most urgent improvements and extensions to the water plant will be made prior to the actual purchase of the system by the city. If no legal obstacles intervene the bonds will be sold by the 21st inst., and shortly thereafter the transfer will be made. Then the city will be in a position to make extensions to the plant. The Sixth Ward is not alone in the waterless predicament, although the conditions in that district are perhaps as burdensome to property owners as in any part of the city.

TODD STANDS "PAT."

FAVORS CIVIL SERVICE.

Councilman Todd definitely announced yesterday that he is in favor of the civil-service management of the water plant. The representative of "de Ate" denies that he has ever countenanced any other plan, and repudiates that element in the Council that would like to inaugurate the spoils system.

"First, last and all the time, I am for the civil-service management of the water plant. Before the water-bond election I agreed to this plan, and there has been no reason why I should change my mind. Every Councilman who voted for that resolution pledged his faith to the people, and I intend to keep my word. There may be members of the Council who favor the spoils system, but there is no "solid six" business about this water plant legislation.

"If there is any way that the people can legally be given a voice in the selection of the water commissioners, that plan should be carried out. My influence and my vote will be given to the support of such a policy."

This declaration on the part of Mr. Todd will be welcome to the Councilmen who favor civil-service management, as there has been some doubt regarding the stand that the Eighth Ward representative would take.

To Establish Grade.

In a petition filed with the City Clerk yesterday, J. A. Donnell asks the Council to establish the grade of Pasadena avenue between Avenues 63 and 64, and also to fix the grade of the intersecting avenues. He says that failure so to do has impeded the completion of valuable improvements.

AT THE COURTHOUSE.

WALDRON BRANDED WILLING FALSIFIER.

BUT JUDGE NOYES WILL NOT TRY HIS CASE.

Affidavit Alleging Judicial Prejudice Precipitates a Storm of Personalities in Court—Judge Williams of Ventura Called to Hear Bond-suit Demurrer.

Battle royal was waged in Department Six of the Superior Court yesterday, when Judge Noyes of Riverside mounted the bench to hear the demurrer of the city against the lengthy complaint of S. A. Waldron in his notorious action to test the validity of the new water bonds. Personalities of a very pointed nature were freely indulged in, while the lie was frequently passed hither and thither from attorney to attorney. Even the court remarked about the extreme elusive nature of truth on occasions. C. M. Hansen, Esq., formerly of San Diego, appeared as Waldron's attorney, and was opposed by City Attorney Mathews, Deputy Goudge and Walter J. Trask, Esq.

It all happened over Waldron's affidavit for a change of venue.

Learning that the judges of the Superior Court of this county were all disqualified to hear the bond case, by reason of the fact that they are local taxpayers, Judge Allen called in Judge Noyes. Then Waldron filed an affidavit, alleging that the Riverside judge was prejudiced and biased and unable to give a fair and impartial hearing, and at the same time attacking Judge Oster of San Bernardino on the same grounds. This affidavit was the bone of yesterday's contention, and during a heated discussion of thirty minutes it was many times branded as false, venal and scandalous, as well as perjured and aspersive.

And the litigious little Waldron had to sit right there in the courtroom and listen meekly to what prominent men of the municipality say they think of him and his oath!

Stool-pigeon business has its disagreeable features.

BONE OF CONTENTION.

The affidavit that stirred up such a furore was couched in the following tautological verbiage:

"S. A. Waldron, being duly sworn, deposes and says: That he is the plaintiff in the above entitled action. That said action relates, among other things, to the acquisition of certain water rights by the of city of Los Angeles from certain water companies, known as the Los Angeles City Water Company and the Crystal Springs Water Company. That there have been various controversies between the city of Los Angeles and said water companies from time to time, more particularly within the three years last past, and that the judges of the Superior Court of the county of Los Angeles have been disqualified from trying said causes. That several of said causes have been tried and submitted before certain other judges of outside counties, to-wit, Judge Noyes of Riverside county and Judge Oster of San Bernardino county. That affiant is informed and believes that there are certain of said causes remaining unsettled before the said judges last aforesaid. That the said judges have decided certain of said cases in which the said city of Los Angeles and the said Crystal Springs Water Company and the said Los Angeles City Water Company have been litigants, and this affiant is informed and believes that certain of said cases between said litigants remain undecided by said judges aforesaid.

"This affiant further avers that the judges of the Superior Court of Los Angeles county are disqualified from trying this cause, and that certain orders are, or are about to be made, whereby the judges above referred to, to wit, Judge Noyes of Riverside county and Judge Oster of San Bernardino county, are requested to try this above said cause, wherein this affiant is plaintiff.

"That this cause herein involves a settlement of various questions which have been directly or indirectly involved in the trial of said actions heretofore tried by the judges last aforesaid.

"That this affiant believes that the said judges, to wit, Judge Noyes of Riverside and Judge Oster of San Bernardino, have already heard and made up their judgments with regard to certain issues which directly or indirectly relate to the questions and matters referred to in the plaintiff's complaint.

"That this affiant believes that the said judges, to wit, Judge Noyes of Riverside and Judge Oster of San Bernardino, are prejudiced and biased concerning the matters involved in the complaint herein.

"That this affiant believes that he, the said plaintiff, cannot have a fair and impartial trial before the said Judge Noyes of Riverside county, by reason of the prejudice and bias of said Judge Noyes concerning the case herein, about to be tried by said judge. The plaintiff further believes that he cannot have a fair and impartial trial in this action before the said Judge Oster of San Bernardino county, by reason of the prejudice and bias of said Judge Oster, concerning this cause herein about to be tried by said judge.

"Wherefore this affiant, plaintiff, most respectfully deposes, and further this affiant saith not."

AN EASY CONSCIENCE.

As soon as Attorney Hansen had finished reading the instrument, Judge Noyes, as if incensed, demanded:

"Let me see that affidavit. Whoever made it must have had a very free and easy conscience, I am sure."

"That will be pretty generally conceded, I guess," chipped in Trask, with a glance round at Waldron.

"Well," objected Hansen, "the consciences of men are not under discussion here, I am sure, and for the purposes of this case it must be considered true."

Meantime Judge Noyes was studiously perusing the affidavit, and the longer he read it the harder it was to keep from expressing his feelings.

Finally, snapping his words off short, he said: "The records of this court will show the falsity of this affidavit. Who signed it?"

"S. A. Waldron," somebody volunteered.

Then the judge began studying it again.

STIRRED UP THE POT.

"It occurs to me, Your Honor," said the City Attorney, jumping to his feet, "that the extraordinary character of that affidavit demands some sort of condemnation from this court, and—"

"I object to this line of argument," hurriedly interjected Hansen, "it doesn't seem to be proper. Let them give that kind of talk to the newspapers."

"That,' chipped in Trask, with a laugh, "is your especial province, not ours—or your client's."

"Well," replied Hansen, backing a bit, "I certainly have not indulged."

"Well, gentlemen," remarked the court indignantly, "let me finish reading this paper."

HANSEN INTERRUPTED.

Then Hansen was allowed to present his side from the standpoint of the law. The statute governing the matter was a new one. There were no Supreme Court decisions construing it. But an affidavit alleging prejudice and bias was final, and a counter-affidavit setting up falsity could not be made. And—

"It strikes me," interrupted the judge, "that the affidavit is a falsehood from beginning to end. Why," he added, with fire in his eyes, "I absolutely have no knowledge of any of the persons or facts connected with this case—know nothing about them."

Hansen hastened to assure the judge that the affidavit meant no discredit to him personally."

"And," he continued, "we would consent to strike out all save the statement that Judge Noyes is disqualified from prejudice and bias. No discredit whatever was intended."

CITY ATTORNEY VEXED.

At this juncture City Attorney Mathews arose to reply.

"We agree with our opponents," said he, "that a counter affidavit is not necessary. The affidavit itself is false on its face, and the records of the county testify against it."

"I can get another judge here by tomorrow morning," said Judge Noyes, settling back in his chair, and it was evident that in spite of all, the flexible affidavit would prevail.

But the City Attorney kept on toasting the opposition.

INSTINCT "AGIN" WALDRON.

He thought it reprehensible to attack two judges in the affidavit when the qualifications of one only were under discussion.

"I can't understand Mr. Waldron's reasoning," said he, "unless he feels that all judges would instinctively be biased against him and he would therefore attack them wholesale."

Here Hansen got up to kick about the City Attorney's language, but Judge Noyes gave him to understand that he was willing to hear whatever either side had to say.

"Now we come into this court," continued Mathews, "ready to present our demurrer, and are met not with a legitimate objection to the judge, but with a subterfuge of pretended reasons. No, we do not attack the attorney personally, but whoever furnished him the information contained in that affidavit knew it was false."

TRASK'S HARD WORDS.

Then Trask followed Mathews to thrust a few javelins.

"We admit," said he, "that the affidavit is sufficient, if the litigant is venal enough to swear to it. But, notwithstanding what has been said, it is certainly an aspersion to both judges, and is a scandalous instrument, without foundation, and framed in the same spirit of notoriety that has heretofore characterized that man [indicating Waldron.] I am surprised that Mr. Hansen, although he may not have been familiar with the practice in this county, could have been so easily misled about the facts in this matter."

HANSEN'S BREAK.

When Hansen rose to reply it was to say something about conducting his side of the case to suit himself and his people—client, he meant to have said—and he quickly made the correction, feeling that he had needlessly called attention to the fact that Waldron is a go-between for other parties beneath the surface. No discredit was meant to either judge. The attorneys in opposition knew all the time that neither was wanted by the plaintiff. Why was one of them called in, then, to try this cause?

This line of argument from Hansen dragged Judge Allen, who called Judge Noyes, into the fracas, and more wrangling resulted.

FALSE RECORD MUST STAND.

When Hansen concluded, Judge Noyes said: "The allegations of the affidavit are not true, although the last part of it is sufficient under the statute. The rest is false from beginning to end."

"Let those parts be stricken out, then," begged Hansen.

"No, let it all stand of record here," ordered the court, authoritatively. "I don't know what you call perjury in Los Angeles county; that's what we call it down where I live."

The last part of the sentence was murmured under the breath.

Adjournment was then taken until 2 o'clock in the afternoon, when it was announced that Judge Ben Williams of Ventura county had been called, who would hear the demurrer in Department Six at 2 p.m. today.

The joker in all this business about Judge Noyes's alleged prejudice is that, in passing upon the validity of the old water bonds about six months ago, his judgment was against the city. To Waldron it must appear, then, that the judge is biased against him. Strange logic!

BOY'S QUEER ACT.

SET HOME ON FIRE AT NIGHT.

David Zunigo, a lad of Mexican descent, 15 years of age, whose father, M. M. Zunigo, keeps a little store at Old Mission, was committed to the Whittier Reform School by Judge York yesterday, for incorrigibility.

David is not extra sharp.

The crowning act of his life, however, happened about ten days ago—happened, for certainly he could hardly have been responsible for what he did. One night, after he and the rest of the family had gone to bed, he slipped out of the house and with his father's keys opened the store and robbed the money drawer of about $6. Before he left, he poured kerosene round on the floor and set the building on fire. Then he ran away.

For several days he could not be found. Upon capture he said he was tired of living at home and needed the money to get away. He felt sure folks would wake up before they were burned to death, he said, and didn't worry.

The boy has gone to school very little, and has never been able to learn anything. As a bold guess to Judge York yesterday, he thought there were 45 pennies in a two-bit piece, and that if a man bought 10 cents worth of potatoes with a 50-cent piece, the storekeeper ought to keep 40 cents.

JUMPED HIS BAIL.

HUMOR OF A PUENTE MAN.

Jumping bail is something that seldom happens, but 'twas the unexpected that has set the sleepy little petroleum burg of Puente to talking.

About the second week of last September John Serano is alleged to have committed grand larceny by stealing nine tons of wheat hay. Soon afterward he was arrested and arraigned before Justice Parker of Covina. Through the plea of his attorneys, Messrs. Thompson & Wynn of this city, he was ordered released on a $500 bond, furnished by two uncles, and his preliminary examination was set for last Wednesday. But Serano did not put in an appearance at the appointed hour for the hearing, and the Justice ordered his bondsmen to produce him in court by this morning or pay the State of California the sum of $500.

Yesterday one of the bondsmen was begging the Sheriff to arrest the missing man.

The particular humor in the situation is that when Serano left home the other day, he got money from his parents and informed them that he was going to the city to see his lawyers and pay them their fee. Instead, he skipped out, and hasn't been seen since. Now Attorney Thompson says he stands ready to prosecute his client for embezzlement. The lawyers and the bondsmen have spent much time lately peeping into the secluded crannies of this city looking for their man.

COURTHOUSE NOTES.

BREVITIES MISCELLANEOUS.

LAWYER'S ESTATE. Willard H. Clark filed a petition yesterday for letters of administration in the $150 estate of William Fitzgerald, who died on September 25. The estate comprises $100 worth of uncollected fees and an interest in a set of law books. Deceased left as heirs two brothers, Michael J. and Thomas F., and a sister, Nellie M. Fitzgerald, all residents of this city.

BIG DAMAGE SUIT. Alexander McRae, a laborer, who was injured last April in the Southern Pacific tunnel at Chatsworth Park, brought suit yesterday for damages in $20,000 against his employers, Erickson & Peterson. "A large rock," says the complaint, "weighing several tons, fell on plaintiff, crushing in his side, back, hip and dislocating the bones of his body."

TO CONDEMN. Condemnation proceedings were begun yesterday by the city against Thomas G. Fry, to open Eleventh street from Grand View avenue to the western boundary lines of the city.

NEW DIVORCES. Joel B. McClure is suing Lorinda B. McClure for a divorce; Cordelia Mortimer Mallory is suing Frederick Burton Mallory, and Clara E. Steers is suing Joseph E. Steers, also in divorce proceedings.

MINING COMPANY. The Corotoman Mining Company, with principal place of business in Los Angeles, incorporated yesterday, with a capital stock of $200,000, divided into $5 shares, of which amout $100,100 has been subscribed. The directors are M. C. Greene, Helen H. Greene, San Diego; W. R. Greene, Henry A. Greene and Ed B. Spencer of Los Angeles.

PAR VALUE REDUCED. The Farmers' and Merchants' Bank of Los Angeles has reduced the par value of its stock per share from $1000 to $100. The capitalization is $500,000, fully subscribed.

GOES NORTH. Mrs. Mary Williams, who was arrested in this city on Wednesday at the instance of her husband, Frank Williams of Bakersfield, and put in the County Jail over night with her three baby children, was taken north by Deputy Sheriff Stroble of Kern county yesterday morning.

It is the beginning of the end of

Hamilton & Baker's

Great Fall Shoe Sale....

Prices are being cut at a furious rate, and there is a cut price on EVERY shoe in the house—none reserved.

Here are a Few and there "Are Others."

	Regular Sale	Sale Price
Men's Black Vici Kid Lace Shoes—welted soles, new up-to-date toes, workmanship, linings and trimmings of the best, all sizes and widths	$4.00	$3.00
Men's Black Box Calf Lace Shoes, medium toes, Goodyear welted soles, fast color hooks and eyelets, double soles and shanks	$5.00	$3.50
Men's Tan Vici Kid Lace Shoes, new toes, welted soles, all sizes and widths, stamped $4.00 on the sole	$4.00	$2.50
Ladies' Tan Vici Kid Oxfords, welted extension soles, new toes, all sizes and widths	$3.00	$2.00
Ladies' Satin Slippers, strap across instep, both black and red, French heels, hand-turned soles	$2.50	$1.50
Ladies' Black Vici Kid Oxfords, hand turned soles, new toes	$3.00	$2.00
Ladies' Black Vici Kid Oxfords, hand turned soles, new toes	$2.50	$1.50
Ladies' Strap Sandals, hand turned soles, both French and leather heels	$2.00	$1.25
Ladies' Southern Button Tan Vici Kid Low Shoes, silk vesting tops, hand turned soles	$3.00	$1.25
Broken Lines in patent leather shoes for men, regular price $4.00 and $5.00		$2.25

	Regular Sale	Sale Price
Men's Black Vici Kid, velour calf and box calf lace shoes, welted soles, new goods	$3.50	$2
Men's Tan Russia Calf Lace Shoes, new toes, all sizes	$3.00	$1
Men's Russia Calf Lace Shoes, new toes, welted soles, "Burt & Packard" make	$4.00	$2
Men's Black Vici Kid Lace Shoes, heavy extension soles, hand sewed, vici kid lined	$3.00	$2
Men's Black Vici Kid Lace Shoes, new toes, all sizes	$3.00	$2
Ladies' Princess Slipper, (elastic over instep) black vici kid	$1.50	
Ladies' Black Vici Kid Strap Sandals, hand turned soles, all sizes	$1.25	
Ladies' Golf Boots, high cut, tan and black vici kid	$3.00	$1
Ladies' French Heel Lace Shoes, black vici kid, hand turned soles, patent tips, new toes	$3.50	$2
Misses' Lace and Button fine vici kid shoes, both black and tan, kid tops and vesting tops, nice dressy lasts, sizes 11 to 2, widths A and B only	$2.50	
Same as above—same widths, sizes 9 to 11	$2.00	$1

Hamilton & Baker, 239 S. Spring

25c Shoe Polish, 15c. 10c Polish, 5c, during this sale.

The charge against Mrs. Williams, who was on her way home to Santa Ana, is embezzlement. She says she took her own money out of a bank in Bakersfield—that's all. She was leaving her husband because of his alleged cruelty.

THE INFERIOR COURTS.

GIRL'S LIFE SAVED BY POOR CARTRIDGES.

DRUNKEN NEGRO TRIES TO USE HIS REVOLVER.

Griffen, Who Killed One of His Race, Attempts to Shoot Another—Sim Goldberg, a Suspected Anarchist, Convicted of Vagrancy—Mary Ann's Feelings.

Just a bum cartridge that failed to work prevented Willard Griffen from taking another human life.

Night before last, in a drunken rage, he attempted to shoot a negro girl named Maggie Robinson, but the pistol missed fire.

Griffen is the tamale vender who shot and killed Will Brown a few months ago. It was clearly shown that he acted in self-defense, and he was not held over for trial. Since then he has gone armed.

Griffen claims that he and the girl have been in the habit of occasionally staying together in a room, he paying for it one month, and she the next.

When she came home night before last she found him lying on the bed drunk, and tried to make him get up. He refused to leave, and when she went to the bureau for something, he pulled a revolver and snapped it twice.

He was charged with being drunk and carrying concealed weapons.

He was sentenced to pay a fine of $40 or to spend twenty days in jail.

Suspected Anarchist.

Sim Goldberg, a young Polish Jew, who has been hanging around East First street, and preying on the charity of his countrymen, was convicted of vagrancy in the Police Court yesterday. He is suspected of being an anarchist, and tells many conflicting stories about himself. He denies, however, that he is an anarchist.

He will be sentenced by Justice Austin Saturday.

Who Started It?

Chris Hansen was tried in the Police Court yesterday for punching the head of a fellow workman named E. F. Groves. He was acquitted. There was a conflict of evidence as to which one started the scrimmage.

Mary Ann's Feelin's Hurt.

Thomas Botello, who says he only asked the "colonel" if he was a gentleman, was arrested yesterday for disturbing the peace of mind of J. Mary Ann Brooks. Brooks says he called him something much worse. Botello was arraigned, with Albert Bilderrain, alleged to have assisted him to call Brooks names, in the Police Court yesterday.

Darling Accused.

Charles Darling, whose family is among the chronic clients of the Associated Charities, was arraigned in the Police Court yesterday charged with having made an assault on a woman named Maria Bergen, who lives at No. 417 Ord street.

A CURIOUS study of the operations of the intellect of animals as well as that of man is being carried on at Harvard University. This study is the subject of an interesting article which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

ASCOT DERBIES

Are the rage in New York among swell dressers. The Ascot has the decided oval crown and extreme rolling brim so much in vogue this season. Three dollars here; five anywhere else.

$3

Other late styles in Derby and soft shapes, black and leading fall colors, at $3, $2.50 and $2, and not one among them that you could match in any other store in town without paying a dollar or two more.

SIEGEL, THE HATTER, UNDER NADEAU HOTEL.

SUSPECTED POISONER HELD.

DAYTON (O.) Oct. 10.—Pending an investigation which will determine whether or not the charge of murder shall be preferred against Mary Bell Witmer, the suspected wholesale poisoner, the prisoner is still detained at Central Police Station, though habeas corpus proceedings to secure her release are momentarily expected. Today the bodies of Fred D. Witmer, the fourth and last husband of the suspect, and Mrs. Emma C. Pugh, her sister, both of whom are supposed to have been victims, were disinterred.

AT NEW YORK HOTELS.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] E. Pallette, is at the Park Avenue; F. W. Bradshaw, at the Herald Square; J. J. Davis and wife, at the Grand; Mrs. F. Brown of Pasadena, at the Netherlands; Mrs. E. L. Price at the Park Avenue; Mrs. McPhail of Santa Barbara, at the Cosmopolitan.

Trains of the Pennsylvania System

Make quicker time than any other line from St. Louis and Cincinnati to New York, and as quick time as any other line from Chicago. Rapid transit is only one of the great luxuries offered to travelers by the Pennsylvania Short Line. Special information may be had by addressing George B. Teedrick, agent Pennsylvania lines, P. O. box 371, Los Angeles.—Adv.

FRANK G. CARPENTER will tell the readers of The Times Magazine the coming Sunday all about the way the coffee industry is carried on in Java.

"THE LAND OF OPHIR" is the title of an article which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday. The article relates in Dr. Karl Peters's own words the story of his wonderful discoveries in Africa.

A NOTED South American diplomat will tell the readers of The Times Magazine the coming Sunday how South American countries manage anarchists.

Overcoats

To Order for :: ::

$25

The very swellest Ragian and styles, worth $40.00 elsewhere

Brauer & Krob

128-130 South Spring St. 114½ South Main

H. J. W. Whisky is the greatest value in cases lung trouble. $1 a bottle H. J. WOOLLACOTT, North Spring St.

THE HAIR BRUSH

Breeds Dandruff, Which Causes Falling Hair and Finally Baldness

Prof. Unna, Hamburg, Germany, authority on skin diseases, says that it is as contagious as any other malady, and that one common source of spread of dandruff is the use of the same brush by different persons. The way of catching dandruff or any other disease from other's brush, is to insist on the presence of Newbro's Herpicide. It not only kills the germ, but it is also an antiseptic that will prevent the catching of any disease germs through contagion of another's brush.

MOVING to 212 and 214 W. Sixth street, where a closing-out sale will be continued.

W. S. ALLEN

Others."

Regular Sale	Sale Price
$2.50	$2.50
$3.00	$1.75
$4.00	$2.50
$5.00	$2.50
$3.00	$2.00
$1.50	95
$1.25	75
$2.00	$1.50
$3.50	$2.50
$2.50	$1.25
$2.00	$1.00

RBIES

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ATTER,
NADEAU HOTEL.

Overcoats
$25.0
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130 South Spring St.
Sixth Main

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S. ALLEN.

THE ORANGE MARKET.

Special and Authentic Quotations by Telegraph.

[ORANGES FRUIT IN NEW YORK. AVERAGE QUOTATIONS. DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—[Exclusive Dis.] Five cars of oranges and lemons were received this week. Orange market. Valencias 50 higher. Fancy regular, 4.15@5.60, 5 85; choice, 3.70@4.70, average 4.30; city extra fancy lemons, large, 3.60@4.50; 300s, 2.06@4.05; 360s, 2.30@3.75. Some inferior quality, little decay; fancy large, 3.20@4.15; 300s, 3.45@4.10; 360s, 3.20@3.50; choice, 300s, 2.55@3.95. Very light offerings of Sicilys; market easier; 300s, 50 cents lower; 360s, $5. Thousand barrels of Jamaica oranges, average 4.20; 1000 boxes average 2.40; quality mostly green.

BUSINESS.

NCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES.
Los Angeles, Oct. 10, 1901.

FINANCIAL.

ERS AND MERCHANTS' END. The board of directors of rmers and Merchants' Bank met day. The first business done was ge the par value of the stock 100 per share to $100, and to y the number of shares by 10, the stockholders will get ten res for each old one. The stock bank sells for $2500 per share, t seems a large sum to pay share. Besides an investor t in that large sum to be a der even to the extent of a are. By the change an in- ll be able to get one share for or ten shares for the rice of one. The directors ared a quarterly dividend the history of the bank. Here- annual rate on these divi- been 15 per cent. This one te of 15 per cent.

ACTIVE. There is a good money in the local mar- panies are getting in large ers of shelf goods and are dis- r goods. Rates are steady 7 cents on good commercial loans on real estate rates from 6½ to 6 cents, according to amount involved, the time the and the amplitude of the There is an abundance of to meet all calls.

COMMERCIAL.

BEARER. Pure Manila rope 10½ cents in this market. Sisal rope remain as before.

STICKING. The Cincinnati Price says: "There is little change extent of current marketing of which continues to fall short of Total western packing 250,- pared with 220,000 the preceding and 226,000 two weeks ago. For ending time last year the num- 345,000, and two years ago From March 1 the total is 12,- against 12,025,000 a year ago— ease of 750,000. The quality con- irregular, the offerings embrac- siderable of stock deficient in y. Prices have been further d, averaging about $4.65 per ds at the close for prominent compared with $5.75 the pre- ous; $3.80 a year ago, and $4.55 ago. The extreme price Chicago during the week in which market the out- at the close was $7.20. ion market has been ac- ere irregular, and there many 5c values. Mess was up to $15.10, and October lard reached at $8.77½; October touched $9.10, and Chicago. Trading the October, January ies. Toward the close decline in hog prices un- receipts, and the grain ded slightly down- brought about some pres- sale. Foreign markets were easy in the week, which as- in the advance. Trade neith- is mentioned. The action of the in shorting from the gains to some extent modifying the the speculative articles are noticed. It is claimed by some there is considerable property to sold this month, especially lard and ribs. The general cash is fair. Prices are well sus- although buyers were a little to follow advances. The export ers of product were light, ing a falling off as compared with ding week and corresponding last year."

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

HAND-MADE CIGARS. It is not because a cigar is badly made the wrapper curls up and works it often becomes a right-hand being a left-handed cigar. A shaped cigar" is one rolled by the left hand, for all cigarmak- to ambidextrous. A piece of is cut on the bias and is rolled to right on the filler. The for reasons of economy, and must be used the op- by the operator's other a smoker who holds his in his right hand, sometimes sheet, rubs the wrapper the and loosens it.—[Southern

ROBERT WAY. The synopsis relative to false selling sell goods for what they your punishment.—[New

COMMERCIAL FAILURES THIS ...ures in the United States R. G. Dun & Co. for the of 1901 number 8144, with indebtedness of $97,854,- same months of 1900 the slightly smaller, 7895, but of liabilities was much 234,983. Subtracting the ures of banking and other stitutions, with liabilities the defaults in strictly ...nnels were $683 in num- 100,582 in amount, against ...ber and $101,867,448 in year. There were 1906 manufacturing concerns indebtedness of $22,758,457, ...r $37,222,855 last year, failures suspending owing 5494 last year for other commercial lines ...ly included above, there were for $13,461,914, against 238 ...ing $25,679,512. Thus it ap- despite more numerous ...ailures in each of the four the aggregate indebtedness ...n every case than in 1900.

A YANKEE. A Connecti- ...who applied to a New for goods on credit, says ...Street News, was met by the that he had failed, and paid ...cents on the dollar. ...true," he replied, "but I am ...merchant in the town who ...ver six." ...to allow your paper to go ...last winter?" ...the doctors said I could ...twenty-four hours just then ...wasn't thinking of earthly

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

The day develops no quotable changes in prices.

Fresh California eggs are so scarce that prices are hard to quote. The generally-quoted figure is 32 cents, but there are very few sold at that price. It is certain that in a small way to select lines of trade they are sold at 35 cents. Trade is running on storage eggs for the most part, with a few fresh eastern going at 27 to 28 cents. Stock ex-storage sells all the way from 22 to 26 cents, 24 to 25 cents being the general market.

Potatoes remain easy.

Beans are firmly held on the small amount of the old crop on hand. No new crop has yet been offered.

Poultry is scarce for live California stock. The demand has not been free for a few days.

The market is well supplied with croakers in the fresh-fish line. Redondo claims a catch of 4000 pounds yesterday.

Meats, fresh and cured, are firm.

Fruit develops no notable changes. Vegetables are steady.

Dried Fruits, Nuts and Raisins.

DRIED FRUITS—Apples, evaporated, choice to fancy, 8@8½; apricots, 8@10; peaches, fancy, 7½@8; choice, 6@7½; pears, fancy evaporated, 8; prunes, pitted, choice, 5; prunes, choice, 3@3½; figs, black, 2; figs, sacks, California, white, per lb., 2@2½; California, black, per lb., 4½@5; California, fancy layers, per lb., 10@12; imported Smyrna, 20.

RAISINS—Fancy Clusters, per box, 2.00; London Layers, per box, 1.90; loose, 6@6½ per lb.; Seedless Sultanas, 5@6.

NUTS—Almonds, paper-shell, 12; softshell, 14; hardshell, 10; Brazils, 12@14; filberts, 12; peanuts, raw, eastern, 6½; roasted, 8½; California, choice raw, 9½; California, fancy raw, 8; California, roasted, 10½; walnuts, softshell, first grade, 15½; hardshell, first grade, 10@11; pinons, New Mexico, 7.

Potatoes, Onions and Vegetables.

POTATOES—Per ctl., new, choice to fancy, 1.60@1.75; fair to good, 1.50@1.55; sweets, 1.15@1.20.

ONIONS—New, per cental, 1.40@1.50.

VEGETABLES—Beets, per cwt., 75; cabbage, 1.00@1.10; carrots, 75 per cwt.; cauliflower, 75@ per lb.; dry chiles, per string, 10@1.50; lettuce, dozen, 20; parsnips, 90@1.00 cwt.; green peas, 4@6; radishes, per dozen bunches, 25; string beans, 5@7½; turnips, 75 per cwt.; garlic, 4@6; tomatoes, 20@25; asparagus, per lb., 8@; summer squash, per box, 25@40; cucumbers, per box, 40@50.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

BUTTER—Fancy Board of Trade creamery, per square, 25; southern creamery, 24; dairy, 20@22; Coast creamery, 25.

EGGS—Per doz., fresh ranch, 32; eastern, 25 @28.

CHEESE—California, Downey or Anchor, per lb., 15½; California, Young America, per lb., 16½; California, 2-lb. hand, per lb., 17½; Coast, full cream, per lb., 13½@14; domestic Swiss, per lb., 17@17½; imported Swiss, per lb., 28; Edam, fancy, per doz., 10.50; Martin's New York cream, per lb., 15½@16; Wisconsin, full cream, per lb., 15@15½; Magaw, 15@15½.

Fresh Fruits and Berries.

LEMONS—Per box, choice to fancy, 2.00@2.50; fancy, 3.00@3.50.

ORANGES—Valencias, 2.00@2.75.

LIMES—Per doz., 1.00.

COCOANUTS—Per doz., 40@1.00.

PINEAPPLES—Per doz., 4.00@5.00.

GRAPE FRUIT—Per box, 1.50@1.75.

STRAWBERRIES — Per box, common, 75@; fancy, 90@.

BLACKBERRIES—Per box, 60@.

PEACHES—Per lb., 2@3½.

APPLES—Choice, 1.00@1.25.

GRAPES—Per box, 75@1.00.

BANANAS—Per bunch, 1.75@2.25

Hay and Grain.

BARLEY—Mill price, 70@75.

OATS—Jobbing price, 1.60@1.80.

CORN—90.

HAY—New barley, 8.00@10.00; alfalfa, 8.00@ 10.00; loose, 7.00@9.00.

WHEAT—Mill price, per cental, 1.10@1.15.

Live Stock.

HOGS—Per cwt., 5.00@5.50.

CATTLE—Per cwt., 2.75@4.00 for prime steers; 3.00@3.75 for cows and heifers; calves, 4.50@5.00.

SHEEP—Per head, wethers, 4.00@4.50; ewes, 3.00@3.50; lambs, 2.50@3.50.

Poultry.

POULTRY—Dealers pay live weight for stock in good condition: 10@11 per lb. for poultry; ducks, 8@9; for turkeys, 12@14; geese, 8@10.

Fresh Meats.

BEEF—Per lb., 6½@7.

VEAL—8@10.

MUTTON—Per lb., 7½; lamb, 8.

PORK—Per lb., 9@.

Flour and Feedstuffs.

FLOUR—Per bbl., local extra roller process, 2.60@2.60; northern, 2.60; eastern, Pillsbury's Best, 4.25; other brands, 4.00@4.60; graham flour, 1.85 per 100 lbs.

FEEDSTUFFS — Bran, per ton, 22.00; rolled barley, 24.00; cracked corn, 1.60 per cwt.

Provisions.

HAMS—Per lb., Rex, 16½; Gilbert, 12½; picnic, 10@11½; Winchester, medium, 14½; do., light, 15; Premium, 15½; skinned, 15½@15½; 40's er, 14½@15; Gold Band, 15½.

BACON—Per lb., Rex breakfast, 14½@14½; mild cured do., 12@12½; special fancy, 16; boneless backs, 12½; Winchester, medium, 14@14½; light, 15½; Empire, 16½; Premium, 17½; 40's, medium, 14@14½; light, 15½; Gold Band, 17½.

DRY SALT PORK—Per lb., clear bellies, 12½; short clears, 11½@12½; clear backs, 11½ @12½.

DRIED BEEF—Per lb., insides, 12½@17½.

PICKLED BEEF—Per bbl., 14.00; rump butts, 17.50.

PICKLED PORK—Per bbl., Sunderland, 12.50.

LARD—Pure, per lb., Silver Leaf, tierces, 12½; 50-lb. tins, 12½; 10s, 13½; 5s, 14½; 3s, 15½; 1s, 16½; tierces, 12½; 50s, 12½; 10s, 12½; 5s, 13½; 3s, 13½; White Label, tierces, 12½; 50s, 12½; 10s, 13½; 5s, 14½; 3s, 15½; 1s, 16½.

LARD COMPOUNDS—Per lb., tierces, Ivory Compound, 12; Sustena, 8½; Cotosuet, tierces, 9; 50s, 10½; 10s, 10½; 5s, 10½; 3s, 11; Swift's Compounds, tierces, 7½; 10s, 8.

Honey and Beeswax.

HONEY—Per lb., in comb, frames, 11@12½; extracted, 5@6.

BEESWAX—Per lb., 21@22.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

SHARES AND MONEY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—There was a notable revival of speculation in the stock market today, following the wavering and hesitating movement of the last day or two. Pretty much every department of the market became affected in an increasing degree, and in the late dealings the market became fairly buoyant and closed active and strong at about the top level. This sudden outburst of speculation, at a reversal of the recently-current sentiment, caused circulation of many rumors, and gave rise to a supposition that some important development in the financial world not yet disclosed to the public. The rumors centered about supposed further developments in the northwestern railroad world, and early took the form of a plan for adjustment with the Canadian Pacific which might eliminate competition. Another report specifically formulated was that a corporation was to be formed to consolidate the ownership of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific on the basis of 200 shares for Great Northern preferred, and 125 for Northern Pacific common. Northern Pacific preferred to be entered at par. The transcontinental stocks, which had been somewhat neglected in the early strength, leaped into activity and strength. Great Northern preferred jumped 5 points, to 196; Northern Pacific preferred and Chicago and Northwestern, 3 points; St. Paul, 2¾, and Union Pacific, 2½. There was a renewed heavy demand for steel stocks, which lifted them 1¾ to 4. This culmination of the day's bullish tendency caused a rush to cover by the bears. The demand from this source showed a state bordering on demoralization on the part of the large short interest in the market. The majority of active stocks are a point or more higher. The coalers showed the first marked evidence of strength. New Jersey Central jumped seven points, and others of the group one to four. Amalgamated Copper and Sugar were very active and strong at an advance of about three points each. The short interest playing an important part in their movement. The opening of the market gave no premonition of the day's movement, many important stocks opening unchanged. Very large speculative interests obviously had the market in hand. They seemed to be actuated by a belief that the resources of the banks were now sufficient to provide for the season's demand from the interior for money. Taking the ground that the fall demand for money has been the only repressive influence on the market, these interests inaugurated an active buying movement for a recovery in the market. Several unfavorable factors were completely ignored. Some of these were the notable strength of sterling exchange, which was emphasized today; renewed softness in the London market for raw copper; the threatened extension of the trade war between the American Sugar Refining Company and the beet-sugar interests; decidedly less sanguine views of the year's outlook for the iron industry; a declining ratio of increase of railroad earnings, and various minor factors which have been influential of late. There was a decided increase of activity in the railroad bond market, and prices generally advanced. Total sales, par value, $4,750,000. United States new 4s advanced ½ per cent. on the last call.

Closing Stocks—Actual Sales.

Atchison	77⅜	Southern Pacific	57⅜
Atchison pfd	96	Railway	23½
Baltimore & Ohio	100¾	So. Railway pfd	66¾
B. & O. pfd	93	Texas & Pacific	40⅞
Canadian Pacific	109	T., St. L. & W	11¼
Canada Southern	62¾	T., St. L. pfd	36½
Chesa. & Ohio	43¾	Union Pacific	99⅛
Chicago & Alton	36¾	Union Pac. pfd	84⅞
C. & Alton pfd	77	Wabash	19⅞
C., I. & L	41¾	Wabash pfd	37¾
C., I. & L. pfd	72	Wabash pfd	57⅜
C. & E. Illinois	139	Wheeling & L. E	20
Chicago & W. I	175¾	W. & L. E. 2d pfd	58
C. & G. W. "A"	34	Wis. Central	21¾
C. & G. W. "B"	41	Wis. Cen. pfd	41¾
Chicago & N. W	196¾	Express Cos—	
C., R. I. & P	149½	Adams	180
Chicago Ter	20¾	American	158
Chicago Ter. pfd	39¾	United States	90
C. C. C. & St. L	99	Wells-Fargo	200
Colo. Southern	17¾	Miscellaneous—	
Colo. So. 1st pfd	43¾	Amal. Copper	89⅝
Colo. So. 2d pfd	29½	Am. Car & F	35¾
Del. & Hudson	162¾	Am. C. & F. pfd	99
D., L. & W	227¾	Am. Linseed Oil	16
Denver & R. G	43½	Am. Lin. Oil pfd	45
D. & R. G. pfd	85⅞	Am. S. & R	42
Erie	27	Am. S. & R. pfd	87¾
Erie 1st pfd	70¾	Anaconda M. Co	36⅜
Erie 2d pfd	57½	Brooklyn R. T	69⅝
Great N. pfd	196⅝	Colo. Fuel & I	32
Hocking Valley	73¾	Con. Gas	217
Hock. Val. pfd	74	Cont'l Tob. pfd	114½
Illinois Central	146½	Gen. Electric	255
Iowa Central	41	Glucose Sugar	69
Iowa Cen. pfd	77¾	Hocking Coal	17
Lake Erie & W	29	Int'l Paper	23½
L. E. & W. pfd	82	Int'l Paper pfd	79¾
Louis. & Nash	103¾	Int'l Power	69¾
Manhattan L	139½	Laclede Gas	90
Met. St. Ry	152	Nat'l Biscuit	43
Mexican Central	23⅝	Nat'l Lead	19⅛
Mexican Nat'l	14½	Nat'l Salt	20
Minn. & St. L	102	Nat'l Salt pfd	85
Missouri Pacific	76	North American	94
M., K. & Texas	28⅜	Pacific Coast	63
M., K. & T. pfd	62	Pacific Mail	43¾
N. J. Central	152	People's Gas	103¾
N. Y. Central	152⅜	P. Steel Car	30¾
Norfolk & W	35⅜	P. S. Car pfd	78
N. & W. pfd	83	Pull. Palace Car	227
North. Pac. pfd	94½	Republic Steel	9⅝
Ontario & W	33¾	Republic Steel pfd	68
Pennsylvania	144⅞	Sugar	113¾
Reading	49¾	Tenn. Coal & I	40½
Reading 1st pfd	78¾	Tenn. Coal & I	90
Reading 2d pfd	61¼	Union Bag pfd	77¾
St. Louis & S. F	41⅞	U. S. Leather	12
St. L. 1st pfd	78	U. S. L. pfd	83
St. L. 2d pfd	68⅜	U. S. Rubber	24
St. Louis. S. W	28½	U. S. R. pfd	59
St. L. S. W. pfd	58	U. S. Steel	42¼
St. Paul	158¾	U. S. Steel pfd	86⅝
St. Paul pfd	185	Western Union	91⅛

*Ex-dividend.
Total sales for the day, 663,200 shares.

Bond List.

U. S. R. 2s reg	100	L. & N. Un. 4s	103⅝
U. S. R. 2s coup	100	Mex. Cen. 4s	84⅜
U. S. 3s reg	107¼	Mex. C. 1st inc	34
U. S. 3s coup	108	Minn. & St. L. 4s	102
U. S. n. 4s reg	139	M., K. & T. 4s	93
U. S. n. 4s coup	139	M., K. & T. 2d 4s	81
U. S. old 4s reg	112	N. Y. C. 1st	109¾
U. S. old 4s coup	113	N. Y. C. G. 5s	107
U. S. 5s reg	107⅜	N. J. C. Gen. 5s	130¼
U. S. 5s coup	107⅞	N. Y. Cent. 3½	101
Atchison, Gen. 4s	101¾	N. Y. Gas 5s	75⅝
Atchison, Adj. 4s	87¾	N. & W. Con. 4s	107
B. & O. 4s	102	Reading Gen. 4s	91¾
B. & O. 5½s	113¾	St. L. & I. M. 5s	111½
B. & O. Conv. 4s	107¾	St. L. & S. F. 4s	96⅛
Can. So. 2ds	107	St. L., S. W. 1sts	98¾
Cent. of Ga. 5s	106⅝	St. L., S. W. 2ds	74
C. of G. 1st Inc	73	St. Louis, A. & T. 4s	93
C. & O. 4½s	104½	So. Pacific 4s	82
C. & Alton 3½s	84½	So. Railway 5s	117¾
C., B. & Q. n. 4s	97⅞	T. & P. 1sts	119
C., R. I. & P. 4s	103¾	T. & P. 2ds	83
C. & N. W. 5s	132¾	Union Pacific 4s	105¾
C., R. I. & P. 4s	106	U. P. Conv. 4s	108¾
C. C. C. & St. L.	103	Wabash 1sts	114¾
Chicago Ter. 4s	93½	Wabash Deb. A	60
Colo. & So. 4s	97⅜	Wabash Deb. B	33½
D. & R. G. 4s	102¾	West Shore 4s	113¾
Erie prior lien 4s	97⅞	W. & L. E. 4s	98
Erie, Gen. 4s	73¾	Wis. Cen. 4s	89½
Fort Worth 1sts	102½	Con. Tob. 4s	65½
Hock. Val. 4½s	106¾		

Boston Stocks and Bonds.

Money—		Union Pacific	97⅜
Call loans	3½@4½	West End	93
Time loans	4@5	W. Electric	70
Bonds—		Bonds—	
A., T. & S. F.	77⅜	N. E. G. & C. 5s	84
Atchison pfd	94¼	Mining shares—	
Am. Sugar	113⅜	Adventure	24½
Am. Sugar pfd	120¾	Bingham	30
Boston Elevated	160	Amal. Copper	89⅝
Boston & Maine	192	C. & Hecla	635@650
Dominion Coal	44½	Centennial	21
Dominion Coal pfd	117¾	Franklin	13⅝
U. S. Steel	42¾	Humboldt	5
U. S. Steel pfd	89¾	Osceola	101½
Fitchburg pfd	142	Parrot	41¾
Gen. Electric	254	Quincy	140
N. E. G. & C.	5⅛	Santa Fe Copper	5
Old Colony	206½	Utah Mining	24⅜
Rubber	14¾	Bonds—	98
Old Dominion	20¾	Wolverine	83½

London Financial Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: "The better feeling in the stock market continues, although trading is quiet. The American department attracted the most attention today, dealings in that group steadily increasing in volume, developing into a burst of activity on the street after the close of business. In the forward group Canadian stocks, particularly Norfolk and Western, led, with Atchison and Union Pacific also popular. The bear contingent here is rapidly taking to cover, apparently looking upon the campaign for lower prices as exhausted. Money on call, 1 per cent."

New York Money.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Money on call closed steady at 3@3½, per cent.; last loan, 3 per cent.; ruling rate, 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange strong, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.84¼ for demand and at 4.81½ for sixty days. Posted rates, 4.84½@4.85 and 4.86½@4.87. Commercial bills, 4.83@4.83½. Bar silver, 57⅜. Mexican dollars, 46¾. Bonds, government, strong; State, inactive; railroad, strong.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Today's statement of the treasury balances shows: Available cash balance, $174,661,617; gold, $100,904,891.

London Silver.

LONDON, Oct. 10.—Consols, 90¼; silver, 26 11-16.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Wheat showed a slight improvement at the opening in response to the steady tone of other cashes. Liverpool and Paris were depressed, but not in keeping with the decline of 1 cent here yesterday. The scarcity of offerings here also tended to give December a better tone, and it opened a shade lower to a shade higher at 69¾@69¾. The market was poorly supported, however, and influenced by the early easy feeling in corn, December sagged to 69¼. From this point, pending the government report, there were only narrow fluctuations, save a slight reaction in sympathy with a flurry in corn, and December closed steady, a shade lower, at 69¾. Apprehension of an increase in the government crop report, together with lower cables and liberal receipts, had a depressing effect on corn early, but it steadied on uneasiness among bears. December closed steady, unchanged, at 54¾. Oats fluctuated only ¼ and were pronouncedly dull; December closed steady, ¼ higher, at 25¾. A slight early dullness was imparted to provisions early in the day on a report of firmer hog market, but the same liquidation for the outside account continues to depress products generally. January pork and ribs closed 5c depressed; lard, 2½c lower.

The leading futures closed as follows:

Wheat, No. 2—	Closing.
October	67¾@67¾
December	69¾
May	72¾@73¾
Corn, No. 2—	
October	55
December	56¾
May	57¾
Oats No. 2—	
October	24¾
December	25¾
May	27¾

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour was steady; No. 2 spring wheat, 67¼@68; No. 3 red, 69@70; No. 2 yellow corn, 56¾@56¾; No. 2 oats, 25¾; No. 2 white, 27¼@28¼; No. 3 white, 26@26; fair to choice malting barley, 45@57; No. 1 flax seed, 1.42; No. 1 northwestern, 1.47; prime timothy seed, 5.50@5.60; mess pork, per bbl, 13.75@13.80; lard, per 100 lbs., 8.42½@8.45; short ribs, sides (loose), 8.90@9.00; dry salted shoulders (boxed), 7¾@8¼; short clear sides (boxed), 8.60@8.90; whisky, basis of high wines, 1.30; clover, contract grade, 8.25.

Grain Movements.

Articles—	Receipts.	Shipments
Flour, barrels	23,000	15,000
Wheat, bushels	250,000	12,000
Corn, "	343,000	52,000
Oats, "	227,000	51,000
Rye, "	1,000	1,000
Barley, "	82,000	2,000

On the Produce Exchange today the butter market was steady; creamery, 14@21½; dairy, 18@19; cheese, 9¾@10¾. Eggs, firm; fresh, 27½.

Closing Figures.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Close: Wheat—October, 67¾@67¾; December, 69¾. Corn—October, 55; December, 56¾. Oats—October, 24¾; December, 25¾. Pork—October, 12.75; January, 14.92½. Lard—October, 8.42½; January, 8.50. Ribs—October, 8.37½; January, 7.85.

New York Metal Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Much to the surprise of the local copper trade, pricing advanced about 12½ points today, and jobbers were ready buyers of supplies for immediate use. At the close, spot was firm at 16⅝@17 for lake and 16½@16¾ for casting. At London, copper prices opened a shade higher, but later eased off and closed unchanged from the previous night's close, £73 15s for spot and £63 5s for futures. Tin was easier locally at 24.12½@24.50. Spot tin at London was 10s higher, while futures were 12s 6d lower. Lead was unchanged at home and abroad. Spelter advanced five points again today on local buying, which closed the market firm at 4.30@ 4.35. London was dull at £17 2s 6d. Domestic iron markets were steady and unchanged. Glasgow was unchanged; clged at 54s 6d, and Middlesboro at 54s 6d.

New York General Markets.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Wheat, spot; steady; options closed unchanged, but steady; May closed 73⅛; October, 73½; December, 72⅜. Hops, steady. Hides, steady. Wool, dull. Coffee, spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice, 6¾; mild, quiet; Cordova, 7¾. Coffee, futures closed steady, 5 to 5½ points net higher; sales, 80,750 bags, including: October, 5.15@5.20; November, 5.20@5.25; December, 5.35@5.40; January, 5.35@5.45; May, 5.70@5.80; August, 5.95. Sugar, raw steady; fair refining, 3 5-16; centrifugal, 96 test, 3⅝.

California Dried Fruit.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—There was a fair jobbing demand for evaporated apples today, with choice and fancy grades holding the chief attention. State, common to good, 6@ 8; prime, 8½; choice, 9; fancy, 9¼@9½. California dried fruits were dull, but steady. Prunes, 3½@7. Apricots, Royal, 5¼@18; Moorpark, 9@12. Peaches, peeled, 11@15; unpeeled, 6@9.

New York Dairy Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Butter—Receipts, 3401 packages; barely steady; steady dairy, 14@ 21; creamery, 15@22; June creamery, 20@21½; factory, 12½@13½. Eggs—Receipts, 6850 packages; firm; western candled, 21@21½; uncandled, 17@21.

New York Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The market for cotton futures started off today with prices up 10 to 13 points in sympathy with strong English cables, and closed steady, 13@18 points higher.

St. Louis Wool Market.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 10.—Wool quiet; Territory and western mediums, 14@16½; fine, 11@15½; coarse, 12@13.

Portland Wheat Market.

PORTLAND, Oct. 10.—Wheat, Walla Walla, 52½@53; valley and blue stem, 54.

Tacoma Wheat Market.

TACOMA (Wash.) Oct. 10.—Wheat quiet; blue stem, 53½; club, 52½.

Oil Transactions.

OIL CITY (Pa.) Oct. 10.—Credit balances, 1.30; certificates, no bid.

Liverpool Cotton.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 10.—Cotton, uplands, 4 27-32d.

EASTERN LIVE-STOCK MARKET.

OMAHA CLOSING PRICES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

OMAHA, Oct. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 2800; steady; native beef steers, 4.50@4.15; western steers, 3.75@5.10; Texas steers, 3.50@4.00; cows and heifers, 2.75@4.50; canners, 1.25@2.80; stockers and feeders, 2.50@4.35; calves, 3.00@ 6.00; bulls, stags, etc., 2.00@4.00. Hogs—Receipts, 6900; steady; heavy, 6.10@6.20; mixed, 6.10@6.15; lights, 6.05@6.15; pigs, 5.50@6.00; bulk of sales, 6.10@6.15. Sheep—Receipts, 1700; strong, active; wethers, 3.60@3.85; ewes, 3.50 @3.10; common and mixed sheep, 2.75@3.25; lambs, 3.50@4.00.

Chicago Live-stock Market.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 9000, including 1000 Texans and 750 westerns; all good fat steers strong; everything else dull and lower; good to prime steers, 4.50@4.85; poor to medium, 3.50@4.50; stockers and feeders, 2.00@4.25; cows and heifers, 1.25@4.00; canners, 1.25@2.25; bulls, 1.75@4.75; calves, 2.50 @6.25; Texas steers, 2.90@3.75; western steers, 3.00@4.25. Hogs—Receipts today, 15,000; tomorrow, 15,000; left over, 4000; slightly stronger for good; steady for packers; mixed butchers', 6.00@6.40; good to choice heavy, 6.20@6.40; rough heavy, 6.15@6.25; lights, 6.15@6.35; bulk of sales, 6.00@6.30. Sheep—Receipts, 12,000; strong to 10c higher; fair to choice mixed, 3.00@3.50; western sheep, 3.75@4.40; native lambs, 3.50@5.10; western lambs, 3.25@4.80.

Kansas City Live-stock Market.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 8000, including 1000 Texans; strong; native beef steers, 4.75@5.50; Texan and Indian steers, 2.75@3.65; Texan cows, 2.00@3.85; native cows and heifers, 2.00@3.50; stockers and feeders, 2.25@4.00; bulls, 2.25@3.85; calves, 3.00 @5.25. Hogs—Receipts, 1600; steady; 5c higher; bulk of sales, 6.10@6.45; heavy, 6.40@6.50; packers, 6.35@6.45; medium, 6.10@6.45; light, 6.00@6.40; pigs, 5.00@6.00. Sheep—Receipts, 2000; strong; muttons, 3.75@ 4.25; lambs, 3.75@4.80; western wethers, 3.30@ 3.85; ewes, 2.75@3.25; stockers and feeders, 2.00 @3.25.

Denver Live-stock Market

DENVER, Oct. 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 90; steady; beef steers, 3.25@4.35; cows, 1.75@2.50; feeders, freight paid to river, 3.15@4.15; stockers, freight paid, 2.00@4.00; bulls, stags, etc., 2.00@3.25. Hogs—Receipts, 300; 10c lower; light packers, 5.90@6.00; mixed, 6.00@6.10; heavy, 6.15@6.20. No sheep.

Drafts and Silver.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 10.—Silver bars, 57¾; Mexican dollars, 47@47½; drafts—sight, 5; telegraph, 7½.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

THURSDAY, Oct. 10, 1901.

John Andrews and Hattie A Andrews to Ida Kinder Lewis, lot 8, block 112, Long Beach, $1500.

A J de Berry and Bettie de Berry to Carrie E Gates, lot 6, Walker tract, $900.

Mary E Bedker to Fannie Wardner, lot 33, block A, Beach's subdivision, $10.

Mrs Mary Lodemia Burdick to George A Cortelyou, part lots 23, 30 and 31, West End Terrace tract, $10.

Frank S Craig and Ada M Craig to A W Dickinson, lots 6 and 8, block 57, Long Beach, $750.

William A Wier and Lewis Wier to William McDonald, part lots 13, 14 and 15, Ball's Homestead Place, $10.

Title Insurance and Trust Company to John W Perkins, reconveyance of trust property.

John W Perkins and Effie M Perkins to John H Foster, lot 4, block 5, Whittier, $200.

George H Bixby, trustee of Bank of Long Beach, and Bank of Long Beach to Ellen M Adams, lots 1 and 2, block 12, Long Beach.

Ellen M Adams to W L Campbell and Josiah Sharp, lots 1 and 2, block 12, Long Beach, $10.

Geraldine Gray Rutam to Mary E Fitzgerald, undivided one-half lot 1, Carr tract, $1000.

Mary E Kinne and Albert W Kinne to A E Teague, lot 2, block 5, Alvarado Heights tract, $2400.

Southern California Savings Bank to J Hamilton Thurston, lot 3, block 7, Wilshire Boulevard tract, $1350.

E S Hubbard to John S Sampson, Jr, lot 12, Shafer & Towa tract, $10.

Reuben H Lloyd to Ferd K Rule, lot 33 and part lot 32, Del Valle's subdivision, $10.

Ferd K Rule to Nathaniel W Myrick, lot 32 and part lots 33 and 34, Del Valle's subdivision, $10.

Edwin H Dalton and Hattie E Dalton to W J O'Brien, 10 acres at northeast corner Naomi and Washington streets, $3500.

W J O'Brien to M E Frame, same, $10.

Thomas S Wadsworth and Mary A Wadsworth, Clara E Kirk, C F Kirk to Pannie G Kerns, part lots 2 and 3, Warner tract, $4500.

Emma W Curtis to Wesley Wright, lot 23, Josefa's subdivision, $10.

A E Pomeroy and C D Howry to Sarepta S Hass, lot 8, block 11, Fairmount tract, $1.

Same to same, blocks 307 and 308, Maclay Rancho, $1.

Los Angeles Storage, Commission and Lumber Company to Nellie Duncan, lot 11, block 7, Foothill tract, $1.

Ella Walker to W H Loomis, lot 2, Kirk's subdivision, $10.

James L Howland to J W Goodwin, lot 7, Banbury's subdivision, $5.

John D Ross and Isabella K Ross to Eunice Groom, lot 11, Eaton's subdivision, $815.

William W Anderson and Frances A Anderson to Mrs L J Williams, lots 43 and 44, Wic

San Bernardino, Riverside, Santa Barbara and Ventura Counties.

BRAKEBEAM TOURIST KILLED AT COLTON.

NO CLEW TO IDENTITY OF THE MANGLED REMAINS.

Norton Murder Case Goes to the Jury at San Bernardino—Ralphs-Boehm Wedding—Contract Let for Hotel Raymond Upholstery.

SAN BERNARDINO, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Correspondent.] Coroner Thompson held an inquest today on the mangled remains of an unknown man, who was run over and killed by an east-bound Southern Pacific freight train at an early hour this morning, near the east limits of the city of Colton.

He had evidently fallen from a brakebeam on the freight train, and was crushed to death beneath the wheels. The left foot and right arm were torn from the body and carried away on one of the car trucks.

The deceased was about 45 years of age. There was nothing on his person to afford a clew to his identity. He had spent yesterday at Colton looking for work. At the home of a Mrs. Spence he had chopped some wood in return for a meal.

NORTON MURDER TRIAL.

The case of W. D. Norton, charged with shooting and killing a man named Sherry in a Needles restaurant, on the second of last May, went to the jury late this afternoon, in Judge Oster's court. The testimony was concluded yesterday, and today was devoted to the arguments. Dist.-Atty. Curtis and Deputy Duckworth speaking for the prosecution, and Attorneys Hight and Swing for the defense. The defendant was on the stand yesterday afternoon, and made a good witness. His story was that he had shot Sherry in self-defense, while the latter was approaching him with a knife in hand.

RALPHS-BOEHM.

Richard Albert Ralphs and Miss Belle Boehm were united in marriage last evening at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. T. C. Boehm, Tenth and G streets. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. C. Rollins, in the presence of a large number of invited guests. The floral decorations were elaborate. Following the ceremony a wedding supper was served, after which the bride and groom were driven to their new home on West Fourth street.

FORTUNATE FIRM.

The local firm of R. H. Bryant & Co. has been awarded the contract for supplying the new Raymond Hotel at Pasadena with 400 hair mattresses, together with the upholstering of the hostelry. When the first Raymond Hotel was built, fourteen years ago, Mr. Bryant secured a similar contract, and his work was so satisfactory that Walter Raymond gave him the new contract.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

The remains of Mrs. Angeline Carter, who died yesterday at the home of her son-in-law, William Stewardson, in Los Angeles, were brought here today for interment. The funeral will take place at 2 o'clock Friday afternoon from the residence of T. O. Carter. The service will be conducted by Rev. Will A. Knighten of Los Angeles.

Sarah F. Anderson has brought suit for divorce against Francis M. Anderson. Malinda J. Magill has instituted divorce proceedings against John M. Magill.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Felter celebrated their fifty-fifth wedding anniversary yesterday. They were married at Cincinnati, October 8, 1846.

Mrs. H. H. Baker of Chino, and Mrs. H. M. Pritchard of Santa Barbara are guests at the home of Mrs. J. H. Laurance.

Seven vagrants arrested yesterday were given floaters by Recorder Goodlett. All claimed to be working men.

Mrs. H. Newman and son left yesterday for Marysville, N. D.

W. D. Wagner left today on a vacation trip to San Francisco.

Ferdinand Kohl left today for his home in Centralia, Ill.

REDLANDS.

THIEVING SOLDIER DISGRACED.

REDLANDS, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Excitement at the Armory was at high pitch last night when a squad of soldiers brought in Guy Dutro, a member of Co. G, N.G.C., who stole the company medal on September 11. Capt. Higbey had his company in line at attention, and, placing the guilty man where he could be seen by all members of the company, delivered a speech denouncing Dutro as a thief, and handed him his discharge from the company in dishonor. He was further instructed by the captain not to let his presence darken the doors of the armory again.

OLD LADY INJURED.

Mrs. S. F. Rhodes, aged 71 years, mother of H. J. Rhodes, was seriously injured Wednesday evening. She was just about to get on a street car which had stopped for her, when a boy about 12 years old came along on a bicycle and collided with her. She was picked up in an unconscious condition and carried to her home near by, where it was found that her hip was dislocated. The boy was thrown violently from his wheel and sustained painful but not serious injuries.

REDLANDS BREVITIES.

An invitation to visit Redlands, and go over the McKinley drive, was sent to J. Pierpont Morgan and party today by the Board of Trade.

A meeting of Sapphire Rebekah Lodge, No. 185, was held at McGinness Hall last evening. Mrs. Lee Wilmarth, Noble Grand, presided. After the meeting an entertainment and banquet was given.

The Young People's Society of the First Presbyterian Church gave a social in the chapel last night. There was a short musical programme and reading by Miss Mary Gray, after which games were played and refreshments served.

Word has just been received from Rev. Frederick F. Johnson, who was expected here on Friday, that his brother was taken sick at Colorado Springs, and that it is very doubtful if he will be able to fill his pulpit on Sunday next.

The excursion, given to holders of tickets to the Episcopal convention, arrived from Los Angeles this morning. There were forty-five passengers who took advantage of this trip. After a drive over the principal parts of Redlands the party left for Riverside.

Mrs. John W. Edwards arrived today from an extended northern tour.

Mrs. D. R. McClure of Spokane, Wash., is visiting Mrs. William Holloway on Eureka street.

ONTARIO.

NEWS BREVITIES.

ONTARIO, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The Southern Pacific Company has men at work doing the necessary grading for the laying of a spur, which is to be 400 feet in length, from the main track, east of the Southern Pacific depot, running west to the north side of the California Fruit Company's Cannery.

Mrs. Louisa Haasis this week sold her five-acre grove on West Fifth street to William Ramige of Rockwells, Iowa, consideration $4500. Mrs. Haasis has purchased of A. Piddington, a two-and-one-half-acre lot and two houses, corner of Euclid avenue and I street.

A. Piddington has purchased of Fred Petri, a house and lot on West B street.

Rev. Ralph B. Larkin, H. G. Cooley, G. G. Laidlow and C. E. Harwood of the First Congregational Church of Ontario, are attending the State Association meeting of the Congregational churches at San Diego.

Work has been begun on the new residence of W. L. Malone, between C and D streets, on Euclid avenue.

Part of the furniture has arrived for the new Hotel Royal, which is to be opened soon.

Rev. George W. Taylor and wife of Riverside are holding a series of evangelistic meetings at the new Baptist Church building, corner Euclid avenue and E street. The attendance is large.

RIVERSIDE.

BAPTIST CONVENTION CLOSES.

RIVERSIDE, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The closing sessions of the tenth annual meeting of the Santa Ana Baptist Association were held today at the Baptist Church, with a large attendance. The doctrinal sermon was preached in the afternoon by Rev. Myron Cooley. Among the other speakers of the day were Rev. Dr. A. J. Frost of Los Angeles, Rev. M. B. Shaw of San Bernardino, Rev. N. C. Hanson and T. C. Curtis, San Bernardino; Mrs. E. A. Bell and Rev. J. Herndon Garnett of Santa Ana, E. T. Sanford of Corona, Rev. Henry Shellenberger of Santa Ana, Rev. Dr. C. H. Hobart of Pasadena, Rev. Dr. T. G. Brownson, president of California College; Rev. Dr. W. F. Taylor, J. T. Lawler and G. S. Wilson of Riverside. Rev. J. D. P. Hungate acted as moderator and Rev. M. B. Shaw as secretary and treasurer.

COUNTY AFFAIRS.

County Auditor Clancy filed his annual report yesterday, showing the county receipts and disbursements for the past fiscal year. The total cash receipts amounted to $379,260.52, which, added to the cash balance on hand at the beginning of the year, of $90,624.74, made a total of $469,885.26. The total expenditures, including the State Treasurer's account, school warrants, bonds and interest paid, the State land account and outstanding warrants, amounted to $378,809.27, leaving a balance of $91,075.99 available cash on hand and outstanding warrants amounting to $2757.76.

The Supervisors yesterday made the following awards for county supplies for the coming year: Stationery, J. M. Drake; groceries, I. A. Witherspoon; drugs, J. D. Setterell; meat, J. C. Stege; burial, Stephen Squire; coal and wood, A. N. Younglove, Bantz & Ray. All bids on clothing were rejected.

The expense of the County Horticultural Commission for September amounted to $924.61. Twelve inspectors were employed. Over 1110 acres were inspected, on which 1613 trees were found to be infected with injurious pests of one kind and another.

The County Hospital expenses for September were $994.95, making an average daily cost of 95 cents for each patient.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

Commencing next Sunday night the Victoria Hill car leaving town at 10:15 o'clock will be discontinued.

The baseball game at Athletic Park tomorrow afternoon between the doctors and lawyers, for the benefit of the Salvation Army Thanksgiving dinner fund, will be called at 2:30 o'clock.

A CURIOUS study of the operations of the intellect of animals as well as that of man is being carried on at Harvard University. This study is the subject of an interesting article which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

THE STORY of the rise of Skagway, Alaska, will be told by a competent writer in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

SANTA BARBARA.

TOUR OF INSPECTION.

SANTA BARBARA, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] President Carter of the United Electric Gas and Power Company was in town yesterday and piloted a committee of citizens, which consisted of some members of the Chamber of Commerce and the City Council, around the city on a tour of inspection of the properties of the company. A special trip was made over the entire car line, and the bath-house and new power-house were thoroughly looked over, after which the committeemen were the guests of the company at lunch at the Arlington.

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES.

Materials have been ordered for the roundhouse, which is to be erected near the Mason-street depot in this city, and a short time will see the work well under way.

The steamer Santa Rosa sailed for San Francisco last night at 6 o'clock with twelve passengers from this port.

Ronald Thomas has been elected president of the Humane Society for this year. Other officers are William Oothout, vice-president; Dr. E. T. Balch, secretary, and Dr. Vaughn, treasurer.

A Pennsylvania Railroad excursion party of over one hundred people arrived in the city late yesterday afternoon on a special train, and will be here two or three days. The train is composed of four new Pullmans, a dining car, and a baggage car, and the party has remained right with the train ever since starting.

A civil-service examination for clerk and carrier positions in the postoffice will be held here November 20.

Capt. Smith of Carpinteria and H. F. Maguire of this city went north on the Santa Rosa last night.

The gasoline schooner Santa Cruz came over yesterday afternoon from Santa Cruz Island, bringing several Italian laborers.

Hugh Vail and Mr. Hamsch have gone over the mountains on a hunting trip.

The Kelso family, who have been in the city for some time at the trial of William Kelso, left for their home in Tulare this afternoon.

There was a large attendance at the organ recital in Trinity Church last night, which was given by Lewis Thwaites the new organist. In addition to the selections on the organ, there were two violin solos and several vocal numbers, all of which were well rendered.

C. C. Knight has returned from San Diego, having made the round trip on the Santa Rosa.

Mrs. Fred Canfield has gone to Oakland, where she will remain for some time, visiting her parents.

E. P. Dunn of the Arlington and George Edwards, president of the Commercial Bank, went to Los Angeles yesterday.

Dr. George A. White and wife, and Walter Hunt have returned from Los Angeles.

Frank Barnard, agent of the J. K. Armsby Company in Ventura, is here on business.

E. M. Pomeroy, soliciting agent of the Pennsylvania lines, with headquarters in San Francisco, was in the city yesterday.

SANTA MARIA.

RICH COPPER OUTCROPPINGS.

SANTA MARIA, Oct. 9.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Deposits of copper, which assays show to be quite rich in the croppings, have been discovered in the east end of the valley, not far from Zaca Lake, by Messrs. Fox and Montenero.

Mallard ducks are reported quite plentiful in the lagoons near the ocean in the west end of the valley; also between Santa Ynez and the ocean. Quail also are to be seen in large bevies, and if the law is observed as to the number allotted daily to each huntsman, much sport may be enjoyed throughout the season.

The Santa Maria Game and Fish Protective Association, which was recently organized here by H. T. Payne, president of the State Game Protective Association, is making active preparations for the annual field trials, that are to take place here the coming winter. Dr. H. C. Bagby is president; Walter Elliot, vice-president, and L. J. Morris, secretary, of the local association.

Foreclosure suit has been filed in the Superior Court of Santa Barbara county on the Los Alamos ranch of 5123 acres, for a mortgage of ten years' standing, amounting to $25,000.

By the Superior Court of this county a decree was given, on September 21, in foreclosure of a mortgage for $3210.20, in favor of Martha Dunlap, plaintiff, against R. D. Cook, S. J. Jones, Rudolph and James Devine, defendants, to satisfy which judgment seventy acres of Cook's addition to the town of Santa Maria is to be sold on December 28, by C. U. Armstrong, the commissioner appointed by the court.

Owing to the size of the crop and the lateness of the season, bean raisers are pushing the bean thrashing by working on Sundays and at night by the light of burning bean straw.

With the close of the strike at San Francisco, grain is being rapidly moved forward all along the line of the Pacific Coast Railroad, so as to vacate the warehouses for the bean crop now being thrashed. An addition of 100 feet is being made to the largest of the warehouses at the Santa Maria station, for the incoming crop, and to meet the future yield of the increased acreage.

Mrs. Ney McGuire, wife of I. N. McGuire, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Santa Maria, died of paralysis, after an illness of four hours, at 1 o'clock Tuesday morning. The funeral service was conducted this morning at the family residence by Rev. S. S. Sampson of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

The pipe line, three miles long, laid by the Western Union Oil Company to convey oil from the company's wells to Blake station, has been completed, and the company is now prepared to work the wells to their full capacity.

Henry Stowell has just completed harvesting his apple crop. The Bellflower variety surpasses in beauty and size any apple ever raised in this valley. Jones & Son report also an unusually large crop of apples on the Olive Hill ranch.

Frank Smith and Archibald McNeal have gone to San Francisco, as delegates from the local Foresters' lodge to the Grand Lodge of the State, to be held next week.

Mrs. L. T. Jeter returned on Saturday evening from Lake Park, Iowa, where she was called some time ago by the death of her father.

Mr. and Mrs. Chester Bradley and daughter, Miss Alice, left yesterday for a two weeks' visit among friends in San Francisco.

SANTA PAULA.

SUPERVISOR TOUCHTON DEAD.

SANTA PAULA, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Rufus Touchton, Supervisor for the Santa Paula district, died yesterday morning at 6 o'clock, from a complication of diseases.

Supervisor Touchton was elected two years ago to succeed F. E. Davis, the former Republican incumbent of the office. He was the choice of the Silver Democrats. He consistently fought the saloon interests since first taking his seat as Supervisor, and won the confidence and respect of all parties by his fearless devotion to what he considered right. Formerly Justice of the Peace of Santa Paula, Mr. Touchton proved himself a careful and capable public officer, and his death is considered a loss to the community. The county officials attended his funeral today, in a body. He was a native of Maryland, and had lived in Ventura county for thirty years.

The question of a successor to Supervisor Touchton is not definitely settled. It will remain for Gov. Gage to make the appointment. The temperance people and the whisky interests are each said to have a candidate in view, but nothing tangible can be learned. In case the temperance people have their man named, and the Governor should sustain the petition of the Ojai people to remove D. A. Smith and appoint Gridley as Supervisor from that district, the temperance people would then have a majority in the board, and be able to repeal the license ordinance just passed.

SANTA PAULA BREVITIES.

U. S. Senator Bard spent yesterday in Santa Paula as the guest of Nathan W. Blanchard.

Bean thrashing is in progress. Foggy mornings are delaying the work somewhat. The quality of the product is excellent, and the quantity will justify previous estimates of 450,000 to 500,000 sacks.

The town is almost overrun with hobos. Constable Baker arrested quite a number who had imbibed too much liquid refreshment. The section train of the Southern Pacific recently brought a large number of Mexicans and others to the town to work on the road, and this element has not added anything to the peace and quiet of the community.

VENTURA.

PASSING OF A PIONEER.

VENTURA, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] At noon today, Eugene H. Ireland, a prominent member of the Ventura County Pioneer Society, passed away, aged 50 years. He was an Odd Fellow and a popular citizen. The funeral will take place next Saturday.

SAN LUIS OBISPO.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

SAN LUIS OBISPO, Oct. 9.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] V. H. Woods, W. H. Wright, Adolph Klaw and S. C. Records have been named as delegates to represent this county at the State Miners' Association meeting in San Francisco.

Mrs. Stinson of Des Moines, Iowa, who has been the guest of her brother, Dr. J. H. Seaton, left today for Los Angeles to visit for several weeks.

The City Council has fixed $1.35 as the city tax rate for the next fiscal year. It is a reduction of 15 cents from the rate of the present year.

A. Estudillo had a leg broken today while at work on a ranch near Santa Margarita.

"THE LAND OF OPHIR" is the title of an article which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday. The article relates ni Dr. Karl Peters's own words the story of his wonderful discoveries in Africa.

A NOTED South American diplomat will tell the readers of The Times Magazine the coming Sunday how South American countries manage anarchists.

"DEATH'S GRIM SEQUEL" is the title of an article telling how Uncle Sam disposes of the dead bodies of assassins which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

THE STORY of the rise of Skagway, Alaska, will be told by a competent writer in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

Made Her Young Again

HAIR-HEALTH always brings back the natural and beautiful color of youth to gray, faded or bleached hair. Gives new life and growth to thin hair. Prevents dandruff and baldness. Is not a dye, but a hair food, and positively restores gray hair to its youthful color. A healthful hair dressing (for women and children), its use causes no stain. Mrs. Mason, Nuttallburgh, W. Va., was made young again by

HAY'S HAIR-HEALTH

"Find enclosed $1.00 for which send 6 bottles of Hair-Health. I am delighted with it. Send as per enclosed order. My hair was so gray that I was ashamed for anyone to see me, and had almost concluded to wear a wig, as I thought it would look more natural than gray hair. Your Hair-Health has not only restored the color, but has also stopped my hair from falling out, which was also troubling me. I have recommended it to several friends, and they have also received great benefit from its use. I am pleased to say that I have not had a gray hair since I used your Hair-Health, a gray hair cannot be found on my head and I have not used all of one bottle." LARGE 50c. BOTTLES. AT LEADING DRUGGISTS.

Free Soap Offer Good for a Limited Time Only.

Cut out and sign this coupon in five days, take it to any of the following druggists and they will give you a large bottle of Hay's Hair-Health and a 25c. cake of Hardine's Soap, the best soap for Hair, Scalp, Complexion, Bath and Toilet, both for 50c. Redeemed by leading druggists everywhere at their shops only, or by the Specialties Co., 109 Lafayette St., Newark, N. J., either with or without soap, in plain sealed package on receipt of 50c. and this coupon.

Name.....

Address.....

GUARANTEE Any person purchasing Hay's Hair-Health anywhere in the U. S. or Canada, if not benefited, may have his money back by sending to the Specialties Co., 109 Lafayette St., Newark, N. J. Refuse substitutes. Insist on having Hay's Hair-Health.

Following Druggists supply Hay's Hair-Health and Hardine Soap to coupon holders:

GODFREY & MOORE, 108 S. Spring; DEAN, 2d & Spring; McLAIN & GILL, 2d & Spring; BOSWELL & NOYES, 2d & B'way; SALE & CO., 228 S. Spring; 2d & B'way; OFF & VAUGHN, 4th & Spring; ELLINGTON DRUG CO., 6th & Spring; 2d & Main; YOECKELL, 5th & Main; DeVILLE, 6th & Spring; PARRISH, B'way; LAUX & CO., 231 S. B'way; HEINZEMAN, 127 N. Main; WARD, NATICK PHARMACY, 100 W. First.

PASADENA.

ASBURY G. SMITH, Raymond and Colorado Sts.; WARD & BAILEY, 41

THE TIMES' DAILY STORY.

A BACHELOR'S ROMANCE.

BY HORACE GRANT.

[Published under special arrangement with the S. S. McClure Co., New York.]

I AM a respectable bachelor, and I have respectable lodgings in London. My landlord, my valet and my charwoman will give me a certificate of character at a minute's notice. While my friends have not dubbed me a Miss Nancy, the general opinion is that I did well not to attempt to be a man about town. I am considered guileless and innocent to a surprising degree, and my valet has often taken it upon himself to caution me against the general wickedness of the world. Some masters might think this absurdly presumptuous on the part of a valet, but I simply take it that George has my best interests at heart and feels it a part of his duties to see that I escape the snares and pitfalls which entrap so many confiding men.

During the first week of a certain June ten or twelve years ago, I spent a few days with a relative down in the country of Kent. It was an event in my life to get away, and it was at the time of the murder of Sir James Barfield, whose property was only two miles from the farm where I visited. Sir James was a broken-down gentleman. I mean by that he was 50 years old, in poor health, without money, and had led a fast and vicious life. His reputation was so bad that his existence was ignored by all respectable people. He had never married, and was now living in seclusion on the last of his acres, with three or four servants to attend him.

On the last day but one of my visit I filled my pipe and set out for a walk to the grounds of Sir James Barfield. As I came near the gates I encountered a young woman who seemed to be spying out the lay of the land. I noticed that she was young and fair looking, and that she also seemed to be anxious, but I passed on without giving her much attention. My friends insist that I ought to have halted and entered into conversation with her, and thereby probably prevented what followed, but I argue to the contrary. I had a right to believe that she was one of the servants of the house. If not that, then she was some farmer's daughter keeping tryst, and what right had I to meddle with a love affair? I passed on and left her, and when I returned she was no longer in sight.

Next evening at 8 o'clock I took the train from Beechenbrook for London. This was a small country station, and about a mile from Barfield House. It was my own choice that I walked to the station carrying my portmanteau. There was no one moving about as I passed the gates of Sir James's property, but about a quarter of a mile further on I overtook a youth carrying baggage similar to my own. He was walking at a fast gait and seemingly trying to keep ahead of me. When I bade him good evening he replied in a nervous manner and looked as if he would flee, but the kindliness of my tones evidently reassured him.

"My dear boy," I said as we walked side by side, "you are probably bound on a journey. Does it so happen that you are going up to London?"

"But you won't stop me?" he replied in pleading tones. "I have no parents, I am running away from a cruel master."

"It may not be a wise step," I said as we jogged along, "but I shall certainly not interfere. I ran away myself when I was a lad of 15, and I don't know but what I did the right thing. How old are you?"

"Sixteen, sir."

"You don't seem strong, and it can't be that you have any too much money."

"I've got about a pound, sir. Oh, if you would only help me when we get to the station! Won't you buy my ticket for me? Won't you let me seem to be a relative of yours?"

"And this master of yours—will he try to get you back? I know it is against the law to assist an apprentice to run away."

"He won't follow nor make trouble. I think he'll be glad I left. He cursed and beat me because I could not do the hard work. I was afraid of my life, sir."

When we reached the station the lad sat down on the baggage truck at the far end of the platform, and I got tickets for two before I joined him. The station master was alone and gave us no heed, and when the train came along we were fortunate enough to get a compartment to ourselves. Under the lamplight I had a chance to look my young friend over. He was a slight, slim boy, with a pretty face and a winning way. I noticed that he had small hands and feet and was neat in his dress. I had intended to ask for full particulars of his story when we got settled down on the train, but he was so nervous and diffident that I refrained. I had taken a brotherly interest in the lad, and it naturally followed that I should inquire what he meant to do when we reached London. He replied that he didn't even know the name of a single street, and that he was in fear of what might befall him when we reached the end of our journey.

My lodgings were situated in Little Bascomb street, and were over the shop of a very respectable jeweler. I had the whole floor and kept my own man. Just at this time, however, he was absent on a month's leave, and the thought came into my head to take the boy home with me for a couple of weeks. Even before I knew his name, which he gave as Tommy West, I had made the offer. He seemed reluctant to accept, and it was only after considerable urging that he consented to be my guest, as it were, and then I had to promise that he should not meet my young cousin. Next morning, after a fair night's rest, the boy was somewhat improved in appearance, and I could look a bit like a companion, though I couldn't imagine what people would say at. His hair had been cut in a most awkward way, and he was dressed in his clothes.

I wanted Tommy to have breakfast and see London, but he showed no curiosity on the subject, and only after dark that evening did he leave the house for dinner. Then I told Tommy of my intention to find a place, and thought he would be glad to do so. He did not seem very much pleased, and the four days he was with me were out together on the streets, then only to dinner at home or at the theater. My demeanor toward him was fatherly, as I was determined to gain his confidence, but it seemed to me that he dreaded conversation with me. I tried it whenever possible, but every morning he had disappeared from the house, and for an hour or two after his return he was more mystified than ever. Some secret evidently had been left behind, and I was determined to find out how he had gone and get an explanation had been given.

I was trying to figure out the matter, wondering if I shouldn't be compelled to act when a detective called at my lodgings. In the course of a half an hour the case was up in knots, as it were, and I knew that I left Kent Sir James Barfield had been murdered. I had not even spoken to him with a boy. That boy was said to be a woman in disguise, and the woman's hand that had struck the blow had struck to death. What had become of the boy? He had disappeared, and the first suit behind. Ah! Just then I remembered that I had first changed to the clothes I wore in the portmanteau, as I have already shown, and he had gone off in my dress. I was either a fool or the biggest fool in England. In the latter event I must go with the police and get locked up for a week or two. I was committed to bail, and it was a week or more before they concluded that I was the boy instead of a confederate.

Meanwhile all England was being searched for the girl in disguise, but she was not found. She lived in Kent, and was undoubtedly one of Sir James's former victims. She went down to the grave unavenged, and she accomplished her purpose. She played me that she might get me out of the way, and her plan succeeded. She probably went from Kent to her own home, and in spite of all the efforts the police could make she escaped. My friends declare that I must have had at least a year in prison for being so thick-headed, prejudiced, I am simply a good-natured man, and I only say that I am sorry I gave the pursuit.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE Belt Headache and relieve all the ills incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEADACHE they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick

ACHE In the banes of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Orange County Towns: Santa Ana, Anaheim and Fullerton.

ORANGE COUNTY'S TAXABLE PROPERTY.

AUDITOR ISSUES A STATEMENT ON THE SUBJECT.

Burglary in Trabuca Canyon—Prosperity Smiles on the Peatlands—Celery Crop Gives Promise of Big Profits—Santa Ana Brevities.

SANTA ANA, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The County Auditor has issued a statement detailing the value of taxable property in the county, the computations of the various taxes of State and county divided into valuations, inside and outside of incorporated cities, and showing the divisions of the tax into first and second payments. The statement is as follows:

State and county tax	$147,269.50
Road tax	29,904.86
Special school tax	40,488.87
Santa Ana city tax	31,521.27
Total	$249,184.60

Of this amount $141,612.95 constitutes the first payment and $107,571.65 the amount of the second payment, the personal property tax of $8404.40 being included in the first payment. Value of real estate and improvements, inside, $28,029.45; outside, $66,408.45, making a total of $91,437.90. The amount of personal property and money, inside, is given as $5400.90; outside, $3353.70, or a total of $13,754.60, thus making a grand total value of taxable property of $105,192.50. The total amount of tax for State purposes, inside and outside of incorporated cities, is $50,492.41, and the same for county purposes, $126,681.95, making a total of $177,174.36.

BURGLARY IN TRABUCA.

The home of Mr. Gulick on the old Adkinson place in Trabuca Cañon, was entered recently by a burglar, who stole several articles of clothing as well as a quantity of ammunition and other trifles. A warrant has been issued for "John Doe" and search is being made for an old man who traversed the cañon about two weeks ago, wearing a brace of big revolvers and demanding something to eat at various cabins along the way. It is believed that this man is crazy, and the matter was so reported here at that time, but the officers did not succeed in apprehending him. It is believed now that the alleged "crazy" has gone to Lower California, as he was headed toward San Diego when last seen.

PROSPEROUS PEATLANDS.

There is no more beautiful spot in the county now than the peatlands, where fully two thousand acres of green celery gives employment to a small army of workmen. So far, the season has been quite auspicious, and from present indications this toothsome article will be aboard the cars and en route to the East in less than four weeks. Shipping will then continue for several months until from 1500 to 2000 carloads are sent away. From the active preparations under way for handling the crop, the buyers estimate a heavy yield. The Celery Growers' Association has just completed its new packing-house at Smeltzer, and the Earl Fruit Company is doubling the size of its packing-house at Wintersburg. Shooks for crate-making are already arriving in carload lots. The opening price is announced at 16 cents per dozen, and at these figures there is big money for the growers.

SANTA ANA BREVITIES.

An unknown man called at the office of Dist.-Atty. Williams yesterday and reported that he was being persecuted because of his likeness to Henry Hungerford, alleging that during the past month there had been over forty warrants issued for his arrest. The man is believed to be crazy.

Mrs. C. A. Hunt of this city went to Los Angeles today to meet her sister, Mrs. Argo, and son, Fred, from Illinois. Mrs. Hunt will entertain the visitors a few days in the city, after which they will come to Santa Ana to remain for several weeks.

Mrs. S. C. Bowes of this city will leave tomorrow for San Francisco to attend the sessions of the Grand Lodge, Order of the Eastern Star. Mrs. Bowes is Grand Worthy Matron of the order for California and Nevada.

Another carload of canned fruit was sent East yesterday by the Taylor Canning Company, making a total of four for the season. This company expects to handle at least eight carloads of canned fruit this year.

Harry Walters, who claimed to be from San Diego and en route to San Francisco, was arrested here yesterday as a vagrant and awarded a prize of thirteen days in the County Jail.

J. W. Dinwiddy has forfeited $10 bail by not appearing before Justice of the Peace Willson to answer to a charge of fast and reckless driving on Fourth street while in an intoxicated condition.

Mrs. W. S. Bartley, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. T. O. Hamrick of this city, left yesterday for Los Angeles to visit for a few days before departing for her home in Missouri.

At a called meeting of the board of directors of the Sunset Club last evening the lease for the club headquarters was renewed for three years.

Mrs. F. A. Rice and mother, Mrs. M. C. Barter, went to Los Angeles yesterday to be the guests of friends for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Forgy went to Los Angeles today to visit several days with their son, E. W. Forgy, Esq., and wife.

Mrs. J. T. Alexander and daughter, Josie, of this city are the guests of Mrs. Will Foster in Los Angeles.

Mrs. J. P. Nourse of San Francisco is in the city visiting her parents Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Sylvester.

Ellis Smith of San Bernardino is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Smith, in Tustin.

Dr. W. B. Wall left today for Ventura county to investigate a new oil proposition.

FULLERTON.

GLANDERS AMONG HORSES.

FULLERTON, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] A case of glanders south of Fullerton was reported to Veterinary Surgeon Connoly this week, and he was requested by Supervisor Potter to investigate the case. As soon as he saw the horse he said it had glanders, and ordered it killed. A number of such cases have been reported to Dr. Conoly during the past two months, but so far the Supervisors have done but little to wipe it out. At the present time the county has no veterinary surgeon, and it is said the Supervisors do not want to fill the vacancy because surgeons who have filled the office have overcharged the county for services. Many residents in this end of the county are in favor of having a county veterinary, and think the office should be filled at once, so that some steps can be taken to keep this dangerous disease from spreading.

FULLERTON BREVITIES.

J. C. Sheppard of Fullerton has been awarded a sub-contract for grading five miles of roadbed for the Salt Lake road in the San Gabriel Valley.

Miss Ida Salveson is attending the Southern California University at Los Angeles.

Supervisor Potter, Roadmaster Hunter and the City Trustees of Anaheim went to Chino yesterday to look over the oiled roads of that section. It is reported that steps will be taken at once to oil the streets of Anaheim and some of the roads in the Fullerton and Anaheim districts.

C. E. Holcomb and George Case are shipping a carload of lumber and furniture to their place near Indio, where they will engage in raising and shipping vegetables. They will commence the erection of a cottage on their property out there next week.

Jake Berlin is building a five-room addition to his residence here.

C. C. Chapman shipped four carloads of late oranges East this week. He is receiving high prices for this fruit.

The first carload of Fullerton walnuts was shipped East this week by the Golden Belt Association of Fullerton. The Fullerton Association will send out its first carload today or tomorrow.

Croner & Lots have been awarded a contract to erect a $1000 cottage for E. C. Culmer.

Max Hiltscher, Sam Porter and Walter Sproul left yesterday for the Beaumont (Tex.) oil fields.

C. G. Bundy, a newspaper man from Minneapolis, Minn., and son are in town for a few weeks.

TUSTIN.

SERIES OF ENTERTAINMENTS.

TUSTIN, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] A course of five entertainments will be given in the Tustin Presbyterian Church during the winter months, beginning next week. Lectures will be given by Elijah Powell Brown, Maurice R. Walton and Robert S. Boyne. The artists engaged are Miss Will Allen Dromgoole and Miss Anna Virginia Metcalfe.

TUSTIN BREVITIES.

Mrs. J. C. Lamd has returned from a visit of several days with friends in Los Angeles.

Miss Lida Holderman has returned from a visit with relatives in Los Angeles.

Miss Ida Higgins has returned to her home in Los Angeles after a visit of several days with relatives in Tustin.

Rev. G. C. Butterfield was installed as pastor of the Tustin Presbyterian Church this evening, Revs. William S. Young, H. K. Walker and D. R. Colmery of Los Angeles, and Rev. Alexander Parker of Orange, officiating.

Mrs. Caroline Fox, who recently returned from San Diego, is seriously ill at the home of her son, C. W. Fox.

Perry Lewis of Tustin is visiting friends in Los Angeles for a week.

ANAHEIM.

PROSPECTIVE RANCH DEAL.

ANAHEIM, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Correspondent.] Gustave Uhrig of New York has been here several days looking at the famous Brookshurst ranch, which has for some time been tangled up in foreclosure proceedings, and he may decide to purchase this valuable orchard property.

Alex Schmidt, a Marysville capitalist, was a guest of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Hatfield this week.

The output of the Orange County Preserving Company here this season has been eighty carloads of canned fruits, apricots, peaches and tomatoes. The output last year was 100 cars, when the cannery made a record run on tomatoes, of which many cars went to the Philippines and Europe.

The young people of Anaheim have organized a tennis court.

John Bancroft of Santa Barbara visited relatives here this week.

BUENA PARK.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

BUENA PARK, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Waltaker arrived home Friday from Chicago, where they have been visiting relatives and friends for the past four months.

Miss Bessie Lombard left here Monday to attend Los Angeles Business College.

Miss Nellie Holliday will leave on the 15th inst. to attend school in Los Angeles.

Dr. Pattee has been appointed pastor of the Methodist Church for the coming year, but owing to some hindrance, will not preach here before October 20. The vacancy of last Sunday was filled by Benjamin Nelson, a university student of Los Angeles. He will preach again next Sunday.

R. C. Archibald left yesterday for a brief stay at Sacramento.

Mrs. T. J. House, who was paralyzed a few weeks ago, is improving, but very slowly. She is now able to move one foot.

FRANK G. CARPENTER will tell the readers of The Times Magazine the coming Sunday all about the way the coffee industry is carried on in Java.

os Angeles County—Its Cities, Towns, Villages, Resorts and Suburban Places.

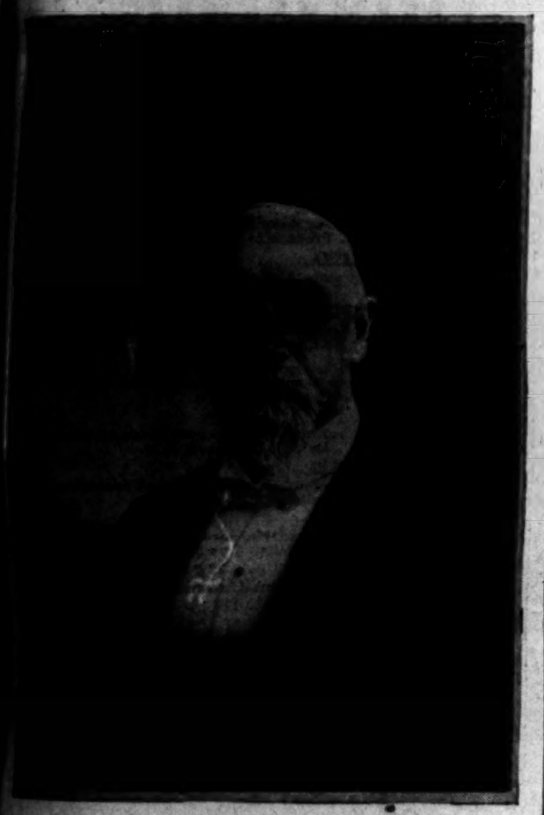
ONTINENT PASADENAN DIES UNEXPECTEDLY.

Y, HUGUS PASSES AWAY IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Stood High in Philanthrophy, ...ch and Finance—Sylvester Mc-ery Celebrating Again—Death of ...Scudder—Pasadena Brevities.

ASADENA, Office of The Times, No. outh Raymond avenue, Oct. 10.— The Times Resident Corre-dent.] John W. Hugus died at t noon today in San Francisco. news, telegraphed to President k C. Bolt of the San Gabriel Val-Bank by Rev. William MacCor-k, rector of all Saints' Episcopal rch, this afternoon, was a great prise, even to relatives of the dead

, and Mrs. Hugus went to San ncisco a short time ago, Mr. Hugus ng been suffering a little from in-za, brought on by heart trouble, dentring a cooler climate. He was regarded as a sick man, however, a letter received by Mr. Bolt, Mrs. e's father, only yesterday, stated he was feeling very well. He un-t a slight operation on account emorrhoids, at a hospital in San



JOHN W. HUGUS.

...ncisco, but that is not thought to ...ve had anything to do with his ...th.

...Hugus and Rev. Mr. MacCor-..., who is attending the Episcopal ...ention, were with him at the time ...e sudden calling. Mr. Bolt ar-...d to go north tonight, but a later ...m was received, stating that ...Hugus would leave San Fran-...o tonight with the body.

...announcement of Mr. Hugus's ...caused much sorrow in Pasadena. ...e was not only an upright and ...ionally successful business man, ...also a philanthropist. Besides his ...erable small charities, he has ...n for many years a generous giver ...All Saints' Church. He recently ...ed $15,000 to Throop Institute, ...e to the Pasadena Hospital and $500 ...the Pasadena Y.M.C.A. All his gifts ...e been made in an unostentatious ...ner, but after he had made careful in-...igations as to the merits of the ...e. He helped many individuals in ...is manner, the number of whom ...never be known, as he seldom ...ed of his good deeds.

...Hugus was born sixty-four years ...Pennsylvania, of French Hugue-...ot. He was a poor boy and left ...ery young to seek his fortune ...West. He had received not even ...mon-school education, but ...by himself at odd hours. His ...t was at the printing trade, ...he went west he engaged in ...starting with a sutler's store ...ary post. Gradually he worked ...his business of furnishing mules ...essels to the government, and ...ut to army contracting in gen-...by which he became wealthy. The ...Hugus Mercantile Company was ...ed by him, with headquarters at ...Wyo., and stores in different ...s in that state and Colorado. He ...for a number of years president ...the First National Bank of Raw-...

...e came to this city sixteen years ...and bought and sold considerable ...estate during the boom of 1886 and ...Thereby spending much of his ...time attending to his business in Wyo-...ming and Colorado, he called Pasadena ...home, and was always prominent ...in the progress of the city. He was a ...director of the San Gabriel Valley ...Bank, a trustee of Throop Institute and ...a member of the vestry of All Saints' ...Church at the time of his death. He ...owned a great deal of property in Pasa-...dena, being part owner of the Hugus-...Bolt block on West Colorado street. ...About twelve years ago he built a ...fine home on his large ranch, corner of ...Orange Grove and Mountain street, two ...miles northeast of the city, where he ...has resided.

...Mr. Hugus was married three times, ...his two surviving wives being to Miss Blanche ...Bolt two years ago. His widow and ...seven children survive him. His chil-...dren are Mrs. Nellie Caldwell of ...Pasadena, Miss Louise Hugus, who ...is now in Los Angeles, and Mrs. Albert ...Carroll of Boston.

CHURCH CELEBRATING AGAIN.

Reverend McCrory of Oakland avenue has treated his wife so badly that she has erected a tent in the back yard, in which she sleeps when her husband is on one of his drunken tears. Tonight Mrs. McCrory is sleeping in the house and McCrory slumbers in jail. Last night nobody in the family slept. McCrory came home with a jag and raised such a dust that his eldest daughter swore to a complaint and had him arrested today. When the police went to take him they found him lying on a bed without springs, his feet cocked on a pile of bedclothes. Doors and windows were at half-mast, and his family were hovering about in such a frame of mind that the husband and father might have been some sort of wild animal that had broken away from a menagerie and entered the house by mistake for a cage. He was given a sentence of sixty days a year ago by Justice Klamroth, with the understanding that if the malady recurred the dose would be doubled. So it is likely that his wife's tent will be for rent during a good part of the tourist season.

M. E. PIPE ORGAN HERE.

The handsome new pipe organ of the Methodist Episcopal Church has arrived and will be set up at once. It is one of the largest and finest in the State. It will take two or three weeks to set up the organ. When it is placed, the new church will be opened to the congregation. As yet only the Sunday-school has been accessible, the main portion of the church being left unfinished in order that the big organ may be put into place. Prof. Alfred Lough, the director of music of the church, will look after the work of setting the organ up. Prof. Lough has about completed his quartette and choir of fifty voices.

MRS. SCUDDER'S DEATH.

Mrs. R. H. Scudder of No. 567 Galena avenue, died this afternoon, very suddenly. Mrs. Scudder has suffered for years with heart trouble, but was no worse this morning. Toward noon she became ill, and grew rapidly worse. Her husband and four children survive her. The children are Rhodin H. Scudder, Jr., a dentist with an office in Los Angeles; Miss Katherine Scudder, who is a well-known singer; Misses Ethel and Jessie, who attend Throop Institute. Mrs. Scudder was 53 years of age, and had resided here for fifteen years.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

Dr. and Mrs. D. H. Greer are visiting Dr. Greer's father, J. R. Greer, of No. 463 North Raymond avenue. Dr. Greer is pastor of St. Bartholomew's Episcopal Church, New York, and came as the guest of J. Pierpont Morgan to this Coast. Dr. and Mrs. Greer will remain here until Sunday. Dr. Greer is expected to preach Sunday at All Saints' Church.

The charges of gambling against the three Chinese arrested several weeks ago, were dismissed by Justice Klamroth today, on motion of City Attorney Willett. The police have decided that the case was not strong enough to secure conviction, in the light of the recent fall-down of the smoking charge against the heathens.

The directors of the Orange Growers' Association, who were chosen the other day, met today and organized by electing J. H. Woodworth, president; Byron Lisk, vice-president; J. F. Jones, secretary; J. E. Jardine, E. L. Farris and Mr. Woodworth, Executive and Auditing Committee.

Ah Sam, a Chinese washerman, left his horse standing unhooked today, and was fined $5. The usual fine is $3, but Sam had committed the offense before, and the lesser fine did not seem sufficient to keep his memory green.

Mrs. Stella M. Hovey, Worthy Matron of the Eastern Star, will leave for San Francisco next Saturday to attend the Grand Lodge. She will be accompanied by Mrs. W. M. Ward, and will be gone about ten days.

C. J. Crandall, photographer of the Sierra Madre Vintage Company, winemakers, and the local board of Education are among Pasadena winners at the Buffalo Exposition.

Robert E. Edwards, son of Mrs. A. Stewart, has been promoted to the rank of sergeant in the Philippines.

Prof. A. E. Batchelder of the art department of Harvard visited Throop Institute yesterday.

W. W. Bisbee of Des Moines, Iowa, is the guest of W. B. Webster.

Charles Coleman has returned from Boston and the East.

Mr. Kramer of Los Angeles will form dancing classes at the Auditorium Tuesday, October 29. Announcements later.

Order that birthday cake at McCament's.

Heiser's candies are strictly pure.

Pictures framed at Wadsworth's.

Tires $2.50. Columbia Cyclery.

REDONDO.

GREAT DRAUGHT OF FISHES.

REDONDO, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Hans Carstensen, one of the local fishermen, laid his seine about 10 o'clock Wednesday afternoon and hauled in three tons of large-sized surf fish. This is a record-breaking haul.

The steamer Santa Rosa arrived here Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock from San Diego, and departed at 11 o'clock for the North with 4000 sacks of salt and fifteen passengers.

The steam schooner Coquille Rives reached this port Wednesday morning with a cargo of telegraph poles.

John W. Hanselman of Compton was at the beach Wednesday on business.

P. Bequette of Los Angeles was the guest of his sister, Mrs. J. J. Rennolds, on Wednesday.

Dr. O'Clary, a prominent physician of Ensenada, arrived here on the steamer Santa Rosa Wednesday morning and spent the day in Redondo visiting friends.

George Cates took a 'bus-load of people to Manhattan Beach on Tuesday and Wednesday.

C. A. Merrill and a party of eastern capitalists drove from Redondo to Manhattan Beach on Thursday.

George H. Peck of San Pedro was in Redondo Wednesday.

Mrs. J. R. Toberman and son of Los Angeles and Mrs. Minnus of Missouri were the guests of Mrs. L. J. Hannon on Wednesday. She entertained them at luncheon at the Adams Inn.

C. Bowen, who has been at the beach for two months, left for Pomona today.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Gibson of Redondo left this morning for Los Angeles to visit Mr. Gibson's parents.

A. Ross of Los Angeles was the guest of friends at the beach on Wednesday.

Mrs. J. Von Bonhurst of Los Angeles, accompanied by her grandchildren, spent today at the beach.

SANTA MONICA.

PYTHIAN KNIGHTS' DOINGS.

SANTA MONICA, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Correspondent.] A brilliant showing of the Uniform Rank of the Knights of Pythias was made here Wednesday evening. The occasion was the initiation of fifteen candidates into Santa Monica Company, No. 21, of that rank.

Col. J. G. Scarborough and regimental staff came from Los Angeles by special electric cars, accompanied by eighty-three Knights Loyal of Co.s Nos. 25 and 40 of Los Angeles and Co. No. 44 of Long Beach.

The visitors were received at Fourth street and Oregon avenue by Santa Monica Company No. 21, George E. Williams commanding. The Soldiers' Home Band assisted the local company in the reception. The local and visiting Knights marched through the principal streets and assembled in the hall at Third street and Utah avenue. After the conclusion of the initiatory work, which was conducted by Col. Scarborough, speeches were made by that officer, by Col. Adolph, Capt. Williams and Knight Loyal Riley.

Santa Monica Company, No. 21, expects to go to San Francisco to the grand encampment next August to compete for a prize at the drills.

SANTA MONICA BREVITIES.

Mrs. H. E. Carpenter of Los Angeles and Mrs. Whiteford of Tucson, Ariz., are staying at Hotel Holborow, Ocean Park.

A sea lion was seen sporting about in the surf only a hundred feet or so from shore off the Arcadia beach this morning.

C. Taylor of Los Angeles, engineer for the electric railway, has taken the Bowles cottage on Grand avenue, Ocean Park, for the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis LaGrange have taken the Benson cottage on Eighth street. Mr. LaGrange is a brother of Gov. La Grange of the Soldiers' Home.

J. C. Steele is attending the Masonic Grand Lodge in San Francisco.

Many good catches of pompano have been made from the Ocean Park wharf within the past two or three days. The best success in angling for that much-prized fish seems to be with gut leaders, No. 10 hooks and crawfish bait.

The steamer City of Para, after waiting several days at Port Los Angeles, took aboard an excursion of Porto Ricans Wednesday and sailed for the Hawaiian Islands. After the disembarkation of her passengers the steamer will proceed to San Francisco.

CLAREMONT.

TOWN AND COLLEGE NOTES.

CLAREMONT, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Work on the new business block will probably begin by November 1. Only a few shares remain unsold and these will undoubtedly be taken within a few days.

The Pomona College Choral Union has organized with a membership of sixty. Prof. Andruss, the new head of the music department, will be director. The officers are: Miss Wolcott, president; Miss Edith Humphries, vice-president; W. Dickson, secretary; Miss Elizabeth Campbell, treasurer.

Invitations are out for the senior reception to the freshman class on October 19 at the president's house.

The Corona football team will line up against the college eleven next Saturday on the college field. This will be Pomona's first game this season. San Bernardino's High School is scheduled to play here on October 19.

Claremont is assured of an exceptional course of entertainmnt this winter, a committee having been appointed to secure six events, for which season tickets will be issued at a very low price.

The Glee Club has had its trial for the admission of new members, although the personnel has not yet been determined. W. T. Reynolds has been elected business manager.

Edwin Squire has awarded the contract for a new residence west of the college buildings.

Dr. Wherry, a returned missionary from Peking, China, gave an interesting address before the Ladies' Union, on the "Native Christians of China."

The Cactus Club met Tuesday evening at Holmes Hall. Dr. Sumner spoke on the "Meaning of the Reformation," and Miss M. E. Allen on the "Early Litterary Representatives of the Reformation."

Mrs. Lois Cooper, who has been a guest at the home of C. C. Johnson for several months, left Wednesday for Omaha, whence she will go to her home at Waterloo, Iowa.

Rev. Henry Kingman, Dean Norton and Mrs. Norton are in San Diego as delegates to the meeting of the Congregational Association of Southern California.

Mrs. Clark of Claremont Inn has gone to San Diego on a short business trip.

DEL MONTE RESTAURANT on Third street serves the finest meals at moderate prices.

FRANK G. CARPENTER will tell the readers of The Times Magazine the coming Sunday all about the way the coffee industry is carried on in Java.

WHITTIER.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS COMING.

WHITTIER, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] At an adjourned meeting of the City Council last evening it was decided that the application of the Edison Electric Company for a permit to set poles and string wires in this city while the preliminary work of securing a franchise was being transacted, was not satisfactory. Judge M. T. Owens, counsel for the city, was instructed to draw up a notice of sale for a franchise and present the document for consideration at an adjourned meeting to be held next Tuesday.

Representatives of the company appeared before the Trustees Monday evening and made a proposition to light the city with a forty-light circuit at a rate of 75 cents per light per month. Application was made for a franchise and also for a permit to begin work while the franchise was being advertised for sale.

It is the intention of the company to bring in current for power and lighting purposes from the main line running from the San Gabriel Cañon to Santa Ana, and which crosses the county road in the La Habra Valley, about seven miles east of the city.

W. S. Wright and W. H. Workman, Jr., who appeared for the company before the City Council last Monday evening, made a proposition to pump the water from the city wells to the reservoir, but the expense of the change was considered too large to be undertaken at present.

WHITTIER BREVITIES.

Stephen Strong, the Horticultural Commissioner, who has until recently been stationed at Norwalk, has moved to this city and will assist the ranchers in this vicinity in their efforts to eradicate the purple scale from the citrus trees.

The funeral of Miss Adah Smith was held yesterday afternoon from the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Clark, with whom she had resided for seven years. Rev. Chester Dorland officiated and the interment was in the local cemetery. She was 36 years of age.

Through the efforts of Rev. Winfield Scott, who has been supplying the pulpit of the Baptist Church for the past month, a debt of $500 has been raised, with the exception of $66, which a special committee is endeavoring to secure.

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. W. Brown have returned from Santa Ana, where they passed the summer.

William Hodgins, who returned recently from Salem, Ind., has purchased the house and lot on Friends avenue owned by George Hunnicutt.

The Council has decided to make the rate for billiard halls $25 a month for each table; bowling alleys, $2.50 per month for each alley; shooting galleries, cane and knife racks, $5 a month; traveling fakers and entertainments, $10 a night.

POMONA.

PEACH CANNING FINISHED.

POMONA, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] The cannery has finished its season's run on peaches and now will continue to can tomatoes for several weeks, and many tons are being received daily. Thus far this season thirty-five cars of canned goods have been shipped East from the cannery. The patent tomato packer now being used has a capacity of 40,000 cans per day.

PASTOR INSTALLED.

Rev. C. D. Williamson was formally installed pastor of the local Presbyterian Church last evening. The church was crowded, and the exercises were interesting. Rev. J. N. Boyd of the Boyle Heights Church, Los Angeles, delivered the charge to the pastor, and Rev. H. B. Gage of Long Beach, the charge to the people. An excellent installation sermon was preached by Rev. Hugh K. Walker, D.D., pastor of Immanuel Presbyterian Church, Los Angeles.

POMONA BREVITIES.

Drs. H. M. Jones and J. E. McGowan are back from Los Angeles, where they have been attending the sessions of the Southern California Dental Association.

Kirby & Bowen, the undertakers, have dissolved partnership. The firm is now Charles H. Bowen & Co., Mr. Bowen's father, John F. Bowen, having taken an interest in the business.

Mrs. R. Bolinger, recently of Riverside, has moved here and rented the Fifth-avenue hotel property and will conduct a hosteiry there.

A test was made of the new Hubbell sub-soiler on D. R. Kelsey's ranch on White avenue this forenoon. The implement appears to do satisfactory work.

The current events class, so successfully conducted here last winter by Mrs. Lou V. Chapin of Los Angeles, will be resumed in the Unitarian Church on Saturday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The course will consist of sixteen lectures.

CHATSWORTH PARK.

NEIGHBORHOOD HAPPENINGS.

CHATSWORTH, Oct. 10.—[From The Times' Resident Correspondent.] Charles W. Likens, the tunnel inspector, had his skull fractured last week by an ax falling off a scaffold and striking him. He is getting along well.

W. J. Cullen, who had been ranching at Chatsworth for a number of years, left the State recently with another man's name, but his own wife. He neglected to bid his friends goodby, but he left as tokens of his friendship debts amounting to probably a thousand dollars.

Mrs. N. A. Gray has received the sad news of the unexpected death of her sister, Mrs. Bessie Collins Thompson, formerly of North Pasadena, where she was married to Theodore Thompson of Rantoul, Ill., September 5, 1895.

Mrs. Barngrover, mother of J. O. Barngrover, died at the home of her son last Thursday.

A NOTED South American diplomat will tell the readers of The Times Magazine the coming Sunday how South American countries manage anarchists.

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5. Saving of time,—precious, don't waste it.
6. Absolute safety,—be sure you're right, then go ahead. 631

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HOMEOPATHS CLOSE THEIR DISCUSSIONS.

ANACARDIUM AS A PROMOTER OF MARRIAGE.

Pathos of a "Successful" Operation—President Boynton Makes the Announcements and the Convention Adjourns Until Next Year—Technical but Interesting.

The Southern California Homeopathic Medical Society closed its eleventh annual meeting at the Westminster Hotel yesterday, after having been in session two days.

The technical discussions at these meetings, often upon very delicate subjects, are necessarily not prolific in newspaper material, but they are of burning interest to the assembled medicos. And it is no trifling matter for a physician to stand before a number of his colleagues and give minute details of the treatment of a case, at the risk of being "torn up" by the "wiseacres."

At the meetings yesterday there were fifteen lady physicians in attendance, fully one-third of the whole, and they took an active part in the discussions.

The morning session opened with a paper by Dr. W. J. Hawkes, upon "Meddlesome Midwifery." He deprecated the tendency of the profession to interfere with nature's processes at the beginning of life.

Dr. A. Stanley Dolan, assistant at the Patton Hospital for the Insane, took charge of the bureau of mental and nervous diseases. Dr. Charles S. Ort, of the same institution, and Dr. E. H. Russell, also took part in the discussion. The subject was "Sleep, Normal and Abnormal."

Under the bureau of eye, ear, nose and throat, Dr. A. J. Forget discoursed upon the intimate relation existing between the tissues of the nose and other distant structures of the body.

Dr. W. E. Waddell detailed an operation by which a tumor, as large as a hen's egg, was removed from the larynx by an incision from the outside.

Dr. Francis B. Kellogg told of the removal of a large and dangerous fibroma tumor from the naso-pharnyx. The tumor was shown, and the instrument with which it was removed.

ANACARDIUM IS TRUMP.

An interesting paper was that of Dr. F. F. Laird, which was read by the secretary, in the absence of its author. The subject was "Anacardium in the Gastric Neuroses." There were gleams of humor in the paper. Among other instances of the efficacy of the drug in gastric derangements, he cited the case of a woman whose condition, he said, was in some measure due to an unfortunate marriage, but from which she had escaped. She was very frail, and he tried anacardium on her.

"She came in one day, after an absence," he says, "with her weight increased to 155 pounds, and her errand was to tell me that she had gone into another matrimonial venture."

Dr. R. A. Campbell, under the department of surgery, read a paper on the treatment of injuries to the elbow.

Among those to commend the paper was Dr. E. C. Buell, who also stated that in case of deformity from injury to the elbow, it was almost invariably due to the incomplete reduction of the fracture by the attending physician.

Dr. F. S. Barnard told of the case of a boy who had fallen from a tree, turning his arm back in a peculiar way at the elbow. When the doctor arrived on the scene the arm was straight, and he asked the mother how she got it so.

"Oh, I gave it a yank, and it snapped back."

Under the head of gynecology, Dr. F. S. Barnard read a paper on "Dysmenorrhoea," which provoked wide discussion. Drs. Buell, R. B. Johnson and Northup; and the following lady doctors: Howe, Miller, Averill, Pense.

KNIFE OR NO KNIFE.

Miss Willella Howe, under the same head, introduced the subject of "Thyroid Extract in Uterine Fibroids." She took the side of palliative treatment of such tumors as against the knife.

Miss Howe referred to a case which attracted attention in this city a few weeks since. It was that of the lady who came here from Santa Ana, and went to a hospital without giving her name, and had the operation performed.

"She was dead the next day, but the operation was announced as very successful," said Miss Howe, pathetically, as a tear rolled down her cheek. The lady had been one of her patients, but had decided for herself that an operation was best, and came here without her knowledge.

Dr. R. A. Campbell presented a paper on the "Operative Treatment of Uterine Tumors." He thought "palliative treatment in the early stages, with the result of serious complications, is more to be condemned than the more radical operation."

PRESIDENT'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

Dr. S. N. Boynton, the new president, was introduced, and, after a few remarks, announced his appointments for next year:

Committee of Arrangement—Dr. F. B. Kellogg, Dr. J. H. Kirkpatrick, E. C. Manning.

Bureau chairmen—Materia Medica, E. H. Russell; Obstetrics, Mrs. M. B. Averill; Climatology, H. G. Bayliss; Clinical Medicine, T. C. Low; Mental and Nervous Diseases, E. N. Cheney; Ophthalmology, A. J. Forget; Surgery, E. V. Van Normen; Gynecology, R. A. Campbell.

Delegates to State Society—Dr. H. M. Bishop, Dr. E. C. Buell, Dr. F. B. Kellogg, Dr. F. S. Barnard.

Committee on Legislation—Dr. E. B. Dickson, Dr. M. H. Chamberlain, Dr. S. M. Spalding.

With a few words, addressed by President Boynton, to his "brothers and sisters," the convention adjourned to meet in this city one year hence.

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Overland Express.—Leave 1:35 p.m. daily. Arrive 1:30 a.m. daily.

Eastern Express—Leave 7:00 a.m. daily. Arrive 1:30 a.m. daily.

San Bernardino, via Pasadena.—Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

San Bernardino, via Orange.—Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

Redlands, via Pasadena.—Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

Redlands, via Orange.—Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

Riverside, via Pasadena.—Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

Riverside, via Orange.—Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

Pasadena, Monrovia and Azusa.—Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

Pullerton, Los Nietos, Whittier and Intermediate.—Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

Ocean Park, Santa Monica and Intermediate.—Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

Pullerton.—Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

San Diego and Coronado Beach.—Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

Redondo Beach.—Leave Los Angeles, First street, [illegible] Arrive Los Angeles, First street, [illegible]

Kite-shaped Track.—Leave [illegible] Arrive [illegible]

Daily except Sunday; a, Sunday only; p, Pasadena only; o, Orange only; * Monday and Thursday; ‡, Tuesday and Friday. All other trains daily.

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[THE PEOPLE'S COLLEGE.]

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PRESENT OPPORTUNITIES FOR YOUNG MEN.

XVI—NEW OPENINGS FOR EMPLOYMENT IN FOREIGN TRADE.

[By Frederic Emory, Chief of the Bureau of Foreign Commerce, Department of State.]

FOREIGN observers of the wonderful industrial progress of the United States during the past few years, especially in its unexpected invasion of Europe with manufactured products, are particularly impressed with the prominence of young men in our business life. The London Times, commenting some eight months ago upon the greater enterprise, the readier facilitative of our manufacturers compared with the slower, more cautious, methods of their British rivals, ascribed them largely to the consideration shown young men by employers in this country and the general perception of the value of their fresh enthusiasm and ambition. "It is customary for American fathers," says the writer in the Times, "to discuss their business affairs with their sons in a way that is quite surprising to an Englishman," and he adds: "To me it appears one of the most disquieting factors in the problem before us (industrial competition) that the United States has trained a body of young men who are determined to make their country great, and who have been educated to a living, practical interest in the things needful to that end." Editorially the Times remarks that Americans enter business "with a stock of knowledge of which the young Englishman, fresh from the university or the public school, has not an inkling."

INCREASING VALUE OF EDUCATION.

Many of our great "captains of industry," our bankers, our merchants, our notable journalists, our political leaders, are men who attained to prominence while very young, and not a few of them are still mere boys compared with the veterans who hold the reins of power in similar walks of life abroad. Judgment ripens quickly from practical experience in this country, and men are not distrusted merely because of their youth. Upon the other hand, it may be doubted whether it is best for the individual himself that he should go into business, as so many do, before he has acquired the benefits of a solid education. The requirements of almost every calling are constantly becoming more and more exacting, and general intelligence, as well as technical proficiency, commands a steadily rising premium.

A CHANGE IN BUSINESS CONDITIONS.

With the rapid enlargement of our foreign trade the conditions of business success are materially changing. So long as we restricted ourselves mainly to the home market and its familiar usages the native shrewdness and adaptability of the average young American made up for his ignorance outside the limits of his special occupation. In his daily business life he could easily "pick up" sufficient knowledge to hold his own with competitors whose education was but little, if any, broader. It was of no particular value to him to know what was happening in foreign countries, or even to inform himself as to their geographical location, unless he happened to be in the importing and exporting business. Even then he had only to equip himself with a few simple and easily acquired facts as to particular markets and long-established lines of trade. The export of breadstuffs, meats and cotton; the import of sugar, coffee and manufactured goods—these were old, well-defined branches of commerce which had their accumulated fund of knowledge, their well-worn traditions and methods, which he had only to follow under the guidance of his experienced associates. It was an easy jog-trot along beaten paths.

INVASION OF THE WORLD'S MARKETS.

Things are very different now. Invention, so prolific of industrial changes in this country, has found a constantly widening field for its product in foreign trade. Nothing is more surprising in the recent commercial development of the United States than the readiness which the slow-moving, conservative people of Europe have shown to take our improved machinery, our labor-saving tools and appliances, our manufactures of almost every kind. The economies in time and labor wrought by our simplest implements are a revelation to them, and we have also made a great impression upon them by the greater durability and superiority of finish of many of our goods. If we consider that besides their inborn conservatism, they are naturally loath to substitute the foreign-made article for one of their own manufacture, our success is seen to be the more conclusive. There is no longer any question as to the solid and steady advance of our manufactures in precisely those countries which might have been expected not merely to monopolize their home markets to the exclusion of our products, but to compete with us most vigorously in the non-manufacturing countries. It would seem to follow as a foregone conclusion that if we can supplant European manufacturers at the very seats of production, as we are undoubtedly doing, we shall have but little difficulty in ousting them in the neutral markets of Latin America, Asia and Africa, when once we have seriously addressed ourselves to the task. It may be said, therefore, that no limit can be set to our commercial expansion. Our manufacturers seem destined to sweep over the entire world. It is but a question of organized effort on the part of our exporters, aided by adequate transportation facilities, and the conclusion of more liberal tariff arrangements.

TRAINING FOR FOREIGN TRADE.

In the vast development of our foreign trade which is thus foreshadowed it may easily be seen that the young man embarking upon a career is offered opportunities infinitely richer in possibilities than those of but a few years ago. At the same time the qualifications exacted of him are much more severe. It is true that American goods to a considerable extent sell themselves. The label "Made in the United States" is now accepted all over Europe as a certificate of superiority. But the greatest measure of success is achieved by those exporters who have capable agents to explain the merits of a particular brand of goods or the effective working of an implement or a machine. Some of our manufacturers have been quick to learn this fact. "There are now in England," says the writer in the London Times previously quoted, "several commercial representatives of American firms who are high-class mechanical engineers; men who are acquainted with every detail of the machines they sell, who can take their place at a machine tool and put it through all its operations; who can give a reason for break-down or failure and can point out the remedy. . . . One can easily understand that 'commercial travelers' of this class get orders and make large incomes."

THINGS A GLOBE-TROTTER MUST KNOW.

But even technical proficiency is not enough for the man who wishes to push the sale of American goods in a foreign country. He must have accurate knowledge of the country itself—the relative importance of its trade centers, the character of the local competition he may have to encounter, the special tastes and habits of the people, the nature of their occupations, the conditions of transportation—whether by railroad, river navigation, wagon carriage or mule back; the proper methods of packing; the patterns, sizes, lengths and qualities of goods most suitable for the market; the intricacies of the customs tariff, the values of currency, the details of banking and credit. Above all, he should be able to speak the language. In some countries it is most important to be posted as to political conditions and the laws relating to foreigners, and social tact and a good personal address are often the determining factors of success. A man who would be a most efficient drummer in the United States might prove an utter failure—a forlorn castaway—in Mexico or in any other of the Latin-American republics, because of his ignorance of the tastes and prejudices of the people or the ordinary etiquette of daily life.

COMMERCIAL COURSES IN OUR COLLEGES.

Thus, with golden opportunities awaiting him in foreign trade, the young American must realize, first of all, that, while native wit and shrewdness and his inborn capacity to "hustle" are his most valuable assets, they are not so potent, so all-sufficing as he is accustomed to find them at home. In fact, if they are not informed and guided by a careful course of preparation they may prove to be of positive disadvantage, for in the great majority of countries, especially in those of Latin America and Asia, it is easy to offend by excess of activity and bustling zeal. One's energy is far more profitably expended in a reticent finesse and patient bargaining. The conditions of success in a particular country may, of course, be learned by experience, but this takes time and many hard knocks which might have been avoided by a preliminary course of study.

CONCENTRATION OF EFFORT NECESSARY.

It seems to me that the more closely specialized such a course the better the equipment of the individual. That is to say, it should be elective, with a range of carefully planned studies which would enable a young man to prepare himself for a particular line of work. It is to be expected that, as in all of our industries, so in foreign trade, there will be an infinitude of special employments. Moreover, foreign trade will divide on geographical lines. In other words, as our manufactures spread over the world, the "globe-trotter" will narrow his sphere of action to a single region. The more thoroughly he knows that region—just as one of our domestic drummers knows his special "beat"—the better his chances of rich returns. A young man, then, beginning a commercial course at college, should first, if possible, determine the precise direction his energies will take and choose his studies accordingly. He cannot expect to master trade conditions throughout the world; he will be fortunate if he learns enough to strike out boldly in any one country.

LANGUAGE AN IMPORTANT FACTOR.

The ability to speak and write the language of the country is the first essential. Our consular officers frequently record the disappointments which befall the commercial traveler who speaks only English among people to whom English is unknown. Circulars, catalogues, etc., in English, with United States terms of money and of weights and measures, are usually so much waste paper. If the young man expects to operate in Latin America he must know Spanish, and even in Brazil, where Portuguese is spoken, he can get along with Spanish. In the greater part of Europe, including Russia, the Balkan states and Turkey, French is the language most generally used besides the native tongue. In the German states, of course, he must speak German. In nearly all the British dominions and colonies English will suffice. At the present stage of development of our export trade the largest profits are reaped in Europe, Australia, Canada and Mexico, for it is in these quarters that we find the greatest consumption of our goods. The West Indies are becoming a more and more profitable field; so is Japan, and China is likely to be a great market in the near future for our cotton goods, which have made rapid headway there in recent years. We are also making progress in Central America, but the South American countries show but little response to our efforts to win their trade—probably because those efforts are still but feeble and sporadic. Wherever American goods have been properly introduced they have been well received, and it is probably but a question of time when we shall obtain our full share—perhaps the bulk—of South American trade.

WHY YOUNG MEN SHOULD LOOK ABROAD.

The growth of capitalistic combination in the United States means, of course, economy in labor not only in production, but in the distribution of product, and, therefore, a probable diminution in the chances of employment for the individual here at home. There are tempting prizes for young men in all the great corporations, but the number of those who can hope to rise above the general level of low-salaried employés must inevitably grow smaller and smaller with the absorption of each independent enterprise into a trust. The remedy for this, it seems to me, lies in foreign trade. Even if a young man is sent abroad as the representative of a trust, he will probably find himself less circumscribed than he would be at home. It would be possible for him—especially in an undeveloped country—to find opportunities for independent ventures, and, perhaps, establish himself in business free of corporate control. Trade with many countries—such as those of South America, South Africa, Asia—is still in its infancy, and in the development which is sure to come, there ought to be many chances for a bright American who keeps his eyes open. Moreover, these countries are but at the threshold of their industrial development. They need railroads, steamboats, banks. They have natural riches which the people themselves are incapable of utilizing. Some of their products could be taken much more largely by us in exchange. Conditions, such as these, invite the enterprise of Americans, and it might often happen that a man going abroad as the representative of a business firm would, sooner or later, discover sources of wealth and influence which might have escaped him, had he settled in the country without the advantages of the experience and the opportunity for careful observation which his business occupation secures to him.

THE RISK OF HAPHAZARD VENTURES.

Almost every day we hear of Americans emigrating to Mexico or to Central America with the idea of obtaining employment or taking up lands. Some of these settlers prosper and grow rich; it is to be feared that many are the victims of unscrupulous promoters or fail, through their ignorance of local conditions. For the young man still in the formative period and capable of learning a particular occupation or line of business, it would be much the safer plan to associate himself with an exporting house or with some investment company operating in the country in which he wishes to settle, even in a very minor capacity, at meager pay. While rendering service to his employers, he would be acquiring accurate knowledge of the country and could gauge the actual value of the lands, of certain kinds of crops, of mines, of forests or of different forms of business enterprise. At the proper time he could strike out for himself with a reasonable chance of success. If, on the contrary, he engages in some enticing enterprise on the representation of others and without accurate knowledge of his own, the chances are all against him, and it is more than probable his dreams of fortune will vanish quickly into thin air.

TEMPTATIONS TO BE OVERCOME.

Another important fact must not be overlooked. If rich prizes await the capable in foreign countries from their infusion of our characteristic energy and dash into the local inertia, it is obvious, on the other hand, that peculiar temptations and dangers are likely to assail them in a strange land, amid novel surroundings, far removed from the accustomed restraints of their home environment. The laxity which prevails in many of the countries that offer the most inviting field for enterprise is the insidious foe of success. If yielded to, it will sap the energy and ambition of the sturdiest nature. The young man who means to succeed must, therefore, be prepared to guard himself strictly, to preserve as rigorously as he can the standard of conduct which he knows would alone insure respectability and confidence at home. To many it will doubtless seem a lonesome and barren ordeal, but in its ultimate results it will bring a rich reward, and if a man be true metal, it will infallibly temper him into something fine and strong.

USEFUL AT HOME AS WELL AS ABROAD.

Should all these conditions be fulfilled, should our young men, generally, go forth equipped with adequate preparatory training and take the time to familiarize themselves with actual conditions on the spot in some occupation in which they are not thrown wholly upon their own resources, they would be practically sure, with ordinary business instinct and self-restraint, to carve out profitable careers for themselves. Such a body of young men would be of the highest value to our trade and industry in spreading most effectively the sale of American goods, and they would render a most important service to their country in extending American influence to the farthest corners of the globe. From such a corps the country might recruit not only able business men for the growing needs of foreign trade—men who would be able in our great export centers to intelligently direct large operations in the fields they have studied—but competent administrators of diplomatic, consular and other government functions, thoroughly familiar with the prejudices, the susceptibilities, the interests of foreign peoples with whom we shall inevitably be brought into more and more intimate contact as time goes on.

FREDERIC EMORY.

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GOLD MEDAL BUFFALO 1901

1901 PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION

PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION 1901

Gold Medal

AND DIPLOMA AWARDED TO

Mellin's Food

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Tomorrow (Saturday, Oct. 12,) we place on sale 200 dozen neckties, all regular 75c and 50c values, for ..... 25c each

Regular $2.50 value in hats for $1.50

The above drives are the results of our Eastern purchase trip. See our fifteen show windows, at

DESMOND'S

Cor. Third and Spring Sts.

PERSONAL.

H. C. Warren of Virginia is a sightseer at the Hollenbeck.

A. W. Jenkins, a mining man of Manvel, is at the Hollenbeck.

Thomas E. C. Johnson is a Boston tourist at the Hollenbeck.

Rev. James P. Fancon of Hartford, Ct., is at the Westminster.

Alfred H. Kraft of Chihuahua, Mex., is a visitor at the Hollenbeck.

John A. Gibson, a well-known stock raiser of Simi, is a Nadeau guest.

W. H. Pettit, a Redlands fruit grower, is staying at the Ramona.

A. L. Lipman, a merchant of Oxnard, is registered at the Nadeau.

Frank I. Moore, a Long Beach hotel man, is registered at the Ramona.

J. D. Whelpley, a Washington (D. C.) citizen, is staying at the Van Nuys.

J. S. Clark, in the real estate business at San Diego, is at the Nadeau.

H. Eichwald, a cigar manufacturer of El Paso, is sojourning at the Nadeau.

E. P. Breece and wife are tourists from Philadelphia staying at the Nadeau.

James P. McCarthy and wife of San Francisco are visitors at the Van Nuys.

Rev. Harry St. C. Hathaway of Cleveland, O., is among the Van Nuys arrivals.

J. R. Halsey, owner of a smelter at Kingman, Ariz., is at the Ramona with his wife.

W. H. Howe of Nashville, Tenn., has come to the Van Nuys Broadway for the winter.

E. H. Winder and B. H. Winder, tourists from London, Eng., are at the Van Nuys Broadway.

Rev. Dr. J. N. McLean, a Methodist clergyman of Oakland, is at the Van Nuys Broadway.

A. S. Holt and E. M. Pomeroy, San Francisco business men, are registered at the Westminster.

Mrs. L. J. Jaeger, wife of the proprietor of the hotel at Nogales, Ariz., is at the Hollenbeck.

D. H. Hart, one of the proprietors of the Natick House, will leave today for Mexico on oil business.

John E. Boales, manager of the San Diego Land and Town Company, is at the Van Nuys Broadway.

Francisco and Wilhelm Boker, hardware merchants of the City of Mexico, are guests at the Van Nuys.

R. C. Allen, owner of a 250-acre lemon grove in Clearwater Valley, San Diego county, is at the Van Nuys Broadway.

W. C. Johnson of Johnson Bros., shoe manufacturers of Hallowell, Me., is registered at the Van Nuys Broadway.

Mrs. Charles Redneil of Columbus, O., and Mrs. Quinton Kelly of Ashland, Ky., tourists, are guests at the Broadway.

Postoffice Inspector H. B. Hall left for San Francisco last night on official business. He will be gone a few days.

J. Newbower of the firm of Newbower & Co., dry-goods merchants of San Francisco, is registered at the Nadeau.

Mrs. Lucy D. Thornton, Mrs. Josie Ball Harris, Miss J. Sceance and Miss A. Sceance are at the Westminster from Versailles, Ky.

Grand avenue, from the effects of poison oak. Mr. Chase has twice nearly lost his life from the same cause. He is reported out of danger now.

H. W. Chase of the Hotel Nadeau, who has just returned from Randsburg and the Panamint mining district, is seriously ill at his residence on South

N. B. Trulock and wife, Mrs. W. N. Trulock, and Mrs. W. D. Buckner are a party of tourists from Pine Bluffs, Ark., who are staying at the Van Nuys Broadway.

Dr. M. R. French of Chicago and Dr. Herbert M. Nash of Norfolk, Va., are at the Westminster, where they attended the meetings of the Homeopathic Association.

Maj. William Nelson, U.S.A., is in Los Angeles the guest of his sister, Mrs. John Beckwith. Maj. Nelson has just come from Nome and is en route to his home, Charlottsville, Va.

C. Clifford, general agent of the Union Pacific Railroad at San Francisco, is here on a visit. Mr. Clifford is the successor of T. M. Schumacher, recently promoted to a very responsible position on the Oregon Short Line.

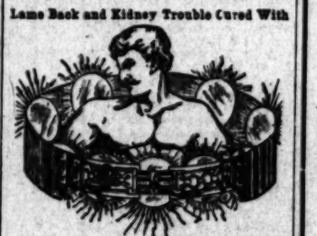
O. P. Posey left yesterday for Salt Lake, after a month's visit with his family, No. 8 Chester Place. Mrs. Posey and her mother accompany him as far as San Francisco, and will spend a week there and at Berkeley.

THE best 25c lunch served at the Del Monte Restaurant, Third street bet. Spring and B'dway.

A CURIOUS study of the operations of the intellect of animals as well as that of man is being carried on at Harvard University. This study is the subject of an interesting article which will appear in The Times Magazine the coming Sunday.

RHEUMATISM

Lame Back and Kidney Trouble Cured With



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How the Dutch produce the material for a favorite American beverage. By Frank G. Carpenter.

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Strange formation of rocks found in Santa Barbara county. By M. C. Frederick.

EXPANSION IN ALASKA.
The story of the growth of Skagway. By Frederic Haskin.

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How human life is sacrificed among fishermen of New England. By a Special Contributor.

THE LAND OF OPHIR.
Dr. Karl Peters's wonderful discoveries in Africa. By a Special Contributor.

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Interesting and informing facts about bears as seen in a great "Zoo." By C. J. Cornish, F. Z. S.

DEATH'S GRIM SEQUEL.
How Uncle Sam disposes of the bodies of assassins. By John Kilreth Watkins, Jr.

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An account of the wonderful investigations in progress at Harvard University. By a Special Contributor.

WOMEN ANARCHISTS.
Many of them born and bred in America. By a Special Contributor.

TWO NEWS ITEMS.
A story that will interest others as well as newspaper people. By a Special Contributor.

PEACEFUL REVOLUTION.
Changes from old to new that are being made in Mexico City. By F. F. Thompson.

THE ART OF FENCING.
Something about a branch of athletics that is becoming popular. By Ethel A. Chapin.

MILLIONAIRE TRAMP.
The story of his life as related by his widow. By a Special Contributor.

POEMS OF DESPAIR.
A curious study of the mind in pessimistic mood. By Arthur J. Burdick.

THE ANARCHIST.
How he is kept in subjection in South America. By Col. J. I. Diaz Barcenas.

LAST OF THE CAPE RULERS.
Two of the descendents of King Philip still living in Massachusetts. From the Boston Globe.

WOMAN AND HOME.
Fashion's Fads and Fancies—The Perfect Kitchen—Slaves of Fashion—Some Uses of Manzanita—Neighborhood Nursery, etc.

OUR BOYS AND GIRLS.
Swimmers of Our Coast—Manufacturing Real Jewels—Origin of Well-Known Phrases—Game of Commercial Traveler—The Boy from Mars, etc.

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